
Subject: Re: Time conversion for .nc file

Posted by [lecacheux.alain](#) on Wed, 13 Nov 2013 17:26:02 GMT

[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

Le mercredi 13 novembre 2013 16:44:01 UTC+1, David Fanning a écrit :

> Madhavan Bomidi writes:

>

>

>

>> I have date & UTC time in tow columns as [YYYYMMDD HRMISE], where YYYY - Year, MM - Month, DD - day, HR - Hours, MI - Minutes, SE - Seconds. Now, I wanted to convert to the "time" variable according to NetCDF convention. I mean to say that I wanted to convert my date & UTC time values to "time" in seconds since 1970-01-01 00:00:00 (in UTC). Can anyone help me how I can use SYSTIME function available in IDL?

>

>

>

> I wouldn't use the SYSTIME function. I would use the JULDAY function. I

>

> would read the two columns of data as a single string array. Then, I

>

> would do something like this (using a scalar string as an example, but

>

> this will work for a string array, too):

>

>

>

> str = '20131113 083122'

>

> year = Fix(StrMid(str,0,4))

>

> mon = Fix(StrMid(str,4,2))

>

> day = Fix(StrMid(str,6,2))

>

> hour = Fix(StrMid(str,9,2))

>

> min = Fix(StrMid(str,11,2))

>

> sec = Fix(StrMid(str,13,2))

>

> jultime = JulDay(mon,day,year,hour min,sec) - JulDay(1,1,1970,0,0,0)

>

> ncdfTime = jultime * 24 * 60 * 60

>

> print, ncdfTime

>

>

```
>  
> Cheers,  
>  
>  
>  
> David  
>  
> --  
>  
> David Fanning, Ph.D.  
>  
> Fanning Software Consulting, Inc.  
>  
> Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming: http://www.idlcoyote.com/  
>  
> Sepore ma de ni thue. ("Perhaps thou speakest truth.")
```

You might also use string C format:

```
jd = 0d0  
reads, '20131113 083122', jd, FORMAT='(C(CYI4,CMOI2,CDI2,1x,CHI2,CMI2,CSI2))'  
jd -= Julday(1,1,1970,0,0,0)  
jd *= 86400d0  
ncdfTime = jd
```

Date string arrays can be handled in the same way.
alx.
