Subject: Re: Very tricky NetCDF "bug" Posted by chris_torrence@NOSPAM on Sat, 15 Dec 2012 05:22:48 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

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On Friday, December 14, 2012 11:08:53 AM UTC-7, Fab wrote:
> Hi IDLers,
>
>
  I've lost (again) a bunch of hours and also got older faster than usual
>
>
  because of exeptionally high stress level this week.
>
>
>
  In our group, we are handling/creating a lot of large NCDF files. A lot.
>
  Of very large files. The NetCDF4 format was a very welcome improvement
  thanks to the compression options and the possibility to create large
 files (> 2Gb).
>
>
>
  However, after I made some apparently harmless changes to some routines,
>
  our post-processing tool just made IDL VERY slow. So slow, that you
>
  could think it froze (even if the process still used 100% processor). It
>
  took me days to find out where the error was, and I suspected IDL much
>
  later than other factors (broken hard drive, failure in the network,
>
  corrupt files...).
>
>
>
  Anyway. To make things short, the problem is coming from the "STRIDE"
>
  keyword, which is said to be set by default to "[1,1,...]" etc. My NCDF
>
>
  object, for some reason, changed lately with STRIDE set to "[1,1,...]"
> by default, too (so kind of replacing the IDL default). And this was the
  reason of non-failing but extremely slow NCDF VARGET calls...
```

```
>
>
  The programm below shows what I mean. (be carefull, it creates a test.nc
  file of about ~ 600 Mb in your working directory).
>
>
  Three interesting things are shown:
  - NETCDF4 is about twice faster then NETCDF3 to read a variable (which
 is good)
>
 - NETCDF3 is about 20% slower when you set STRIDE to its default value
  by yourself instead of letting IDL do it alone
  - NETCDF4 is about 9 times slower with the same test!
>
  I spare you the results with much larger AND compressed files.
>
  I one of you could be so nice and reproduce my results? If you see the
  same I'll make a bug report...
>
  Thanks!
> Fab
  pro test_ncdf_strides, NETCDF4_FORMAT=netcdf4_format
>
>
     ; This creates a ~ 600 MB NCDF file
```

```
>
    fid = NCDF_CREATE('test.nc', /CLOBBER, NETCDF4_FORMAT=netcdf4_format)
>
    dim1_id = NCDF_DIMDEF(fid, 'dim1', 200)
>
>
    dim2_id = NCDF_DIMDEF(fid, 'dim2', 200)
>
>
    dim3_id = NCDF_DIMDEF(fid, 'dim3', 27)
>
    dim4_id = NCDF_DIMDEF(fid, 'dim4', 24*3)
>
>
    v1 id = NCDF VARDEF(fid, 'var1', [dim1 id, dim2 id, dim3 id,
>
>
> dim4_id], /FLOAT)
>
    v2_id = NCDF_VARDEF(fid, 'var2', [dim1_id, dim2_id, dim3_id,
  dim4_id], /FLOAT)
    dummy = FLTARR(200, 200, 27, 24*3)
>
>
    NCDF_VARPUT, fid, v1_id, dummy
>
    NCDF_VARPUT, fid, v2_id, dummy
>
>
    NCDF_CLOSE, fid
>
>
>
>
    ; open and read
    fid = NCDF_OPEN('test.nc', /NOWRITE)
>
>
>
    ; Read
>
    logt0 = SYSTIME(/SECONDS)
>
>
>
    NCDF_VARGET, fid, 'var1', var
>
    print, 'Get var1 :' + STRING(SYSTIME(/SECONDS)-logt0)
>
    var = 0.; free memory
>
>
>
    logt0 = SYSTIME(/SECONDS)
    NCDF_VARGET, fid, 'var2', var, STRIDE=[1,1,1,1]
>
    print, 'Get var2 (STRIDE):' + STRING(SYSTIME(/SECONDS)-logt0)
```

```
>
    var = 0.; free memory
>
>
>
>
    ; Just to be sure it's not some kind of IDL cache stuff
>
>
    logt0 = SYSTIME(/SECONDS)
>
    NCDF_VARGET, fid, 'var1', var, STRIDE=[1,1,1,1]
>
>
    print, 'Get var1 (STRIDE):' + STRING(SYSTIME(/SECONDS)-logt0)
>
>
    var = 0.; free memory
>
>
    logt0 = SYSTIME(/SECONDS)
>
>
    NCDF_VARGET, fid, 'var2', var
>
>
    print, 'Get var2 :' + STRING(SYSTIME(/SECONDS)-logt0)
>
>
    var = 0.; free memory
>
>
    NCDF_CLOSE, fid
>
>
> end
>
>
> Results:
>
> IDL> .FULL_RESET_SESSION
 IDL> print, !VERSION
  { x86_64 linux unix linux 8.2.1 Aug 20 2012
                                             64
                                                   64}
> IDL> test_ncdf_strides
 % Compiled module: TEST_NCDF_STRIDES.
> % Loaded DLM: NCDF.
```

>

Get var1

: 0.97150087

>

> Get var2 (STRIDE): 1.1921642

>

> Get var1 (STRIDE): 1.1618340

>

> Get var2 : 0.93627405

>

> IDL> test_ncdf_strides, /NETCDF4_FORMAT

>

> Get var1 : 0.54904699

>

> Get var2 (STRIDE): 4.4865382

>

> Get var1 (STRIDE): 4.4508131

>

> Get var2 : 0.53942299

>

> IDL> test_ncdf_strides, /NETCDF4_FORMAT

>

> Get var1 : 0.54891205

>

> Get var2 (STRIDE): 4.4209800

>

> Get var1 (STRIDE): 4.3824911

>

> Get var2 : 0.53269601

>

> IDL> test_ncdf_strides

>

> Get var1 : 0.96190310

>

> Get var2 (STRIDE): 1.1909840

>

> Get var1 (STRIDE): 1.1693609

>

> Get var2 : 0.93884301

Hi Fab.

Sorry to hear that you are having troubles with NetCDF4. Our wrapper code is just passing the STRIDE values down to the NetCDF4 library. If the user doesn't pass in a STRIDE, then we don't pass it into NetCDF4.

Presumably, within the NetCDF4 library, there are two different code paths, one for "no stride" (i.e. stride=1) and the other for stride=N. It's probably not checking to see if you pass in stride=1, but is just going straight to the "slower" stride code.

So, in short, I would	recommend	putting a	check into	your pro	code, a	ind only	pass i	n the	stride
when you absolutely	y have to.								

Hope this helps. Cheers, Chris ExelisVIS