Subject: Re: size(/dimen) that automatically fills in extra dimensions Posted by Jeremy Bailin on Mon, 22 Jun 2015 13:43:27 GMT

View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

```
On Sunday, June 21, 2015 at 3:42:38 AM UTC-4, Dick Jackson wrote:
> On Saturday, 20 June 2015 20:38:07 UTC-7, Jeremy Bailin wrote:
>> Before I write a quick routine that does this, it seems like someone must have done this
already:
>>
>> Does anyone have a drop-in replacement for SIZE(/DIMEN) that automatically fills in missing
trailing dimensions with 1?
>>
>> I.e. I have an array A that is always 3xN, but N could be 1, 2, or 3. I want to find out N, but
>>
>> Size(A, /DIMEN)[1]
>>
>> fails if N eq 1 because IDL drops the final dimension.
>>
>> (even better: this would be a nice switch for the official SIZE function to have, if anyone is
listening)
>>
>> -Jeremy.
>
> Hi Jeremy,
 I've been in your shoes...
>
>
  In case this is helpful, there is a way to force the array to have a (3, N) shape, using Reform:
>
>
> IDL> a=indgen(5,1)
> IDL> help.a
> A
             INT
                     = Array[5] ; OK, the 1 has been dropped
>
> IDL> a=reform(a,[5,1], /OVERWRITE)
> IDL> help,a
> A
             INT
                     = Array[5, 1]
>
 ; Here's a handy routine when you want to ensure you have at least 'n' dimensions
> PRO EnsureNDims, x, nDims
> IF Size(x, /N Dimensions) GE nDims THEN RETURN
> newDims = Replicate(1L, nDims)
> newDims[0] = Size(x, /Dimensions) > 1; Will work even if x is scalar
> x = Reform(x, newDims, /Overwrite)
> END
> ;-----
> It can be interesting to see when this changes:
```

```
>
> IDL> a=indgen([5,1])
> IDL> help,a
> A
             INT
                     = Array[5]
 IDL> ensurendims,a,2
> IDL> help,a
 Α
             INT
                     = Array[5, 1]
  IDL> a=a
> IDL> help,a
                     = Array[5, 1]
             INT
  ; that was OK, didn't break it
> IDL> b=a
 IDL> help,b
  В
             INT
                     = Array[5]
  ; that broke it
 IDL> a=b
> IDL> help,a
             INT
                     = Array[5]
 ; that broke 'a'
  IDL> ensurendims,a,2
 IDL> help,a
 Α
             INT
                     = Array[5, 1]
 IDL> a=a+1
 IDL> help,a
                     = Array[5]
             INT
  ; that broke it
>
 IDL> a++
 IDL> help,a
             INT
                     = Array[5, 1]
  ; ... but that's OK!
>
  Hope this helps!
> Cheers,
 -Dick
> Dick Jackson Software Consulting Inc.
> Victoria, BC, Canada --- http://www.d-jackson.com
```

That's interesting... I can kind of see why certain ones do vs. don't, but I'm not sure I could have predicted each case a priori!

In this case, I don't actually need to change the dimensions, since the rest of my code works fine even when there's no trailing dimension -- I just need to be able to access its size. I could use this

and then run Size right afterwards, but I've ended up writing it as a quick single function instead:

```
; Return's the length of the D-th dimension (starting with 1) of A,
; returning 1 for any missing trailing dimensions.
function size_d, a, d
 s = size(a, /dimen)
 if d le n_elements(s) then return, s[d]
 return, 1
end
-Jeremy.
```