Subject: Re: computation time for convolution Posted by Lajos Foldy on Thu, 10 Jul 2014 08:47:44 GMT

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On Wednesday, July 9, 2014 10:12:30 AM UTC+2, fraro...@yahoo.it wrote:

> I am a little puzzled about the computation time required by different convolution routines. I need to compute several times the convolution of large arrays and I always used the convolve routine of the astrolib. Since I need to speed up the processing I compared the computation time for array of different size (but using sizes power of 2, which should be the best case for FFT) convolved with different routines. The best result (by far) is obtained with the function convol of the IDL standard library, the worst is convol\_fft and convolve is somewhat in the middle. This does not make sense to me, I was sure that the FFT approach is the fastest. What am I missing or doing wrong?

```
>
>
>
  These are the results:
>
>
>
         4x
>
                  4
>
              0.038000107
  convolve:
>
  convol:
             0.00000000
>
>
  convol_fft: 0.00099992752
>
         8x
                  8
>
>
               0.00000000
  convolve:
>
  convol:
             0.00000000
>
  convol_fft:
                0.00000000
>
        16x
                  16
>
>
  convolve:
               0.00000000
>
             0.0000000
  convol:
>
  convol fft:
                0.00000000
>
>
        32x
                  32
>
>
 convolve:
               0.00000000
>
```

> convol: 0.00000000 > > convol\_fft: 0.0010001659 > 64x 64 > > convolve: 0.00000000 > > convol: 0.00000000 > > convol\_fft: 0.0019998550 > 128x > 128 > > convolve: 0.00099992752 > convol: 0.0010001659 > > convol fft: 0.0079998970 > 256 256x > > convolve: 0.0080001354 > > convol: 0.0019998550 > > convol\_fft: 0.035000086 512x > 512 > convolve: 0.036000013 > convol: 0.0069999695 > convol\_fft: 0.28600001 > 1024x 1024 > > convolve: 0.25300002 > convol: 0.026999950 > convol\_fft: 1.4849999 2048x 2048 > 1.6410000 > convolve: >

```
> convol:
             0.11600018
>
> convol_fft:
                 6.6910000
>
       4096x
                   4096
>
                7.4190001
  convolve:
> convol:
             0.43299985
>
  convol_fft:
                 26.736000
>
>
>
  and this is the code I used for this test:
>
>
> for i=2,12 do begin
   a=fltarr(2l^i,2l^i)
>
>
   b=a
>
>
   time0=systime(1)
>
>
   c=convolve(a,b)
>
   time1=systime(1)
>
>
   c=convol(a,b)
>
   time2=systime(1)
>
>
   c=convol_fft(a,b)
>
>
   time3=systime(1)
>
   print,2l^i,'x',2l^i
>
>
   print, 'convolve:', time1-time0
>
>
   print, 'convol:', time2-time1
>
   print,'convol_fft:', time3-time2
>
> endfor
```

You are not testing convol, you are testing a very special case (convol(a,a) calculates the sum in a single position, all other array elements are set to zero).

You should use a more realistic kernel, eg b=dist(2l^(i-1)). With this I got:

1024x 1024 convolve: 2.4647841 convol: 35.345544 convol\_fft: 2.8855970

regards, Lajos