Subject: Re: Opening and read .dat file double format Posted by alghafisuct on Sat, 26 Dec 2015 12:00:13 GMT

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On Saturday, December 26, 2015 at 3:14:12 AM UTC-8, Helder wrote:
> On Saturday, December 26, 2015 at 9:12:21 AM UTC, algha...@gmail.com wrote:
>> On Friday, December 25, 2015 at 2:11:02 PM UTC-8, Helder wrote:
>>> On Friday, December 25, 2015 at 1:05:20 PM UTC, algha...@gmail.com wrote:
>>> On Wednesday, December 23, 2015 at 3:33:21 AM UTC-8, Helder wrote:
>>> > On Wednesday, December 23, 2015 at 8:49:31 AM UTC, algha...@gmail.com wrote:
>>> > On Monday, December 21, 2015 at 3:17:33 AM UTC-8, Helder wrote:
>>> > > On Monday, December 21, 2015 at 11:04:11 AM UTC, algha...@gmail.com wrote:
>>> > > On Monday, December 21, 2015 at 1:42:19 AM UTC-8, Helder wrote:
>>> > > > On Monday, December 21, 2015 at 8:14:22 AM UTC, algha...@gmail.com wrote:
>>> > > > > Helder wrote:
>>> > > > > On Sunday, December 20, 2015 at 4:42:19 PM UTC, algha...@gmail.com
wrote:
>>> > > > > On Friday, December 18, 2015 at 7:22:10 AM UTC-8, Craig Markwardt
wrote:
>>>> >>> > > > > > > > > > > On Friday, December 18, 2015 at 7:26:07 AM UTC-5,
algha...@gmail.com wrote:
>>>> > > > > > > > I have a .dat file double and is 5000 by 8039. I'm using the file in Matlab
and I want to try to open it in IDL. So I know it is very basic question but I'm new in IDL and I want
to start using it. After I open the file, I want to read like the value of (1,1)
>>>> >>> > > > > It makes a
difference.
>>>> > > > > > Thanks Craig
>>>> >>> > > In the second sec
extact the image to see as I'm doing in Matlab
>>>> > > > > > = = template =
BINARY_TEMPLATE('C:\Users\asus\Desktop\Metasensing\IDL_PROJE
CTS\20151021115853 11 SAR CPLX 0 pres 8.dat')
>>>> >>> > Result =
READ BINARY('C:\Users\asus\Desktop\Metasensing\IDL PROJECTS\
20151021115853 11 SAR CPLX 0 pres 8.dat', DATA DIMS = [4999, 8038])
>>>> >>> > > > > > > |
>>>> > > > end
>>>> > > > > > > But I got an image meaning nothing to me only white and black image
>>>> > > > > > Am I doing the right way or there are other ways to see the image
```

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>>>> > > > > > Thanks
>>>> >>> > > > > Difficult to tell.
>>>> > > > > > template =
BINARY_TEMPLATE('C:\Users\asus\Desktop\Metasensing\IDL_PROJE
CTS\20151021115853_11_SAR_CPLX_0_pres_8.dat')
>>>> > > > > Result =
READ BINARY('C:\Users\asus\Desktop\Metasensing\IDL PROJECTS\
20151021115853 11 SAR CPLX 0 pres 8.dat', DATA DIMS = [4999, 8038])
>>>> >>> > mn, mx
>>>> > > > > > im = IMAGE(Result)
>>>> >>> > > > > > nm.min value = mn
>>>> > > > > > im.max_value = mx
>>> > > > > Any better? If not, what does "print, mn, mx" show? If you're getting the same
value, then there must a problem with the import (read_binary()). (*)
>>>> > > > > Cheers,
>>>> > > > > Helder
>>> > > > > (*) - or the min/max values are not evenly distributed. Meaning that if one
pixel is 0, one is 1000 and the rest of your data is distributed between 500 and 501... then you
won't see much unless you set min_value and max_value at 500 and 501. You could also try to
have a look at the histogram distribution.
>>>> >>>>
>>>> > > > Hi
>>>> >>>>
>>>> > > > > I got the same thing and the min vale is 0 and the max value is 255
>>>> >>>>
>>> > > > I just noticed that you import using BINARY_TEMPLATE() and READ_BINARY().
I never used these functions because I normally know how my template looks like and use readu
directely. I'll try to do some guess work: it seems to me as if you're missing something. With
binary_template you generate a structure for importing data that you call "template". This template
should be used in READ BINARY() to import the data, but you don't use it.
>>> > > > > Why don't you try:
>>> > > > Result = READ_BINARY('C:\Users\asus\Desktop\Metasensing\IDL_PROJECTS\
20151021115853 11 SAR CPLX 0 pres 8.dat', template=template, DATA DIMS = [4999,
80381)
>>>> >>>>
>>>> >>> >>> and see what happens.
>>>> >>>>
>>>> > > > If that doesn't work out. Do you know how the data is stored? If it's a simple array
of doubles, you could use something like:
>>>> >>>>
```

```
>>> > > > array = make_array(4999, 8038, /double, /nozero)
>>>> >>> > filename = 'C:\....' ;your file name
>>>> > > > OPENR, importUnit, filename, /GET_LUN
>>>> > > > READU, importUnit, array
>>>> > > > CLOSE, importUnit
>>>> >>> > FREE_LUN, importUnit
>>>> >>> > im = IMAGE(array)
>>>> >>>>
>>>> > > > cheers.
>>>> > > > Helder
>>>> >>>
>>> > > Thank you very much it's good know. I tried the OPENR way it's double.
>>>> >>>
>>>> > > On my MATLAB code I seprated real and imaginary such as the following
>>>> >>>>
>>>> > > > array = array (1:2:end, :) + j * array (2:2:end, :);
>>>> >>>
>>>> > > how can that be done in IDL so I can have imagenary and real values
>>>> >>>
>>>> > > Thanks
>>>> >>>
>>> > > I don't know Matlab. But I guess (yes, it's a guess...) that those Matlab commands put
every odd position value in the real part and even position values in the imaginary part. If so, then
I would try with:
>>> > > array = make_array(4999, 8038, /dcomplex, /nozero)
>>>> > > This is also a guess... but I suppose that imaginary data is written this way.
>>>> > > Try this and then display the image as:
>>>> >>>
>>> > > im_r = IMAGE(real_part(array))
>>> > > im_i = IMAGE(imaginary(array))
>>>> >>>
>>>> > > and you should see real and imaginary part displayed. Then you can play around and
use other useful commands for imaginary data: abs() and atan(). See the help for details:
>>> > > http://www.exelisvis.com/docs/ABS.html
>>> > > http://www.exelisvis.com/docs/ATAN.html with the phase keyword.
>>>> >>>
>>>> > > Cheers.
>>>> > > Helder
>>>> >>
>>> > Thanks Helder for the help
>>>> >>
>>>> > I tried print,ABS(image(array)) and im_r = IMAGE(real_part(array)) and im_i =
IMAGE(imaginary(array)) to see images but I'm getting the following:
>>>> >>
>>>> > % IMAGE: Unable to allocate memory: to make array.
>>> > if the problem is the memory is not enough, how can I get a small subset of the image
and save it as a new file then I can see if it is working
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>>>> >>
>>>> > Thanks
>>>> >
>>>> > Hi,
>>>> > I think that the command:
>>> > print,ABS(image(array))
>>>> > makes no sense.
>>>> >
>>> > What happens if you try this:
>>> >  im r = real part(array)
>>> > im_i = imaginary(array)
>>>> >
>>>> > Everything ok? (it should not give an error unless you run out of memory)
>>>> If that is ok, then you can try to reduce the size of the images. Given that you have an
odd number of rows (8039), you're going to have to use congrid to reduce the size of the image:
>>> >  smaller_im_r = congrid(im_r,5000/10.0,8039/10.0)
>>> >  smaller im i = congrid(im i,5000/10.0,8039/10.0)
>>>> > then
>>> > olm_r = image(smaller_im_r)
>>> > olm_i = image(smaller_im_i)
>>> > If you do get an error, you have to tell me *which* line generated the error.
>>>> >
>>>> > Cheers.
>>>> > Helder
>>>>
>>>> Thanks Helder for the help I finally got the image as follows
>>> array VV = make array(5000, 5359, /dcomplex, /nozero)
>>> filename_VV = ('C:\Users\asus\Desktop\Metasensing\IDL_PROJECTS\20151021115
853 22 SAR CPLX 0 pres 8.dat')
>>> OPENR, importUnit, filename_VV, /GET_LUN
>>> READU, importUnit, array_VV
>>>> A_VV = ABS(array_VV)
>>> B_VV = A_VV^{0.7/2}
>>>> images_VV = image(B_VV, TITLE='Intensity VV')
>>>> CLOSE, importUnit
>>>> FREE LUN, importUnit
>>>> end
>>>>
>>>> Know I have two things to solve. The first one is the gray image is a little bit dark so how
can I increase the intensity of it and make it more brighter
>>>> The secound is I want to open other .dat file dcomplex in the same page with the same
number of array so I can compare them. Can I just copy the previouse thinf and pate it and
change the file path? is that right as follow
>>>>
>>> array HH = make array(5000, 5359, /dcomplex, /nozero)
```

```
>>> filename_HH = ('C:\Users\asus\Desktop\Metasensing\IDL_PROJECTS\20151021115
853_11_SAR_CPLX_0_pres_8.dat')
>>> OPENR, importUnit, filename_HH, /GET_LUN
>>> READU, importUnit, array_HH
>>>> A = ABS(array_HH)
>>> B = A^{(0.7/2)}
>>> image_HH = image(B, TITLE='Intensity HH')
>>>> CLOSE, importUnit
>>>> FREE LUN, importUnit
>>> array_VV = make_array(5000, 5359, /dcomplex, /nozero)
>>> filename_VV = ('C:\Users\asus\Desktop\Metasensing\IDL_PROJECTS\20151021115
853 22 SAR_CPLX_0_pres_8.dat')
>>> OPENR, importUnit, filename_VV, /GET_LUN
>>> READU, importUnit, array_VV
>>>> A_VV = ABS(array_VV)
>>> B_VV = A_VV^{(0.7/2)}
>>>> images_VV = image(B_VV, TITLE='Intensity VV')
>>>> CLOSE, importUnit
>>> FREE_LUN, importUnit
>>>> end
>>>>
>>>>
>>>> Thanks you
>>>
>>> A couple of comments:
>>> 1) after opening and reading the file, you can close it right away:
>>>
>>> OPENR, importUnit, filename VV, /GET LUN
>>>> READU, importUnit, array VV
>>>> CLOSE, importUnit
>>>> FREE LUN, importUnit
>>> A_VV = ABS(array_VV)
>>> B_VV = A_VV^{(0.7/2)}
>>>> images_VV = image(B_VV, TITLE='Intensity VV')
>>>
>>> 2) regarding your question:
>>>> Know I have two things to solve. The first one is the gray image is a little bit dark so how
can I increase the intensity of it and make it more brighter
>>> remember my answer:
>>> im.min value = mn
>>> im.max_value = mx
>>>
>>> check what im.max_value is and try to make it lower. This defines the white level.
>>>
>>> 3) same page? Try to adapt this code:
>>>
>>> ww = window(dimensions=[1200,600])
```

```
>>> im1 = image(/test, margin=0, layout=[2,1,1], current=ww)
>>> im2 = image(/test, margin=0, layout=[2,1,2], current=ww)
>>>
>>> Check http://www.exelisvis.com/docs/IMAGE.html for details.
>>>
>>> Keep in mind that every image is about 400 Mb. Are you using 64-bit version of IDL (type
print, !version to find out)
>>>
>>> Cheers,
>>> Helder
>>
>> Thanks Helder
>>
>> What I mean in 3 is to open and read more than one file (complex-double) and all the files
have the same number of colomus and raws (5000,5359). So do I tried to do the previous step of
opening a file twice but did not work
>> The first file is:
>> array_HH = make_array(5000, 5359, /dcomplex, /nozero)
>> filename = ('C:\Users\asus\Desktop\Metasensing\IDL PROJECTS\20151021115
853_11_SAR_CPLX_0_pres_8.dat')
>> OPENR, importUnit, filename, /GET_LUN
>> READU, importUnit, array HH
>> CLOSE, importUnit
>> FREE_LUN, importUnit
>>
>> array_VV = make_array(5000, 5359, /dcomplex, /nozero)
>> filename_VV =('C:\Users\asus\Desktop\Metasensing\IDL_PROJECTS\2015102111
5853_22_SAR_CPLX_0_pres_8.dat')
>> OPENR, importUnit, filename VV, /GET LUN
>> READU, importUnit, array VV
>> CLOSE, importUnit
>> FREE LUN, importUnit
>> end
>>
>> This is what I need so I can compare things from file array_HH to array_VV
>> Thanks
>
> why wouldn't that work? what is the error message? Which line throws the error?
  You've gotta tell a bit more if you want some response...
>
> h
```

Sorry Helder When I run it in my desktop it works now but not in the laptob and I think memory issues

Thanks