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Subject: Re: Image registration  
Posted by [Klemen](#) on Thu, 01 Jun 2017 06:44:25 GMT  
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Take a look at this links. I can't find files on web, so the code is pasted below as well.  
Hope it helps, Klemen

<http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0098300403001043>  
[www.utsa.edu/LRSG/Teaching/EES5053-06/project/cynthiaproject\\_remote.ppt](http://www.utsa.edu/LRSG/Teaching/EES5053-06/project/cynthiaproject_remote.ppt)

```
; Authors:
; Hongjie Xie, Nigel Hicks, G. Randy Keller, Haitao Huang, Vladik Kreinovich
;
; Title of the paper:
; An IDL/ENVI implementation of the FFT Based Algorithm for Automatic Image Registration
;
; IDL source code for shift, rotation and scaling
; -----
; Functions and procedures:
```

```
FUNCTION Ritio, ARR1, ARR2
  ArrSize = SIZE(ARR1)
  Cols = ArrSize[1]
  Rows = ArrSize[2]

  R=COMPLEXARR(Cols,Rows)
  R1=COMPLEXARR(Cols,Rows)
  R2=FLTARR(Cols,Rows)

  R1=ARR1*(conj(ARR2))
  R2=(abs(ARR1))*(abs(ARR2))

  for j = 0, Cols - 1 do begin
    for i = 0, Rows - 1 do begin
      JUNK = CHECK_MATH()
      !EXCEPT=0
      R[j, i] = R1[j, i] / R2[j, i]
      if FINITE(FLOAT(R[j, i])) EQ 0 then begin
        endif
      if FINITE(imaginary(R[j, i])) EQ 0 then begin
        endif
      endif
    endfor
  endfor
  RETURN, R
END
```

```

FUNCTION LogPolar, RECT, LP
  Pi = 3.14159365359
  RArrSize = SIZE(RECT)
  RCols = RArrSize[1]
  RRows = RArrSize[2]
  LP=temporary(FLTARR(RCols, RRows,/Nozero))

  dTheta= 1.0 * pi / RRows          ; the angle
  b = 10 ^ (alog10(RCols) / RCols)
  for i=0.0, RRows-1.0 do begin
    Theta=i * dTheta
    for j=0.0, RCols-1.0 do begin
      r = b ^ j - 1
      x=r * cos(Theta) + RCols / 2.0
      y=r * sin(Theta) + RRows / 2.0
      x0=floor(x)
      y0=floor(y)
      x1=x0+1
      y1=y0+1
      if (x0 LE RCols-1) and (y0 LE RRows-1) and (x0 GT 1) and (y0 GT 1) THEN
        V00=RECT[x0,y0] else V00=0.0
      if (x0 LE RCols-1) and (y1 LE RRows-1) and (x0 GT 1) and (y1 GT 1) THEN
        V01=RECT[x0,y1] else V01=0.0
      if (x1 LE RCols-1) and (y0 LE RRows-1) and (x1 GT 1) and (y0 GT 1) THEN
        V10=RECT[x1,y0] else V10=0.0
      if (x1 LE RCols-1) and (y1 LE RRows-1) and (x1 GT 1) and (y1 GT 1) THEN
        V11=RECT[x1,y1] else V11=0.0
      V=V00*(x1-x)*(y1-y)+V01*(x1-x)*(y-y0)+V10*(x-x0)*(y1-y)+V11*(y-y0)*(x-x0)
      LP[j,i]=temporary(V)
    endfor
  endfor
  RETURN, LP
END

```

```

PRO HighPass, ARR
  Pi = 3.14159365359
  ArrSize = SIZE(ARR)
  Cols = ArrSize[1]
  Rows = ArrSize[2]
  hpMatrix = temporary(FLTARR((Cols+1)*(Rows+1)))
  for i=0, Rows do begin
    for j=0, Cols do begin
      x=cos(Pi*((i-(Cols/2.0))*(1.0/Cols)))*cos(Pi*((j-(Rows/2.0))*(1.0/Rows)))
      hpMatrix[j*(Cols+1)+i]=(1.0-x)*(2.0-x)
    endfor
  endfor

```

```

for j=0, Cols-1 do begin
  for i=0, Rows-1 do begin
    ARR[j,i]=ARR[j,i]*hpMatrix[i*(Cols+1)+j]
  endfor
endfor
END

```

```

PRO CombineFFT, ARR1, ARR2, FFTARR1, FFTARR2
  ArrSize = SIZE(ARR1)
  Cols = ArrSize[1]
  Rows = ArrSize[2]
  combine = FLTARR(Cols*2,Rows)
  for j = 0, Cols - 1 do begin
    for i = 0, Rows - 1 do begin
      combine[j*2,i] = ARR1[j,i]
      combine[j*2+1,i] = ARR1[j,i]
    endfor
  endfor
  fft_combine = fft(combine, -1)
  for j = 0, Cols - 1 do begin
    for i = 0, Rows - 1 do begin
      FFTARR1[j,i] = fft_combine[j*2,i]
      FFTARR2[j,i] = fft_combine[j*2+1,i]
    endfor
  endfor
END

```

```

FUNCTION LoadImage, FileName, COLS, ROWS
  ARR = BYTARR(COLS, ROWS)
  get_lun, data_lun1
  openr, data_lun1, filepath(FileName,root_dir=['D:\_code\Scratch\shift'])
  readu, data_lun1, ARR
  close, data_lun1
  free_lun, data_lun1
  RETURN, ARR
END

```

```

FUNCTION Normalize, ARR1
  ArrSize = SIZE(ARR1)
  Cols = ArrSize[1]
  Rows = ArrSize[2]
  ARR2 = temporary(FLTARR(COLS, ROWS,/Nozero))
  ARR2 = temporary(ARR1/255.0)
  RETURN, ARR2
END

```

```

PRO ShiftArr, ARR
  ArrSize = SIZE(ARR)

```

```

Cols = ArrSize[1]
Rows = ArrSize[2]
for j = 0, Cols - 1 do begin
  for i = 0, Rows - 1 do begin
    if ((i+j)mod 2) EQ 1 then begin
      Arr[j,i]=temporary(Arr[j,i]*(-1))
    endif
  endfor
endfor
END

```

```

;=====MAIN=====

```

```

PRO srs_idl, l1, l2, results=results;, Ffft_tm, Ffft_rad, Ffft_radc, absF_tm, absF_rad, $
;      R, Rc, IRc, maxn, IX, IY, II, y, x, polar_coord1, $
;      n, m, base, plm1, plm2, i, j, V00, V01, V10, V11, $
;      X0, X1, y0, y1, s, R1, R2, R3, R1_Real, R1_Img

```

```

n=512 ;column
m=512 ; row

```

```

;print, 'Loading images...'
;l1 = LoadImage('t400.img', n, m)
;l2 = LoadImage('Tr19s1.3.img', n, m)
;
Im1 = Normalize(l1)
Im2 = Normalize(l2)

```

```

ShiftArr, Im1
ShiftArr, Im2

```

```

print, 'Doing FFT on two images...'

```

```

fft_im1=FFT(im1,-1)
fft_im2=FFT(im2,-1)

```

```

print, 'Getting absolute value...'

```

```

absF_im1=abs(fft_im1)
absF_im2=abs(fft_im2)

```

```

HighPass, absF_im1
HighPass, absF_im2

```

```

print, 'Transformming log_polar coordinates...'

```

```

plm1 = LogPolar(absF_im1)
plm2 = LogPolar(absF_im2)

print, 'Doing FFT on polar images...'

fft_polar1=fft(plm1,-1)
fft_polar2=fft(plm2,-1)

R = Ritio(fft_polar1, fft_polar2)
inv_R = FFT(R, 1)

abs_IR = abs(inv_R)
Rim = imaginary(inv_R)

maxn = MAX(abs_IR, position)
ArrSize = SIZE(abs_IR)
cols = ArrSize[1]
rows = ArrSize[2]
num = ArrSize[4]

print, "
print, "
print, 'max absolute value position=', position
print, 'total number of elements', num
print, 'max absolute value =', maxn

maxi=max(Rim, iii)
print, 'max imaginary =', maxi
print, 'max imaginary position=', iii

b = 10 ^ (alog10(Cols) / Cols)
scale = b^(position MOD rows)
angle = 180.0 * (position / rows) / cols

ang=angle
if (ang eq 0.0) then begin

    angle=angle

endif else if (ang ge 90.0) then begin
    ang=angle+180.0
    angle=180.0-angle

endif else if (ang lt 90.0) then begin
    ang=angle
    angle=-angle

endif

```

```

print, 'computed scale =', scale
print, 'computed angle =', angle
;print, 'input angle =', theta

Im3=ROT(I2, -ang, 1.0/scale, /cubic);, MISSING = 0.0);, /PIVOT)

Ffft_im1=fft(I1,-1)
Ffft_im2=fft(Im3,-1)

R1=(Ffft_im1*temporary(conj(Ffft_im2)))
R2=(temporary(abs(Ffft_im1))*temporary(abs(Ffft_im2)))
R=R1/R2

IR=fft(R, 1)
print, 'this is IR'

maxn=MAX(IR,I)

print, 'i'
print, I

IX=I MOD n
IY=I / n

X=IX
Y=IY

if ((X gt 0.5*n) and ( Y gt 0.5*m)) then begin
  X=X-n
  Y=Y-m
  IX=X
  IY=Y

endif else if (X gt 0.5*n) then begin
  X=X-n
  IX=X
  IY=IY
endif else if ( Y gt 0.5*m) then begin
  Y=Y-m
  IX=IX
  IY=Y
endif else begin
  IX=IX
  IY=IY
endelse

```

```

print,'this is max'
print, maxn
print,'position'
print, IX, IY
results = [IX, IY, angle, scale]

```

```

END

```

```

; Authors:
; Hongjie Xie, Nigel Hicks, G. Randy Keller, Haitao Huang, Vladik Kreinovich
;
; Title of the paper:
; An IDL/ENVI implementation of the FFT Based Algorithm for Automatic Image Registration

```

```

; IDL source code for shift only
; -----

```

```

pro shift_idl, im1, im2, results=results;Ffft_tm, Ffft_rad, Ffft_radc, absF_tm, absF_rad, $
;      R, Rc, IRc, maxn, IX, IY, I

```

```

n=512 ; pixel columns
m=512 ; pixel lines

```

```

;im1=bytarr(n,m,/Nozero)
;get_lun, data_lun1
;openr, data_lun1, filepath('t350380ori.img',root_dir=['D:\_code\Scratch\shift' ]) ;open original
image for reading
;readu, data_lun1, im1
;close, data_lun1
;free_lun, data_lun1
Ffft_im1=fft(im1,-1) ; forward FFT

```

```

;im2=bytarr(n,m,/Nozero)
;get_lun, data_lun2
;openr, data_lun2, filepath('t350380shf.img', root_dir=['D:\_code\Scratch\shift']) ;open shift image
for reading
;readu, data_lun2, im2
;close, data_lun2
;free_lun, data_lun2
Ffft_im2=fft(im2,-1) ; forward FFT

```

```

R1=(Ffft_im1*temporary(conj(Ffft_im2)))
R2=(temporary(abs(Ffft_im1))*temporary(abs(Ffft_im2)))
R=R1/R2                                ; calculate the ratio

IR=fft(R, 1)                            ; inverse FFT

maxn=MAX(IR,I)                          ; get the position of maximum IR
print, 'i'
print, I

IX=I MOD n                              ; get the shift in columns
IY=I / n                                ; get the shift in lines

X=IX
Y=IY

if ((X gt 0.5*n) and ( Y gt 0.5*m)) then begin
    X=X-n
    Y=Y-m
    IX=X
    IY=Y

endif else if (X gt 0.5*n) then begin
    X=X-n
    IX=X
    IY=IY
endif else if ( Y gt 0.5*m) then begin
    Y=Y-m
    IX=IX
    IY=Y
endif else begin
    IX=IX
    IY=IY
endelse

print,'this is max'
print, maxn
print,'position'
print, IX, IY
results = [IX, IY]

end

```

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