Andy Loughe wrote:
> Given vectors of the type...
>
> a = [1,2,3,4,5]
> b = [3,4,5,6,7]
>
> What is the most efficient way to determine which values that occur in
> a also occur in b (i.e., the values [3,4,5] occur in both a and b).
How about:
 x=where(a eq b)
This will give you the index numbers in a of those values that are also in b.
So, to vector of the actual values would be a(x).

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