
Subject: Finding Backward trajectory of wind data
Posted by shambhu on Fri, 16 Dec 2011 04:50:29 GMT
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Hi all

I am a newbi to IDL. Am trying to find wind trajectory using nearest grid point. Am using NCEP data file air.2000.nc which consists of lon, lat, level, and time. But am getting error which is not reachable to me. Please help me on this. Code & error iare as follows:

```
pro ngp,fid,posx,nx,posy,ny,posz,nz, $  
AVERAGE=average,WRAPAROUND=wraparound,NO_MESSAGE=no_message  
  
filepath='/home2/shambhu/'  
filename=dialog_pickfile(path=filepath)  
fid=ncdf_open(filename)  
;print,'file id is: ',fid  
  
fileinq_struct=ncdf_inquire(fid)  
nvars=fileinq_struct.nvars  
;print,'variables in file: ',nvars  
  
for varndx=0,nvars-1 do begin $  
varstruct=ncdf_varinq(fid,varndx)  
for attndx=0,varstruct.natts-1 do begin $  
attname=ncdf_attname(fid,varndx,attndx)  
ncdf_attget,fid,varndx,attname,fid  
;print,attname,string(fid)  
posx=string(fid)  
;print,'posx: ', posx  
;print,'Var Name:',  
varstruct.name,' ',varstruct.datatype,' ',varstruct.dim  
  
endfor  
endfor  
  
nrsamples=n_elements(fid)  
nparams=n_params()  
print,nparams  
print,'nparams: ',nparams  
dim=(nparams-1)/2  
  
print,'dim: ',dim  
  
IF dim LE 2 THEN BEGIN  
nz=1  
print,'nz: ',nz
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IF dim EQ 1 THEN ny=1
ENDIF

read,'Enter value for nx',nx
read,'Enter value for ny',ny

nxny = long(nx)*long(ny)

print,'nxny: ',nxny
; Some error handling.

on_error,2 ; Return to caller if an error occurs.

print,'IF loop'

IF NOT (nparams EQ 3 OR nparams EQ 5 OR nparams EQ 7) THEN BEGIN
  message,'Incorrect number of arguments!',/continue
  message,'Syntax: NGP, VALUE, POSX, NX[, POSY, NY, POSZ, NZ,' + $
    '/AVERAGE, /WRAPAROUND, /NO_MESSAGE]'
ENDIF

IF (nramples NE n_elements(posx)) OR $
  (dim GE 2 AND nramples NE n_elements(posy)) OR $
  (dim EQ 3 AND nramples NE n_elements(posz)) THEN $
  message,'Input arrays must have the same dimensions!'

IF NOT keyword_set(no_message) THEN $
  print,'Interpolating ' + strtrim(string(nramples,format='(i10)'),1)
$ +
  ' samples to ' + strtrim(string(nxny*nz,format='(i10)'),1) + $
  ' grid points using NGP...'

; Compute nearest grid points.

IF keyword_set(wraparound) THEN BEGIN
  ; Coordinates of nearest grid point (ngp).
  ngx=fix(posx+0.5)
  ; Periodic boundary conditions.
  bad=where(ngx EQ nx,count)
  IF count NE 0 THEN ngx[bad]=0
  IF dim GE 2 THEN BEGIN
    ngy=fix(posy+0.5)
    bad=where(ngy EQ ny,count)
    IF count NE 0 THEN ngy[bad]=0
    IF dim EQ 3 THEN BEGIN
      ngz=fix(posz+0.5)
      bad=where(ngz EQ nz,count)
    ENDIF
  ENDIF
ENDIF

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    IF count NE 0 THEN ngz[bad]=0
    ENDIF
ENDIF
bad=0 ; Free memory.
ENDIF ELSE BEGIN
; Coordinates of nearest grid point (ngp).
ngx=fix(posx)
IF dim GE 2 THEN BEGIN
    ngy=fix(posy)
    IF dim EQ 3 THEN ngz=fix(posz)
ENDIF
ENDELSE

; Indices of grid points to which samples are assigned.
CASE dim OF
1: index=temporary(ngx)
2: index=temporary(ngx)+temporary/ngy)*nx
3: index=temporary(ngx)+temporary/ngy)*nx+temporary(ngz)*nxny
ENDCASE

; Interpolate samples to grid.

field=fltarr(nx,ny,nz)

FOR i=0I,nrsamples-1I DO field[index[i]]=field[index[i]]+value[i]

; Compute weighted average.

IF keyword_set(average) THEN BEGIN
; Number of samples per grid point.
frequency=histogram(temporary(index),min=0,max=nxny*nz-1I)

; Normalize.
good=where(frequency NE 0,nrgood)
field[good]=temporary(field[good])/temporary(frequency[good] )
ENDIF

print,field

close,value

END ; End of function ngp.

```

Error: NCDF_ATTNAME: Expression must be a scalar in this context: FID.
% Execution halted at: NGP 17 /home2/shambhu/ngp.pro
