Subject: Re: Storing !NULL in struct
Posted by lecacheux.alain on Mon, 18 Mar 2013 09:27:31 GMT
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Le lundi 18 mars 2013 10:00:58 UTC+1, Tom Grydeland a écrit :
> On Friday, March 15, 2013 8:40:56 PM UTC, Chris Torrence wrote:
>
>> Hi all,
>
>
>
>> Not to stir the pot some more [...]
>
>
>
> Not at all, it is good to hear the rationale behind decisions such as this one.
>
>
>
>> The deal-killer was that IDL structures are supposed to map directly to C structures. [...]
>
>
>
> I'll buy that.
>
>
>
>> As Mike suggests, perhaps HASH is the way to go.
>
>
>
> Either of HASH or LIST would be perfectly fine, if I were able to even assign to already-known fields of structs stored inside them:
>
>
>
> IDL> h = hash('f', {t:0})
>
> IDL> help, h
>
> H HASH <ID=198 NELEMENTS=1>
>
> IDL> print, h['f'].t
>
> 0
>
> IDL> h['f'].t = 1
>

> % Attempt to store into an expression: Structure reference.
>
> % Execution halted at: $MAIN$
>
> IDL> c = list({t:0})
>
> IDL> print, c[0].t
>
> 0
>
> IDL> c[0].t = 1
>
> % Attempt to store into an expression: Structure reference.
>
> % Execution halted at: $MAIN$
>
>
>
>
>
>
> It's not that I cannot imagine a way of working around this, but it seems to defeat the purpose of providing high-level data structures.
>
>
>
>> Chris
>
>
>
> --T

IDL> h = hash('f', {t:0})
IDL> help, h
H HASH <ID=1 NELEMENTS=1>
IDL> print, h['f'].t
  0
IDL> h['f'] = {t:1}
IDL> print, h['f'].t
  1

alx.