
Subject: Global variable vs common block

Posted by [marc schellens\[1\]](#) on Thu, 16 Mar 2000 08:00:00 GMT

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hello everybody,

I have a very large program which uses common blocks (sorry David), nowadays I don't like them any more (never liked them but lately I discovered the DEFSYSV command :-). I used for the whole program just one common block holding one structure (all the global data).

It was easy to change the suff to use a ('!named') global variable, and at a first look everything seem to work fine.

So my question is: Is there something I have not thought about/do not know were I can run into a limitation with this?

Wanna know this before I spent more time on the prog and eventually have to change it back.

thanks,
:-) marc

Subject: Re: Global Variable

Posted by [Martin Downing](#) on Mon, 01 Oct 2001 09:40:36 GMT

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First comment is to only use global variables sparingly, sometimes they are appropriate but try not to rely on them to make programming simpler.

I know of three ways, the SYSTEM variables are fully global, and may be user defined, COMMON BLOCK variables are shared between those routines which include a

declaration for the common block, these are very suitable for those programs where you cant find a way of writing your code without creating global variables, but do not want the variables to be seen by any old routine.

system variable eg:

```
IDL>filepaths = {tag:"FILEPATHS", bin:bin}
```

```
IDL>defsysv, '!fpaths',filepaths ; a variable for local paths
```

now you can use this variable from anywhere in your code as:

```
IDL> print, !fpaths.bin
```

```
d:\martin\bin\
```

For common block variables you need a block identifier then a list of variables in the block. Note that the order is all that is relevent and that the first declaration defines the size of the block: eg

```

pro foo
  COMMON FOO_COMMON_VARIABLES, a,b,c,d
  a = "first"
  b="second"
  c="third"
  d="fourth"
  print_foo
end

```

```

pro print_foo
  ; note later calls do not have to declare all block variables
  COMMON FOO_COMMON_VARIABLES, d,c,var3
  print, d
  print, c,
  print, var3
end

```

the result of calling this procedure is demonstrates that there is no association between variable names in the common block just the variable order.

```

IDL> foo
first
second
third

```

 Lastly there is a *really* nice way of passing around all the 'global' variables you need in your widget programs using get/set_uvalue which. This is my favourite tip learnt from David's books so I shall leave him to describe. In essence you call:

```

WIDGET_CONTROL, base, SET_UVALUE=info_structure
WIDGET_CONTROL, event.top, GET_UVALUE=info_structure

```

cheers

Martin

 Martin Downing,
 Clinical Research Physicist,
 Orthopaedic RSA Research Centre,
 Woodend Hospital, Aberdeen, AB15 6LS.

```

news:3BB82DB7.265E2670@ehma.upc.es...
> Anybody know how can I define a global variable?
>
> Thanx.

```

```
>
> --
> +-----+
> |                |
> | http://campus.uab.es/~2034008      |
> |                |
> | (http://www.upc.es/ehma/gmh)      |
> +-----+
>
>
>
```

Subject: Re: Global Variable

Posted by [R.Bauer](#) on Mon, 01 Oct 2001 09:53:21 GMT

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Martin Downing wrote:

```
>
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> -----
>
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```

```

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> end
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>
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> WIDGET_CONTROL, event.top, GET_UVALUE=info_structure
>
> cheers
>

```

The fourth way is to use Pointers

```

value=10
ptr=ptr_new(value)

```

```

help, *ptr

```

Reimar

--

Reimar Bauer

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=====

a IDL library at Forschungszentrum Juelich
http://www.fz-juelich.de/icg/icg1/idl_icglib/idl_lib_intro.html

http://www.fz-juelich.de/zb/text/publikation/juel3786.html

=====

read something about linux / windows
http://www.suse.de/de/news/hotnews/MS.html

Subject: Re: Global Variable

Posted by

on Mon, 01 Oct 2001 10:46:05 GMT

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Reimar Bauer wrote:

> Martin Downing wrote:

>>

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>> appropriate but try not to rely on them to make programming simpler.

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>> d:\martin\bin\
>> -----

>>

>>

>> For common block variables you need a block identifier then a list of
>> variables in the block. Note that the order is all that is relevant and that
>> the first declaration defines the size of the block: eg

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```

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>>   COMMON FOO_COMMON_VARIABLES, d,c,var3
>>   print, d
>>   print, c,
>>   print, var3
>> end
>>
>> the result of calling this procedure is demonstrates that there is no
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>> describe. In essence you call:
>> WIDGET_CONTROL, base, SET_UVALUE=info_structure
>> WIDGET_CONTROL, event.top, GET_UVALUE=info_structure
>>
>> cheers
>>
>
> The fourth way is to use Pointers
>
> value=10
> ptr=ptr_new(value)
>
> help, *ptr
>
> Reimar
>
> --
> Reimar Bauer
>

```

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> email: R.Bauer@fz-juelich.de
> http://www.fz-juelich.de/icg/icg1/
> =====
> a IDL library at ForschungsZentrum Juelich
> http://www.fz-juelich.de/icg/icg1/idl_icglib/idl_lib_intro.h tml
>
> http://www.fz-juelich.de/zb/text/publikation/juel3786.html
> =====
>
> read something about linux / windows
> http://www.suse.de/de/news/hotnews/MS.html

Ok, thanx.

I prefer the de defsysv method.

--
+-----+
| Miguel Angel Círdoba cordoba@ehma.upc.es |
| |
| http://campus.uab.es/~2034008 |
| |
| Grup de Modelització i Hidrometeorològica (UPC) |
| (http://www.upc.es/ehma/gmh) |
+-----+

Subject: Re: Global Variable
Posted by [Martin Downing](#) on Mon, 01 Oct 2001 11:14:13 GMT
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"Reimar Bauer" <r.bauer@fz-juelich.de> wrote in message
news:3BB83D11.5A58FC00@fz-juelich.de...

>
> The fourth way is to use Pointers
>
>
> value=10
> ptr=ptr_new(value)
>
> help, *ptr
>
> Reimar
>

Reimar,

If this is to be a global variable, do you have a cunning method of locating and identifying this variable off the heap?

Martin

Subject: Re: Global Variable

Posted by [R.Bauer](#) on Mon, 01 Oct 2001 12:04:59 GMT

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Martin Downing wrote:

```
>
> "Reimar Bauer" <r.bauer@fz-juelich.de> wrote in message
> news:3BB83D11.5A58FC00@fz-juelich.de...
>>
>> The fourth way is to use Pointers
>>
>>
>> value=10
>> ptr=ptr_new(value)
>>
>> help, *ptr
>>
>> Reimar
>>
>
> Reimar,
>
> If this is to be a global variable, do you have a cunning method of locating
> and identifying this variable off the heap?
>
> Martin
```

- locating is be done by ptr_valid()

- identifying is a bit more complicated.

At the moment I am only able to identify named structures as pointers. We are using them as global variable in some of our widgets with external communication between some of our widgets.

http://www.fz-juelich.de/icg/icg1/idl_icglib/idl_source/idl_html/dbase/download/get_pointer.tar.gz

Reimar

--

Reimar Bauer

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<http://www.fz-juelich.de/icg/icg1/>

=====
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<http://www.fz-juelich.de/zb/text/publikation/juel3786.html>
=====

read something about linux / windows
<http://www.suse.de/de/news/hotnews/MS.html>

Subject: Re: Global Variable
Posted by [Pavel A. Romashkin](#) on Mon, 01 Oct 2001 15:33:30 GMT
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Martin,
The following URL points to a tiny file that does what you want.
http://spot.colorado.edu/~romashki/idl/single_set.sav
You can see basic description by typing
SINGLE_SET, /HELP
To set a global variable, use
SINGLE_SET, 'The_Name', My_State[, /NO_COPY]
To read it, use
My_State = SINGLE_GET('The_Name'[, /NO_COPY])
To kill it:
SINGLE_KILL, 'The_Name'
There is no limit on the number of named global variables.
If you did not keep track of global pointers using GET_HANDLE then
HEAP_GC will be able to kill them, as they exist as dangling references.
In this case, call to SINGLE_GET will re-create the named global
variable, but, of course, not its contents.
However, they are accessible via SINGLE_GET at any time.

Cheers,
Pavel

Disclaimer: I do not support using global variables. Provided procedure was
only written as an alternative to using COMMON blocks for those rarest
cases when widget programs are absolutely independent but benefit from
being aware of each other.

Martin Downing wrote:

>
> Reimar,
>
> If this is to be a global variable, do you have a cunning method of locating
> and identifying this variable off the heap?
>
> Martin
