Subject: Re: Generate Same Sequence of Random Numbers in IDL and C Posted by Michael Galloy on Mon, 21 Jul 2014 17:16:59 GMT

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On 7/21/14, 10:11 AM, sweiss1993@gmail.com wrote:

- > I am in the process of developing a C version of a program originally
- > written in IDL. The programs generate arrays with random number
- > generators. I use gsl_rng_uniform and gsl_ran_poisson in the C
- > version, and both random number generators use the gsl_rng_mt19937
- > algorithm. From attempting to read GDL's source code, I noticed GDL
- > happens to use the same functions.

>

- > I would like to compare the two versions of the program by running
- > them with the same fixed sequence of random numbers. The rng parts of
- > the programs are in a loop, so a new array is generated with each
- > iteration. I would like a different set of random numbers for each
- > iteration. So, each iteration has a different set of generated
- > numbers, but the i-th iteration in the programs should match each
- > other.

>

- > I could not figure out exactly how GDL sets the seed by reading the
- > source code. Would someone be so kind as to show me how to seed the
- > rng functions in IDL and C such that the above conditions are met?
- > Thanks!

>

In IDL, you specify the seed when calling the random number generator function, i.e.,

IDL > r = randomu(seed, 1000)

generates 1000 uniformly distributed random numbers. If "seed" is undefined, it is created from the system clock. I haven't used GSL random numbers, but it looks like this is how to set the seed for them:

void gsl rng set(const gsl rng *r, unsigned long int seed);

Mike

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Modern IDL: A Guide to IDL Programming (http://modernidl.idldev.com)

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