Subject: Re: Font size appearance in function graphics PNG and EPS output Posted by chris_torrence@NOSPAM on Mon, 09 Dec 2013 19:20:42 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

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On Monday, December 9, 2013 11:32:49 AM UTC-7, Paul van Delst wrote:
> Hi Chris,
>
>
  Excellent, thanks. The "HEIGHT=500.0/96" tip is also useful - despite
>
  the strange line plotting.
>
>
  The EPS files are included inside LaTeX (and, in some cases, Word)
>
  documents. I've never tried embedding PDFs inside those (since the final
  result is to create a PDF for distro) but I'll give it a shot.
>
>
> cheers,
>
  pauly
>
>
>
  p.s. Schedule for 8.3.1 release?
>
>
  On 12/09/13 12:50, Chris Torrence wrote:
>> Hi Paul,
>
>>
>> Well, there are a couple of things going on. The PNG assumes that
>> your
> screen is 96 dots-per-inch, and scales the fonts accordingly. Since EPS
> is a vector format on a "piece of paper", you need to set your EPS width
```

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>
> to match the PNG image width. Something like this:
>> p.save, 'test.eps', HEIGHT=500.0/96; height in inches However, there
>> is something wrong with our postscript code where it
  doesn't draw the plot lines correctly, so this isn't going to work, even
> in IDL 8.3.
>>
>> I'm not sure if you have to use EPS, but as a possible workaround,
>> you
> could use PDF output instead. If you do try PDF, you just need to make
  sure that you set the "paper" width to be the same as the png image.
  Something like this:
>>
>> x = DINDGEN(100)
>> y = (x/10.0d0)^2
>> p = PLOT(x,y, $
     XTITLE='X axis title', $
>>
>>
     YTITLE='Y axis title', $
     TITLE ='Test plot title', $
>>
     FONT SIZE=10)
>>
>> p.save, 'test.png', HEIGHT=500
>> p.save, 'test.pdf', HEIGHT=500.0/96; height in inches
>>
>> I have logged the EPS issues as bug IDL-68997, and marked it for IDL
> 8.3.1. Sorry about the bug...
```

>> >> -Chris >> ExelisVIS >>

Hi Paul,

One other tip - if you aren't trying to edit the EPS files, but you are just embedding them, then you might be better off just going straight to a bitmap file:

p.save, 'test.png', BORDER=10, RESOLUTION=600; dots-per-inch

PNG is a pretty efficient file format, so your files won't be too large. You could even cut the resolution down to 300 depending upon the journal requirements.

I also tend to use the BORDER keyword when creating bitmap output. That way I don't have to worry about too much whitespace around the outside of my plots. But that is optional.

Cheers, Chris