
Subject: Re: Trouble with MPFITFUN

Posted by [Helder Marchetto](#) on Wed, 11 Apr 2012 19:51:36 GMT

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On Wednesday, April 11, 2012 8:08:31 PM UTC+2, Helder wrote:

> On Wednesday, April 11, 2012 6:34:23 PM UTC+2, Helder wrote:

>> Hi,

>> I've been spending a bit too much time on this and I am wondering what is going wrong here.

>> I'm trying to fit using a step function broadened by a Gaussian.

>> The fitting function is:

>>

>> FUNCTION GaussStep, X, P

>> ;Calculate the broadening of a step function with:

>> ;P[0] = step position

>> ;P[1] = left value

>> ;P[2] = right value

>> ;P[3] = step width

>> PRINT, P

>> P[0] = (P[0] > MIN(X)) < MAX(X)

>> Y = DBLARR(N_ELEMENTS(X))

>> LowIndeces = WHERE(X LT P[0], CountLow, COMPLEMENT = HighIndeces,
NCOMPLEMENT=CountHigh)

>> IF CountLow GT 0 THEN Y[LowIndeces] = P[1]

>> IF CountHigh GT 0 THEN Y[HighIndeces] = P[2]

>> Sigma=P[3]

>> nPts=10*Sigma+1.0

>> kernel=DINDGEN(nPts)-(nPts-1)/2.0

>> kernel=EXP(-kernel^2/(2.*sigma^2))

>> kernel/=TOTAL(kernel,/DOUBLE)

>> yconvol = CONVOL(Y,kernel,/EDGE_TRUNCATE)

>> RETURN, yconvol

>> END

>>

>> To test MPFITFUN I use the following code:

>> PRO TestFit

>> xData = DINDGEN(201)

>> yData = DBLARR(201)+RANDOMU(SEED,201,/DOUBLE)*0.2-0.1

>> yData[150:200] += 1.0D

>> StParam = [148D,MIN(yData),MAX(yData),3D]

>> DataErr = DBLARR(N_ELEMENTS(xData))+0.2D

>> Results = MPFITFUN('GaussStep', xData,yData, DataErr, StParam, STATUS=status, /quiet)

>> PLOT, xData, yData

>> OPLOT, xData, GaussStep(xData,Results), COLOR = 255L

>> PRINT, 'Final Parameters = ', Results

>> PRINT, 'Start Parameters = ', StParam

>> END

>>

>> The output shows all the calls of the fitting function. And I find that at the end there is always

NO change in the first parameter. Here is an example of the output:

```
>>
>> 148.00000 -0.099990073 1.0994661 3.0000000
>> 148.00000 -0.099990073 1.0994661 3.0000000
>> 148.00000 -0.099990071 1.0994661 3.0000000
>> 148.00000 -0.099990073 1.0994661 3.0000000
>> 148.00000 -0.099990073 1.0994661 3.0000000
>> 148.00000 0.0073445709 1.0082363 2.3488363
>> 148.00000 0.0073445709 1.0082363 2.3488363
>> 148.00000 0.0073445710 1.0082363 2.3488363
>> ...
>> 148.00000 -0.0039705287 0.99188729 2.0999998
>> 148.00000 -0.0039705257 0.99188729 2.1000000
>> 148.00000 -0.0039705254 0.99188729 2.1000000
>> 148.00000 -0.0039705254 0.99188729 2.1000000
>> Final Parameters = 148.00000 -0.0039705254 0.99188729 2.1000000
>> Start Parameters = 148.00000 -0.095071379 1.0978406 3.0000000
>>
>> Throughout all the fitting procedure the first parameter has never been changed.
>>
>> Am I doing something terribly wrong? I generally have no estimates for the errors in the data,
therefore I used 0.1. In the example data this is easy to calculate, but the fitting has to be applied
to the most different data sets.
>>
>> I also tried playing with the XTOL parameter without any success.
>>
>> Any tips are appreciated.
>>
>> Many thanks,
>> Helder
>>
>> PS: I tried lots of different initial conditions, I tried using "parinfo.fixed" to block the other
parameters, ... but at the end I never get any change in P[0]... sigh..
>>
>> PSS: The function GaussStep is working fine... I can replot the data in the correct way by
moving the parameters by hand.
>
> Ok, just had some dinner and the head is a bit clearer now. I think everything is working fine.
The only problem is that the square residuals don't change a lot when changing the position of the
step. It's like finding the minimum on a flat 100 square meter surface with a little 1 square cm hole
hidden somewhere...
>
> I think this is it, if anybody has a suggestion on how to better estimate the step, that would be
appreciated... I'll go for dessert and maybe get a good idea on how to do that.
>
> Cheers,
> Helder
```

Ok, even dessert helped. By doing a smooth+deriv operations and then fitting the peak, I can get quite reliably a peak.

I think I'll try to delete this post tomorrow and insert it in the hall of shame...

Cheers, h
