Subject: Re: Using "the IDL way" and it's still not fast enough Posted by Jeremy Bailin on Wed, 27 Mar 2013 15:14:45 GMT

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On 3/26/13 6:21 PM, Edward Hyer wrote:
> Hello IDL wizards,
>
 I am trying to speed up a routine whose PROFILER looks like this (sorted by total time):
>
> Module Type Count Only(s) Avg.(s) Time(s) Avg.(s)
> REBIN (S) 2158 285.788439 0.132432 285.788439 0.132432
> MIN (S) 272 39.719054 0.146026 39.719054 0.146026
> FILE_SEARCH (S) 4 21.07632 5.26908 21.07632 5.26908
> REFORM (S) 2591 12.59025 0.004859 12.59025 0.004859
The heart of the calculation is a
> MINARRAY = MIN(BIGARRAY, DIM=1), where
> BIGARRAY is [M*N,A,B,C,D] and so
> MINARRAY is [A,B,C,D].
> M = \sim 10,000
> N=~200
> A,B,C,D are all <5
> In order to get to BIGARRAY, several steps of REBIN are required. And the result is a
calculation that is too slow; it takes 6-20 seconds, depending on the particular machine we run it
on. My instinct says that this is not a calculation that should be this slow, though I guess I could be
wrong.
> Note that 1) I don't think memory is an obstacle, we have 16GB of RAM and the routine has
peak usage <3 GB (I would know exactly if there was a working MEMTEST for 64bit IDL); 2)
Threading is not really an option, as we intend to multiplex this process with 1 job per processor
once we get it tuned.
>
> Does the collective wisdom of the newsgroup have any suggestions as to why this routine
might be spending so much time REBINning, and how we might speed it up?
  In supplication,
>
>
 --Edward H.
Are you just using REBIN to expand dimensions, or are you actually
expanding/shrinking one of the dimensions by an integer number? If the
former, are you using /SAMPLE?
-Jeremy.
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