Subject: Re: Yet another user with poly_fit problems Posted by Gus on Mon, 30 Sep 2013 20:03:59 GMT

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Correction for 3), I meant subtracting Y[0] from the Y array.

```
On Monday, September 30, 2013 4:59:16 PM UTC-3, Gus wrote:
 Hello everyone,
>
>
>
     I've read a few of the older posts on this topic, but their solution didn't really help me solve
the problem that I am currently having with the poly_fit function. The set of coefficients generated
by the function (a 4th degree polynomial) produces some rather absurd results. Here is a short
version of the problem I am having.
>
  X = [0.000000, 11.6667, 822.914, 3458.85, 27703.4, 133928.]
  Y = [15.9000, 16.0000, 17.0000, 18.0000, 19.0000, 20.0000]
>
  C = poly_fit(X, Y, /double, yfit=D)
>
>
  IDL generates the following coefficients (for C)
>
>
>
       15.940691
>
>
     0.0015355228
>
   -3.0965110e-007
>
>
   1.1170193e-011
>
>
   -6.6767399e-017
>
>
> Yet, one will clearly see that this fit produces rather undesirable results since, within the same
range of X values (0 to roughly 150,000), this fit will produce Y values that can be as high as 1600
and as low as -3000 (rather than between 15.9 and 20). Excel is generating better coefficients
```

than IDL!

>
>
>
> Here is what I have already tried to do (and did not solve the problem)
>
>
>
> 1) Double precision of X and Y prior to using the poly_fit function (notice that I am using the "/double" keyword function already in that function);
>
>
>
> 2) Subtracting the mean of X from that array, before fitting the data - suggested in previous posts;
>
>
>
> 3) Subtracting the value of X[0] from that array, before fitting the data;
>
>
>
> 4) Subtracting the mean of Y from that array, before fitting the data.
>
>
>
> Does anyone know of any other solution to this problem?