Subject: Re: Accessing numbered arrays Posted by wlandsman on Thu, 14 Apr 2016 12:56:12 GMT

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Traditionally, one would use EXECUTE() for this.

There might be cases where using EXECUTE() would be faster because one doesn't necessarily need to make a copy of the array. For example, if all you need is the maximum of the array then

```
res = EXECUTE('amax = max(temporary(array' + strtrim(i,2) + '))')
```

gets the maximum, and deletes the array without ever having to make a duplicate copy.

But I think for most cases SCOPE\_VARFETCH would work just as well. (Also note that EXECUTE() can't be used with the virtual machine, but SCOPE\_VARFETCH can).

On Thursday, April 14, 2016 at 7:55:57 AM UTC-4, Richard Morton wrote:

> Hi,

>

>

>

- > I have a routine (not mine) that creates numbered arrays as output, i.e., array1, array2, array3, etc.
- > I would like to access these arrays sequentially within a for loop.
- > I am currently using:
- > FOR i=0,n DO temp=scope\_varfetch('array'+strtrim(i,2)) .
- > This does the job but is this an appropriate way to do it? From my reading about scope\_varfetch it appears to be designed for accessing variables at different levels of the code. This is not what I doing, so I wondered if there was another method.
- If a similar question has been answered before I apologise, I couldn't find anything.
- > Cheers,
- > Richard