Subject: Re: Pain with the contour() function Posted by lecacheux.alain on Thu, 15 Jun 2017 08:56:30 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

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Le mercredi 14 juin 2017 17:45:39 UTC+2, Markus Schmassmann a écrit :
> On 06/14/2017 05:09 PM, Helder wrote:
>> I was trying to plot an image with the contour function and I banged my head against the
monitor for a while. I now have the solution and I'm sharing it. Probably most people know this
very well. I didn't.
>> I followed the example given for the colorbar() function (Example: Discrete Contour Levels
with Colorbar):
>> http://www.harrisgeospatial.com/docs/Colorbars.html
>>
>> So I generated my data with the code below and it appeared strangely shifted to the side.
>>
\rightarrow dis = dist(688)
>> n levels = 6
>> levels = findgen(n levels)
>> ct number = 4
>> ct indices = bytscl(levels)
>> loadct, ct_number, rgb_table=ct, /silent
>> step ct = congrid(ct[ct indices, *], 256, 3)
>> dis = (n_levels-1)*dis/max(dis)
>> ii = contour(dis, c_value = levels, rgb_table = step_ct, rgb_indices = ct_indices, /fill,
axis_style=0)
>>
>> I then started playing around with the position and margin keywords, but had no luck. Finally it
all comes down to using xRange and yRange (or xStyle=1, yStyle=1):
>>
>> ii = contour(dis, c_value = levels, rgb_table = step_ct, rgb_indices = ct_indices, /fill,
axis style=0, xStyle=1, yStyle=1)
>>
>> The reason is that contour() plots images as if they were plots, so it defines some axis around
it and you have to make sure you're not having uncovered regions.
>>
>> Well, back to work.
> another pain with contour, or any combination of raster graphics and
> vector graphics elements is, that they are natively offset by half a
 pixel (or whatever you want to call the data unit here):
>
   c=contour(dist(10),overplot=image(35*dist(10),dimension=[250,250],$
     position=[25,25,225,225],/dev))
>
>
  the solution to that is
>
```

closed=0,levels=[0:6]

> contour, dist(10), path xy=line, path info=info, /path data coord, \$

```
> i1=image(35*dist(10),dimension=[250,250], $
> position=[25,25,225,225],/dev)
> foreach in,info do p=plot(line[*,in.offset+[lindgen(in.n),in.type ? 0 :$
> !null]]+.5, color=255b-[40b,40b,0b]*byte(in.value),overplot=i1)
> -- Markus

I would rather write:

c=contour(dist(10),overplot=image(35*dist(10),dimension=[250 ,250], $
    IMAGE_LOCATION=[-0.5,-0.5], $
    position=[25,25,225,225],/dev))

since, by convention, the image grid locates the lower left point of each pixel.

alx.
```