## Subject: Re: Normalize image after running FLAASH Posted by pthlien on Wed, 16 Jul 2014 03:28:17 GMT

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On Wednesday, July 16, 2014 12:52:55 AM UTC+12, Josh Sixsmith wrote: > Well your example of CASE isn't a single value for comparing which CASE to evaluate. You've got an entire array ie "b3 le 0". > > > Take a look at the example in the help file: > > > > http://www.exelisvis.com/docs/CASE.html > > > It's a single evaluation. > > > > As for other parts of your code. You've already retrieved the "number of samples (the ns variable)" and the "number of lines" (nl) from you call to "ENVI\_FILE\_QUERY", so you can probably leave out the lines where you redefine them. > > Also, I may be wrong, but "b1\*float(b1)/10000 doesn't sound like normalizing your data. A value of 9000 now becomes 8100. It sounds like you just need to apply a scale factor in which case just do "b1 / 10000.0" > > Back to dealing with your different cases, of "LE 0", "GE 10000" etc, just evaluate the array in a series of complement expressions that account for you different cases. > > > result = (b1 le 0) \* 0 + (b1 ge 10000) \* 10000 + ((b1 gt 0) and (b1 lt 10000) \* (b1 / 10000) > > > That might get you what you're after. It'll use a lot of memory in IDL though. Seeing as you're

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using ENVI try the 'MATH DOIT" rountine, and ENVI will tile your data automatically.

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> > Hope that helps > < > > < > > < > > < > > If the proof of the proo
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Thanks Josh so much. It works after I corrected following your advice and the syntax error I got corrected by br[...]=..., not br(...)=

Lien