
Subject: Dirty resampling of irregularly spaced point data with GRID_INPUT

Posted by [Leo](#) on Wed, 06 Aug 2014 09:02:55 GMT

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Dear group,

I have a dataset that consists of a large number of point measurements ($n=10^6$) that were taken along regular grid lines (500m x 500m), with single measurements taken with a spacing of about 0.5m (varying) along these lines.

I want to resample the dataset for interpolation to let's say points that are 25m apart. For now, I abuse GRID_INPUT with a large epsilon to find a subset of points and then do the resampling myself by finding for each measurement the closest one in the subset:

```
;call grid_input to remove "duplicates"
GRID_INPUT, x, y, z, xr, yr, zr, EPSILON=eps

;generate distance table
n = n_elements(x) & nr=n_elements(xr)
d=sqrt( (rebin(transpose(x),nr,n,/SAMPLE)-rebin(xr,nr,n,/SAMPLE))^2 + $
        (rebin(transpose(y),nr,n,/SAMPLE)-rebin(yr,nr,n,/SAMPLE))^2 )

;find closest in the subset
tt=min(d, di, DIMENSION=1)
di=(ARRAY_INDICES(d, di))[0,*]

;step through subset and aggregate
hh=HISTOGRAM(di, REVERSE_INDICES=ri)
xr=FLTARR(nr) & yr=FLTARR(nr) & zr=FLTARR(nr)
for i=0, N_ELEMENTS(hh)-1 do begin
    ii=ri[ri[i]:ri[i+1]-1]
    xr[i]=median(x[ii])
    yr[i]=median(y[ii])
    zr[i]=mean(z[ii])
endfor
```

However, I can't find information about how GRID_INPUT actually chooses the subset and I'd like to control what happens there...

Do you have any suggestions for a different solution? I thought about QHULL or TRIANGULATE to find the neighbors of each measurement, but many points are colinear. Any ideas for a straightforward solution?

Thanks a lot,

Leo
