
Subject: Re: where function not finding value

Posted by chris_torrence@NOSPAM on Tue, 10 Mar 2015 19:01:58 GMT

[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

On Tuesday, March 10, 2015 at 12:12:46 PM UTC-6, Jahvasc wrote:

> Hi, guys,

>

> I have a similar problem but I'm comparing intervals to avoid the float-precision problem. Still, I can't get the right answer...

>

> I have a vector with 500 values ranging from 0.01 to 0.4 (0.01 to 0.1 by 0.01; 0.2 to 0.4 by 0.1).

> When I use the histogram function I get a certain number of counts for all intervals:

>

> 79 57 48 44 43 43
> 30 43 31 34 25 14 9

>

> i.e., the value 0.01 appears 79 times, the value 0.02, 57 times, etc.

>

> However, when I use the where function, I get some "holes". This is the bit of the code I'm using:

>

> mmod=[findgen(10)*0.01 + 0.01,findgen(3)*0.1 + 0.2]

> massi=0.

> for j=0,12 do begin

> a=where(mass gt massi and mass le mmod(j),count)

> print,massi,mmod(j),count

> massi=mmod(j)

> endfor

>

> In this case I get the following numbers:

>

> 0.00000 0.0100000 79
> 0.0100000 0.0200000 57
> 0.0200000 0.0300000 48
> 0.0300000 0.0400000 44
> 0.0400000 0.0500000 0
> 0.0500000 0.0600000 43
> 0.0600000 0.0700000 73
> 0.0700000 0.0800000 43
> 0.0800000 0.0900000 0
> 0.0900000 0.100000 31
> 0.100000 0.200000 59
> 0.200000 0.300000 14
> 0.300000 0.400000 9

>

> When I manually try, for example,

>

> a=where(mass gt 0.04 and mass le 0.05,count)

```
> print,count  
>  
> I get count=43. What's is going on?  
>
```

Hi Jaqueline,

I think you are running into issues with floating-point precision. On every computer platform (in any language), there are floating-point numbers which are not exactly representable. For example, in IDL, try:

```
IDL> print, 0.1, format='(f25.16)'  
0.1000000014901161
```

If you use a number like 0.1, which isn't exactly representable, for math operations, and you then try to compare that to other numbers, you will get surprising results:

```
IDL> x = 0 & for i=0,99 do x = x + 0.1  
IDL> print,x  
10.0000  
IDL> print,x eq 10  
0  
IDL> print,x, format='(f25.16)'  
10.0000019073486330
```

This is just a limitation of doing floating-point math on a computer (nothing to do with IDL).

Hope this helps.

-Chris
