## Subject: Re: finding boundary in image having multiple region of interest Posted by gunvicsin11 on Wed, 31 Aug 2016 10:46:17 GMT

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On Wednesday, August 31, 2016 at 3:07:14 PM UTC+5:30, Helder wrote:

- > Hi,
- > I can't tell if what you did is correct or not, but if you want to convert one-dimensional subscript to two dimensional, then array\_indices is the way to go.
- > For some examples, to learn how to use it, have a look at the help pages:
- > http://www.harrisgeospatial.com/docs/ARRAY INDICES.html

>

- > I also think that the label\_region page has an example on how to use the reverse\_indices of the histogram function to retrieve one-dimensional subscripts:
- > http://www.harrisgeospatial.com/docs/LABEL\_REGION.html
- > I think the last line of the example is the most important one:
- > img[r[r[i]:r[i+1]-1]]

>

- > The histogram function help page also has some more info on how to use the reverse indices:
- > http://www.harrisgeospatial.com/docs/histogram.html

>

- > Good luck,
- > Helder

>

- > On Wednesday, August 31, 2016 at 8:21:46 AM UTC+2, sin wrote:
- >> On Tuesday, August 30, 2016 at 2:22:18 PM UTC+5:30, Helder wrote:
- >>> On Tuesday, August 30, 2016 at 8:07:48 AM UTC+2, sin wrote:

>>>> Hi all,

>>> I need to select roi having combined pixel area above 3493pixels and intensity above 1.25.

>>>>

>>>> I tried using find\_boundary which gives the pixel area for pixels above the threshold for one roi that we give as input. But in one image I have multiple rois to be selected. so find\_boundary will not work.

>>>>

>>>> I have several images like this.

>>>>

>>>> So do anyone have any idea to do this.

>>>:

>>> The threshold should be the intensity should be more than 1.25 and the combined pixel area should be greater than 3493 pixels.

>>>>

>>>> thanks

>>>

>>> Hi.

>>> I don't understand why you tried find boundary. But I think what you're looking for is a combination of "greater then" and label\_region.

>>>

```
>>> subImage = myImage gt 1.25
>>> Ir = label_region(subImage)
>>>
>>> then use histogram to identify the regions and look for the one's with more than 3493 pixels.
In case of doubt, follow the example given for label_region:
>>> http://www.harrisgeospatial.com/docs/LABEL_REGION.html
>>>
>>> Here is what is of interest for you:
>>>
>>> h = histogram(Ir, REVERSE INDICES=r)
>>>
>>> ; Print the mean and standard deviation of each region
>>> FOR i=0, N_ELEMENTS(h)-1 DO if h[i] gt 3493 then $
      PRINT, 'This region', i, ', has a population greater than 3493 and has = ', h[i], $
      ', elements. The indices of this region are between ', r[i],' and ', r[i+1]-1
>>>
>>>
>>> I hope this helps.
>>>
>>> Cheers,
>>> Helder
>>
>> Thanks a lot helder, it is very helpful.
>> But I couldnt understand how to get array x,y coordinates from the indices r(i).
>> can i use array_indices for this purpose.
>> I tried but i am not sure whether it is correct or not.
>>
>> thanks
```

Thanks a lot helder