Subject: Re: strange behaviour of bytscl by large arrays Posted by Kenneth P. Bowman on Wed, 25 Apr 2012 21:11:43 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

In article < 29512254.739.1335282014771.JavaMail.geo-discussion-forums@yn y11 >, Chris Torrence <gorthmog@gmail.com> wrote:

```
> Okay, alx has convinced me to not change anything. Try the following:
```

```
>
 IDL> print, 16777216 + findgen(10), format='(f25.0)'
>
            16777216.
>
            16777216.
>
            16777218.
>
            16777220.
>
            16777220.
>
>
            16777220.
            16777222.
>
            16777224.
>
            16777224.
>
            16777224.
>
```

So even if you did the computation using long64's, as soon as you convert

- > them back to floats, you are going to get "jumps" in the findgen because of
- > the loss of precision. I suppose you could argue that this might be better
- > than having the findgen get "stuck" on the number 16777216, but I think the
- > speed of findgen is more important.

> > Thanks.

>

- > -Chris
- > Exelis VIS

Since this turns out to be a floating-point precision issue, does DINDGEN use a long64 counter?

And more importantly, could this possibly be documented in the manuals for the sake of future generations?

I know it is not the IDL way to document implementation details, but sometimes they are important when trying to understand how things work or why they don't.

Ken Bowman