Subject: Re: poly\_fit - yband Posted by Russell Ryan on Mon, 10 Mar 2014 14:20:52 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

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On Saturday, March 8, 2014 7:43:00 AM UTC-5, sid wrote:
> Hello everyone,
>
           I have x 80 integer values and y 80 values.
>
> I did,
>
  p=poly fit(x,y,7,yband=e,yfit=y1)
>
>
> now I need y values at every 0.33 intervals so, now I have x with 238 values with 0.33
resolution earlier case the resolution was 1.
> Now for this 238 x values I have found 238 y values using the polynomial coefficients.
>
> But now the problem is how to find the error values, since I have yband = e (80 values). But I
need to find the error values for all the 238 values.
>
>
>
 Is there a way to do this.
>
  Please do help me out in this regard.
>
>
> thanking you in advance
>
> sid
```

I had to do this for something: I had a set of (x,y,dy) variables to which I fit a polynomial. But then I wanted to make a scatter plot of those data with the best fitting polynomial overplotted and a shaded region showing the range of best fitting polynomials. Of course the model and shaded region can be computed at arbitrary resolution, and so poly\_fit does not have a simple means of this. I agree, interpolating is a bad idea. So, why not just read the poly\_fit.pro code? That's what I did. It's only about 7 lines worth of rather basic IDL to wade through. In your standard call to poly\_fit, you'll need to return the covariance matrix and then do a few basic calculations. It's pretty easy actually...