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Subject: Re: Image registration

Posted by [sbose925](#) on Fri, 02 Jun 2017 12:14:17 GMT

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On Thursday, June 1, 2017 at 12:14:29 PM UTC+5:30, Klemen wrote:

> Take a look at this links. I can't find files on web, so the code is pasted below as well.  
> Hope it helps, Klemen  
>  
> <http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0098300403 001043>  
> [www.utsa.edu/LRSG/Teaching/EES5053-06/project/cynthiaproject remote.ppt](http://www.utsa.edu/LRSG/Teaching/EES5053-06/project/cynthiaproject remote.ppt)  
>  
>  
>  
> ; Authors:  
> ; Hongjie Xie, Nigel Hicks, G. Randy Keller, Haitao Huang, Vladik Kreinovich  
> ;  
> ; Title of the paper:  
> ; An IDL/ENVI implementation of the FFT Based Algorithm for Automatic Image Registration  
> ;  
> ; IDL source code for shift, rotation and scaling  
> ; -----  
> ; Functions and procedures:  
>  
> FUNCTION Ritio, ARR1, ARR2  
> ArrSize = SIZE(ARR1)  
> Cols = ArrSize[1]  
> Rows = ArrSize[2]  
>  
> R=COMPLEXARR(Cols,Rows)  
> R1=COMPLEXARR(Cols,Rows)  
> R2=FLTARR(Cols,Rows)  
>  
> R1=ARR1\*(conj(ARR2))  
> R2=(abs(ARR1))\*(abs(ARR2))  
>  
> for j = 0, Cols - 1 do begin  
> for i = 0, Rows - 1 do begin  
> JUNK = CHECK\_MATH()  
> !EXCEPT=0  
> R[j, i] = R1[j, i] / R2[j, i]  
> if FINITE(FLOAT(R[j, i])) EQ 0 then begin  
> endif  
> if FINITE(imaginary(R[j, i])) EQ 0 then begin  
> endif  
> endfor  
> endfor  
> RETURN, R  
> END

```

>
>
>
> FUNCTION LogPolar, RECT, LP
>   Pi = 3.14159365359
>   RArrSize = SIZE(RECT)
>   RCols = RArrSize[1]
>   RRows = RArrSize[2]
>   LP=temporary(FLTARR(RCols, RRows,/Nozero))
>
>   dTheta= 1.0 * pi / RRows           ; the angle
>   b = 10 ^ (alog10(RCols) / RCols)
>   for i=0.0, RRows-1.0 do begin
>     Theta=i * dTheta
>     for j=0.0, RCols-1.0 do begin
>       r = b ^ j - 1
>       x=r * cos(Theta) + RCols / 2.0
>       y=r * sin(Theta) + RRows / 2.0
>       x0=floor(x)
>       y0=floor(y)
>       x1=x0+1
>       y1=y0+1
>       if (x0 LE RCols-1) and (y0 LE RRows-1) and (x0 GT 1) and (y0 GT 1) THEN
V00=RECT[x0,y0] else V00=0.0
>       if (x0 LE RCols-1) and (y1 LE RRows-1) and (x0 GT 1) and (y1 GT 1) THEN
V01=RECT[x0,y1] else V01=0.0
>       if (x1 LE RCols-1) and (y0 LE RRows-1) and (x1 GT 1) and (y0 GT 1) THEN
V10=RECT[x1,y0] else V10=0.0
>       if (x1 LE RCols-1) and (y1 LE RRows-1) and (x1 GT 1) and (y1 GT 1) THEN
V11=RECT[x1,y1] else V11=0.0
>       V=V00*(x1-x)*(y1-y)+V01*(x1-x)*(y-y0)+V10*(x-x0)*(y1-y)+V11*(y-y0)*(x-x0)
>       LP[j,i]=temporary(V)
>     endfor
>   endfor
>   RETURN, LP
> END
>
> PRO HighPass, ARR
>   Pi = 3.14159365359
>   ArrSize = SIZE(ARR)
>   Cols = ArrSize[1]
>   Rows = ArrSize[2]
>   hpMatrix = temporary(FLTARR((Cols+1)*(Rows+1)))
>   for i=0, Rows do begin
>     for j=0, Cols do begin
>       x=cos(Pi*((i-(Cols/2.0))*(1.0/Cols)))*cos(Pi*((j-(Rows/2.0)) *(1.0/Rows)))
>       hpMatrix[i*(Cols+1)+j]=(1.0-x)*(2.0-x)
>     endfor

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> endfor
> for j=0, Cols-1 do begin
>   for i=0, Rows-1 do begin
>     ARR[j,i]=ARR[j,i]*hpMatrix[i*(Cols+1)+j]
>   endfor
> endfor
> END
>
> PRO CombineFFT, ARR1, ARR2, FFTARR1, FFTARR2
> ArrSize = SIZE(ARR1)
> Cols = ArrSize[1]
> Rows = ArrSize[2]
> combine = FLTARR(Cols*2,Rows)
> for j = 0, Cols - 1 do begin
>   for i = 0, Rows - 1 do begin
>     combine[j*2,i] = ARR1[j,i]
>     combine[j*2+1,i] = ARR1[j,i]
>   endfor
> endfor
> fft_combine = fft(combine, -1)
> for j = 0, Cols - 1 do begin
>   for i = 0, Rows - 1 do begin
>     FFTARR1[j,i] = fft_combine[j*2,i]
>     FFTARR2[j,i] = fft_combine[j*2+1,i]
>   endfor
> endfor
> END
>
> FUNCTION LoadImage, FileName, COLS, ROWS
> ARR = BYTARR(COLS, ROWS)
> get_lun, data_lun1
> openr, data_lun1, filepath(FileName,root_dir=['D:\_code\Scratch\shift'])
> readu, data_lun1, ARR
> close, data_lun1
> free_lun, data_lun1
> RETURN, ARR
> END
>
> FUNCTION Normalize, ARR1
> ArrSize = SIZE(ARR1)
> Cols = ArrSize[1]
> Rows = ArrSize[2]
> ARR2 = temporary(FLTARR(COLS, ROWS,/Nozero))
> ARR2 = temporary(ARR1/255.0)
> RETURN, ARR2
> END
>
> PRO ShiftArr, ARR

```

```

> ArrSize = SIZE(ARR)
> Cols = ArrSize[1]
> Rows = ArrSize[2]
> for j = 0, Cols - 1 do begin
>   for i = 0, Rows - 1 do begin
>     if ((i+j)mod 2) EQ 1 then begin
>       Arr[j,i]=temporary(Arr[j,i]*(-1))
>     endif
>   endfor
> endfor
> END
>
>
> ;=====MAIN=====
=====
>
>
>
> PRO srs_idl, I1, I2, results=results;, Ffft_tm, Ffft_rad, Ffft_radc, absF_tm, absF_rad, $
> ;      R, Rc, IRc, maxn, IX, IY, II, y, x, polar_coord1, $
> ;      n, m, base, plm1, plm2, i, j, V00, V01, V10, V11, $
> ;      X0, X1, y0, y1, s, R1, R2, R3, R1_Real, R1_Img
>
> n=512 ;column
> m=512 ; row
>
> ;print, 'Loading images...'
> ;I1 = LoadImage('t400.img', n, m)
> ;I2 = LoadImage('Tr19s1.3.img', n, m)
> ;
> Im1 = Normalize(I1)
> Im2 = Normalize(I2)
>
> ShiftArr, Im1
> ShiftArr, Im2
>
> print, 'Doing FFT on two images...'
>
> fft_im1=FFT(im1,-1)
> fft_im2=FFT(im2,-1)
>
> print, 'Getting absolute value...'
>
> absF_im1=abs(fft_im1)
> absF_im2=abs(fft_im2)
>
> HighPass, absF_im1
> HighPass, absF_im2

```

```

>
> print, 'Transformming log_polar coordinates...'
> plm1 = LogPolar(absF_im1)
> plm2 = LogPolar(absF_im2)
>
> print, 'Doing FFT on polar images...'
>
> fft_polar1=fft(plm1,-1)
> fft_polar2=fft(plm2,-1)
>
> R = Ritio(fft_polar1, fft_polar2)
> inv_R = FFT(R, 1)
>
> abs_IR = abs(inv_R)
> Rim = imaginary(inv_R)
>
> maxn = MAX(abs_IR, position)
> ArrSize = SIZE(abs_IR)
> cols = ArrSize[1]
> rows = ArrSize[2]
> num = ArrSize[4]
>
> print, "
> print, "
> print, 'max absolute value position=', position
> print, 'total number of elements', num
> print, 'max absolute value =', maxn
>
> maxi=max(Rim, iii)
> print, 'max imaginary =', maxi
> print, 'max imaginary position=', iii
>
> b = 10 ^ (alog10(Cols) / Cols)
> scale = b^(position MOD rows)
> angle = 180.0 * (position / rows) / cols
>
> ang=angle
> if (ang eq 0.0) then begin
>
> angle=angle
>
> endif else if (ang ge 90.0) then begin
>   ang=angle+180.0
>   angle=180.0-angle
>
> endif else if (ang lt 90.0) then begin
>   ang=angle
>   angle=-angle

```

```

>
>      endif
>
>
>
> print, 'computed scale =', scale
> print, 'computed angle =', angle
> ;print, 'input angle =', theta
>
> Im3=ROT(I2, -ang, 1.0/scale, /cubic);, MISSING = 0.0);, /PIVOT)
>
> Ffft_im1=fft(I1,-1)
> Ffft_im2=fft(Im3,-1)
>
> R1=(Ffft_im1*temporary(conj(Ffft_im2)))
> R2=(temporary(abs(Ffft_im1))*temporary(abs(Ffft_im2)))
> R=R1/R2
>
> IR=fft(R, 1)
> print, 'this is IR'
>
> maxn=MAX(IR,I)
>
> print, 'i'
> print, I
>
> IX=I MOD n
> IY=I / n
>
> X=IX
> Y=IY
>
> if ((X gt 0.5*n) and ( Y gt 0.5*m)) then begin
>   X=X-n
>   Y=Y-m
>   IX=X
>   IY=Y
>
> endif else if (X gt 0.5*n) then begin
>   X=X-n
>   IX=X
>   IY=IY
> endif else if ( Y gt 0.5*m) then begin
>   Y=Y-m
>   IX=IX
>   IY=Y
> endif else begin
>   IX=IX

```

```

>    IY=IY
>  endelse
>
>
> print,'this is max'
> print, maxn
> print,'position'
> print, IX, IY
> results = [IX, IY, angle, scale]
>
> END
>
>
>
>
> ; Authors:
> ; Hongjie Xie, Nigel Hicks, G. Randy Keller, Haitao Huang, Vladik Kreinovich
> ;
> ; Title of the paper:
> ; An IDL/ENVI implementation of the FFT Based Algorithm for Automatic Image Registration
>
>
> ; IDL source code for shift only
> ; -----
>
>
> pro shift_idl, im1, im2, results=results;Ffft_tm, Ffft_rad, Ffft_radc, absF_tm, absF_rad, $
> ;           R, Rc, IRc, maxn, IX, IY, I
>
> n=512 ; pixel columns
> m=512 ; pixel lines
>
> ;im1=bytarr(n,m,/Nozero)
> ;get_lun, data_lun1
> ;openr, data_lun1, filepath('t350380ori.img',root_dir=['D:\_code\Scratch\shift']) ;open original
image for reading
> ;readu, data_lun1, im1
> ;close, data_lun1
> ;free_lun, data_lun1
> Ffft_im1=fft(im1,-1) ; forward FFT
>
> ;im2=bytarr(n,m,/Nozero)
> ;get_lun, data_lun2
> ;openr, data_lun2, filepath('t350380shf.img', root_dir=['D:\_code\Scratch\shift']) ;open shift
image for reading
> ;readu, data_lun2, im2
> ;close, data_lun2
> ;free_lun, data_lun2

```

```

> Ffft_im2=fft(im2,-1) ; forward FFT
>
> R1=(Ffft_im1*temporary(conj(Ffft_im2)))
> R2=(temporary(abs(Ffft_im1))*temporary(abs(Ffft_im2)))
> R=R1/R2 ; calculate the ratio
>
> IR=fft(R, 1) ; inverse FFT
>
> maxn=MAX(IR,I) ; get the position of maximum IR
> print, 'I'
> print, I
>
> IX=I MOD n ; get the shift in columns
> IY=I / n ; get the shift in lines
>
> X=IX
> Y=IY
>
> if ((X gt 0.5*n) and ( Y gt 0.5*m)) then begin
>   X=X-n
>   Y=Y-m
>   IX=X
>   IY=Y
>
>   endif else if (X gt 0.5*n) then begin
>     X=X-n
>     IX=X
>     IY=IY
>   endif else if ( Y gt 0.5*m) then begin
>     Y=Y-m
>     IX=IX
>     IY=Y
>   endif else begin
>     IX=IX
>     IY=IY
>   endelse
>
>   print,'this is max'
>   print, maxn
>   print,'position'
>   print, IX, IY
>   results = [IX, IY]
>
> end

```

Hi,

Thanks for detailing the code and the paper. I am sure it would be of immense help.

Cheers!

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