
Subject: Re: Finding distance with longitude and latitude
Posted by [wlandsman](#) on Sun, 14 Apr 2013 23:45:40 GMT

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On Sunday, April 14, 2013 7:22:44 PM UTC-4, gpet...@ucsc.edu wrote:

> $a = \sqrt{(\cos(lat2) * \sin(dlon))^2 + (\cos(lat1) * \sin(lat2) - \sin(lat1) * \cos(lat2) * \cos(dlon))^2} / (\sin(lat1) * \sin(lat2) + \cos(lat1) * \cos(lat2) * \cos(dlat))$

c= atan(a)

The Wikipedia article you quote says

"When programming a computer, one should use the atan2() function rather than the ordinary arctangent function (atan()), in order to simplify handling of the case where the denominator is zero, and to compute $\Delta\widehat{\sigma}$ unambiguously in all quadrants"
