## Subject: Dictionary error does not generate error Posted by Helder Marchetto on Fri, 24 Oct 2014 11:12:13 GMT

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Hi,

the help the dictionary() function states at the end (from http://www.exelisvis.com/docs/DICTIONARY.html):

```
:*** Start citation ***
```

Difference between Dictionary and IDL Structures

Unlike IDL structures, when indexing into an array within a dictionary, you can not use the "dot" notation to retrieve the key's value and then index into the "dot" value. This is because the DICTIONARY is implemented as a "container" of data pointers instead of a structure that is laid out directly into memory. For example:

str = {data: FINDGEN(10)}

PRINT, str.data

PRINT, str.data[2:5]; this works

dict = DICTIONARY('data', FINDGEN(10))

PRINT, dict.data; this works

PRINT, dict.data[2:5]; this will fail with an error PRINT, dict['data', [2:5]]; this works correctly;\*\*\* end citation \*\*\*

If I insert the dictionary part in IDL 8.4, I get:

IDL> dict = DICTIONARY('data', FINDGEN(10))

IDL> PRINT, dict.data; this works

IDL> PRINT, dict.data[2:5]; this will fail with an error

IDL> PRINT, dict['data', [2:5]]; this works correctly

 $0.000000 \qquad 1.00000 \qquad 2.00000 \qquad 3.00000 \qquad 4.00000 \qquad 5.00000 \qquad 6.00000 \qquad 7.00000$ 

8.00000 9.00000

 2.00000
 3.00000
 4.00000
 5.00000

 2.00000
 3.00000
 4.00000
 5.00000

To me, that works just as the structure (correctly, should I say?).

Has this been repaired in 8.4 as compared to 8.3 or previous versions? Or are there other problems connected with indexing of dictionaries?

It's quite important I get this straight, because I'm using dictionaries guite intensively.

Thanks,

Helder