Subject: Re: _overloadMinus: what to do with invalid input? Posted by Paul Van Delst[1] on Tue, 30 Dec 2014 14:58:57 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

Hello.

. Telle,
On 12/29/14 17:27, Paulo Penteado wrote: > On Monday, December 29, 2014 5:41:49 PM UTC-2, Mike Galloy wrote: >> I would think an error and halting, like IDL would do if you tried to use >> an invalid operator with the native types. What happens if you try to add >> two pointers? (not in front of my computer right now)
> To answer Mike's question:
> 10 answer wince 3 question.
 IDL> a=ptr_new(1) IDL> b=ptr_new(2) IDL> c=a+b % Operation illegal with pointer types. % Execution halted at: \$MAIN\$
 Regarding Paul's question, I would say that the answer depends on how one envisions the object's usage. If one decides it makes no sense to do the subtraction, like with pointers, it should throw an error. An error should also be raised, instead of returning a value, if such a return value could be confused with a valid result. For instance, taking IDL's list:
> IDL> l=list(1,2) > IDL> l+3 > % LIST::_OVERLOADPLUS: Arguments must both be lists. > % Execution halted at: \$MAIN\$
Oh. That make sense. I guess I should have tested using objects too, rather than intrinsic types.
An error it is.
Thanks guys.
cheers,
paulv