

## Subject: Velocity vectors on maps

Posted by [bowman](#) on Wed, 06 Oct 1999 07:00:00 GMT

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Can anyone give me pointers to IDL procedures to making correct velocity vector plots on maps, notably azimuthal polar projections?

This is one of those annoying inadequacies in IDL (see earlier discussion on mathematical routines) that include niggling mapping and contouring problems. (NCAR graphics did vector and streamline plots well years ago -- if you could stand to use NCAR graphics.)

Thanks, Ken Bowman

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Dr. Kenneth P. Bowman, Professor                    409-862-4060  
Department of Meteorology                        409-862-4466 fax  
Texas A&M University                                bowman@csrp.tamu.edu  
College Station, TX 77843-3150                    Replace AT with @

Subject: Re: Velocity vectors on map

Posted by m218003 on Mon, 25 Oct 1999 07:00:00 GMT

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In article <38074F24.15FB@csrp.tamu.edu>,  
Kyong Hwan Seo <khseo@csrp.tamu.edu> writes:  
> Hi folks,  
>  
> Does anyone have a code to plot wind vectors correctly on a map  
> (azimuthal polar projection)?  
> The vector length should not plotted with respect to a cell (In the  
> procedure "VELOVECT", the vector length is with respect to a cell) ..  
> If you have any idea about this, please reply for me.  
> Thanks.

try out my modification of VELOVET which allows for irregularly spaced data and includes your desired modification for a proper LENGTH keyword (by Franz Rohrer).

Please find msvelovect.pro attached.

Martin

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[[ Dr. Martin Schultz Max-Planck-Institut fuer Meteorologie [[  
[[ Bundesstr. 55, 20146 Hamburg [[



; OPTIONAL INPUT PARAMETERS:  
; X: Optional abscissae values. X must be a vector with a length  
; equal to the first dimension of U and V \*OR\* a 2-dimensional  
; array with the same dimensions as U and V.  
;  
; Y: Optional ordinate values. Y must be a vector with a length  
; equal to the first dimension of U and V \*OR\* a 2-dimensional  
; array with the same dimensions as U and V.  
;  
; KEYWORD INPUT PARAMETERS:  
; COLOR: The color index used for the plot.  
;  
; DOTS: Set this keyword to 1 to place a dot at each missing point.  
; Set this keyword to 0 or omit it to draw nothing for missing  
; points. Has effect only if MISSING is specified.  
;  
; LENGTH: Length factor. The default of 1.0 makes the longest (U,V)  
; vector the length of a cell.  
;     ### Franz Rohrer's modification of the LENGTH keyword:  
;     LENGTH now applies a scale factor relative to the data values,  
;     not just a relative scaling. If you don't specify LENGTH it acts  
;     as before.  
;  
;     MISSING: Missing data value. Vectors with a LENGTH greater  
; than MISSING are ignored.  
;  
;     OVERPLOT: Set this keyword to make VELOVECT "overplot". That is, the  
; current graphics screen is not erased, no axes are drawn, and  
; the previously established scaling remains in effect.  
;  
;     NOZERO: Do not plot zero vectors as dots.  
;  
; Note: All other keywords are passed directly to the PLOT procedure  
; and may be used to set option such as TITLE, POSITION,  
; NOERASE, etc.  
; OUTPUTS:  
; None.  
;  
; COMMON BLOCKS:  
; None.  
;  
; SIDE EFFECTS:  
; Plotting on the selected device is performed. System  
; variables concerning plotting are changed.  
;  
; RESTRICTIONS:  
; None.  
;

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; PROCEDURE:
; Straightforward. Unrecognized keywords are passed to the PLOT
; procedure.
;
; MODIFICATION HISTORY:
; DMS, RSI, Oct., 1983.
; For Sun, DMS, RSI, April, 1989.
; Added TITLE, Oct, 1990.
; Added POSITION, NOERASE, COLOR, Feb 91, RES.
; August, 1993. Vince Patrick, Adv. Visualization Lab, U. of Maryland,
; fixed errors in math.
; August, 1993. DMS, Added _EXTRA keyword inheritance.
; January, 1994, KDB. Fixed integer math which produced 0 and caused
; divide by zero errors.
; December, 1994, MWR. Added _EXTRA inheritance for PLOTS and OPLOT.
; June, 1995, MWR. Removed _EXTRA inheritance for PLOTS and changed
; OPLOT to PLOTS.
; September, 1996, GGS. Changed denominator of x_step and y_step vars.
; February, 1998, DLD. Add support for CLIP and NO_CLIP keywords.
; June, 1998, DLD. Add support for OVERPLOT keyword.
; 16 Sep 1999: Martin Schultz added support for 2D U and V arrays
; cleaned up the routine some and added the NOZERO keyword.
; (renamed as msvelovect.pro on Sep 23)
; Also included Franz Rohrer's modification of the LENGTH keyword:
; LENGTH now applies a scale factor relative to the data values,
; not just a relative scaling. If you don't specify LENGTH it acts
; as before.
;
;
; on_error,2           ;Return to caller if an error occurs
s = size(u)
t = size(v)
if s[0] ne 2 then begin
baduv:   message, 'U and V parameters must be 2D and same size.'
endif
if total(abs(s[0:2]-t[0:2])) ne 0 then goto,baduv
;
if n_params() lt 3 then x = findgen(s[1]) $
else begin
  sx = size(x)
  if (sx[0] eq 2) then begin
    if total(abs(sx[0:2]-s[0:2])) ne 0 then begin
badx:   message, 'X array has incorrect size.'
endif
endif else $
  if n_elements(x) ne s[1] then goto,badx
endelse
;

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if n_params() lt 4 then y = findgen(s[2]) $
else begin
    sy = size(y)
    if (sy[0] eq 2) then begin
        if (sx[0] ne 2) then goto,bady
        if total(abs(sy[0:2]-s[0:2])) ne 0 then begin
bady:      message, 'Y array has incorrect size.'
            endif
        endif else $
            if n_elements(y) ne s[1] then goto,bady
    endelse
;
    if n_elements(missing) le 0 then missing = 1.0e30
; ### FR: use LENGTH differently -- allows absolute scaling
;     if n_elements(length) le 0 then length = 1.0

    mag = sqrt(u^2.+v^2.)           ;magnitude.
    ;Subscripts of good elements
    nbad = 0                      ;# of missing points
; ## mgs: because of defaulting 5 lines above, missing always has a value!!
;     if n_elements(missing) gt 0 then begin
        good = where(mag lt missing)
        if keyword_set(dots) then bad = where(mag ge missing, nbad)
;     endif else begin
;         good = lindgen(n_elements(mag))
;     endelse

    ugood = u[good]
    vgood = v[good]
    x0 = min(x)                  ;get scaling
    x1 = max(x)
    y0 = min(y)
    y1 = max(y)
    x_step=(x1-x0)/(s[1]-1.0)   ; Convert to float. Integer math
    y_step=(y1-y0)/(s[2]-1.0)   ; could result in divide by 0

maxmag=max([max(abs(ugood/x_step)),max(abs(vgood/y_step))])
; ### FR:
    if n_elements(length) gt 0 then maxmag=length/x_step
    sina = (ugood/maxmag)
    cosa = (vgood/maxmag)
; ## original:
;     sina = length * (ugood/maxmag)
;     cosa = length * (vgood/maxmag)
;
    if n_elements(title) le 0 then title =
;----- plot to get axes -----
    if n_elements(color) eq 0 then color = !p.color

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if n_elements(noclip) eq 0 then noclip = 1
x_b0=x0-x_step
x_b1=x1+x_step
y_b0=y0-y_step
y_b1=y1+y_step
  if (not keyword_set(overplot)) then begin
;    if n_elements(position) eq 0 then begin
      plot,[x_b0,x_b1],[y_b1,y_b0],/nodata,/xst,/yst, $
        color=color, _EXTRA = extra
;    endif else begin
;      plot,[x_b0,x_b1],[y_b1,y_b0],/nodata,/xst,/yst, $
        color=color, _EXTRA = extra
;    endelse
  endif
  if n_elements(clip) eq 0 then $
    clip = [!x.crange[0],!y.crange[0],!x.crange[1],!y.crange[1]]
;
r = .3          ;len of arrow head
angle = 22.5 * !dtor      ;Angle of arrowhead
st = r * sin(angle)      ;sin 22.5 degs * length of head
ct = r * cos(angle)
;
for i=0,n_elements(good)-1 do begin    ;Each point
  if (sx[0] eq 2) then begin
    x0 = x[good[i]]      ;get coords of start & end
    y0 = y[good[i]]
  endif else begin
    x0 = x[good[i] mod s[1]]      ;get coords of start & end
    y0 = y[good[i] / s[1]]
  endelse
    dx = sina[i]
    x1 = x0 + dx
    dy = cosa[i]
    y1 = y0 + dy
  xd=x_step
  yd=y_step
    ; plot zero vectors as dots
    if (mag[i] eq 0.) then begin
      if (not keyword_set(NOZERO)) then $
        plots,x[i],y[i],psym=3,color=color,clip=clip, $
          noclip=noclip
      endif else $
        plots,[x0,x1,x1-(ct*dx/xd-st*dy/yd)*xd, $
x1,x1-(ct*dx/xd+st*dy/yd)*xd], $
[y0,y1,y1-(ct*dy/yd+st*dx/xd)*yd, $
y1,y1-(ct*dy/yd-st*dx/xd)*yd], $
          color=color,clip=clip,noclip=noclip
    endfor

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```
if nbad gt 0 then begin
  if (sx[0] eq 2) then begin      ;Dots for missing?
    PLOTS, x[bad], y[bad], psym=3, color=color, $
      clip=clip,noclip=noclip
  endif else begin
    PLOTS, x[bad mod s[1]], y[bad / s[1]], psym=3, color=color, $
      clip=clip,noclip=noclip
  endelse
endif

end
```

#### File Attachments

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- 1) [msvelovect.pro](#), downloaded 69 times
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