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Subject: Re: Plotting double precision  
Posted by [Craig Markwardt](#) on Thu, 24 Feb 2000 08:00:00 GMT  
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davidf@dfanning.com (David Fanning) writes:

- > Investigate some of the keywords
- > that are available for the PLOT command. I would start with
- > [XYZ]Tickname, [XYZ]TickV, and maybe [XYZ]Tickformat.

Yeah, and welcome to another planet of hurt. David is right though.  
The best solution is to scale your data and then label the axes  
yourself. Personally, I think it's actually cleaner to scale your  
data by  $10^{(-39)}$ , and then put that in the "units" of your x/ytitle.

I've also encountered the single-precision-plotting problem when I am  
plotting numbers with  $X = X0*(1+d)$  where d is very small. When d/X0  
becomes smaller than about 1 in a million, you can see a noticeable  
staircase effect on the plot, since single precision can't preserve  
the fidelity. My only solution has been to subtract and rescale the  
data.

Craig

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Craig B. Markwardt, Ph.D.      EMAIL: [craigmnet@cow.physics.wisc.edu](mailto:craigmnet@cow.physics.wisc.edu)  
Astrophysics, IDL, Finance, Derivatives | Remove "net" for better response  
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Jacques Basson ([jfb37@NOSPAM.cam.ac.uk](mailto:jfb37@NOSPAM.cam.ac.uk)) writes:

- > Does anyone know how I can plot double precision values in IDL. The plot
- > routine help says:
- >
- > Plots created with PLOT are limited to the range and precision of
- > single-precision floating-point values.
- >
- > Unfortunately, this means that values which do not lie in the
- >  $\pm 10^{(\pm 38)}$  range can't be easily plotted. Of course as luck would have
- > it, my values are of the order  $10^{(-39)}$ , and I'd rather not have factors
- > of 10 in my labels. The other option would be to take logs before
- > plotting rather than using the /ylog keyword, but I prefer the axis
- > label to have the value of the variable, rather than its log.

How you plot the data and how you label the axes are really two separate issues. They appear causally connected only because most of us are lazy enough to let IDL do the labelling from the data. But it doesn't have to be that way at all. Investigate some of the keywords that are available for the PLOT command. I would start with [XYZ]Tickname, [XYZ]TickV, and maybe [XYZ]Tickformat.

Cheers,

David

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Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming: <http://www.dfanning.com/>

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