Subject: string to array conversion

Posted by Karsten Schmidt on Wed, 02 Aug 2000 07:00:00 GMT

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Hi all,

I want to create very long strings (300 characters and more), but sometimes IDL makes an array with three or four dimensions. How can I stop this conversion?

Thanks for answer

Karsten

Subject: Re: string to array conversion

Posted by Alex Schuster on Wed, 09 Aug 2000 07:00:00 GMT

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Karsten Schmidt wrote:

- > I want to create very long strings (300 characters and more), but
- > sometimes IDL makes an array with three or four dimensions. How can I
- > stop this conversion?

Can you give us an example of what exactly you are doing? I did not encounter this behaviour before, strings have always worked fine for me.

IDL> help, string(bytarr(20000) + 65b)

<Expression> STRING =

Alex

--

Alex Schuster Wonko@weird.cologne.de alex@pet.mpin-koeln.mpg.de

PGP Key available

Subject: Re: string to array conversion

Posted by davidf on Thu, 10 Aug 2000 07:00:00 GMT

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Karsten Schmidt (k.schmidt@vermes.fh-oldenburg.de) writes:

- > Hi Alex, thanks for your answer,
- > I want to change the stringlength or produce new strings (delete and add
- > some words), example:

>

```
print,strlen(a)
       272
> help,a
            STRING =
> '||||||||||||||
> that's allright,
> but if I write:
> word=string('long strings are my problem')
> together=string(word,word,word,word,word,word)
> print,strlen(together)
        162
> help,togehter
                         TOGETHER
                 ==>
                                          STRING
                                                    = Array[2]
> What's happen and how can I stop it?
If you want to string words together, you should
use the + sign:
 IDL> word1 = 'Hello '
 IDL> word2 = 'Karsten'
 IDL> word3 = ': How are you?"
 IDL> sentence = word1 + word2 + word3
 IDL> Print, sentence
  Hello Karsten: How are you?
Cheers.
David
David Fanning, Ph.D.
Fanning Software Consulting
Phone: 970-221-0438 E-Mail: davidf@dfanning.com
Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming: http://www.dfanning.com/
Toll-Free IDL Book Orders: 1-888-461-0155
```

Subject: Re: string to array conversion
Posted by Karsten Schmidt on Thu, 10 Aug 2000 07:00:00 GMT
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Hi Alex, thanks for your answer,

I want to change the stringlength or produce new strings (delete and add some words), example:

```
print, strlen(a)
    272
help,a
Α
         STRING =
that's allright,
but if I write:
word=string('long strings are my problem')
together=string(word,word,word,word,word,word)
print,strlen(together)
    162
help,togehter
                    TOGETHER
                                  STRING
                                           = Array[2]
             ==>
What's happen and how can I stop it?
    Karsten
Alex Schuster schrieb:
> Karsten Schmidt wrote:
>
>> I want to create very long strings (300 characters and more), but
>> sometimes IDL makes an array with three or four dimensions. How can I
>> stop this conversion?
>
> Can you give us an example of what exactly you are doing? I did not
 encounter this behaviour before, strings have always worked fine for me.
> IDL> help, string( bytarr( 20000 ) + 65b )
> <Expression> STRING
 >
      Alex
>
                Wonko@weird.cologne.de
                                           PGP Key available
  Alex Schuster
            alex@pet.mpin-koeln.mpg.de
```

Subject: Re: string to array conversion
Posted by Martin Schultz on Fri, 11 Aug 2000 07:00:00 GMT
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Karsten Schmidt wrote:

>

> Hi Alex, thanks for your answer,

```
> I want to change the stringlength or produce new strings (delete and add
 some words), example:
 print,strlen(a)
>
      272
>
> help,a
> A
          STRING
> '|||||||||||||
> that's allright.
> but if I write:
> word=string('long strings are my problem')
> together=string(word,word,word,word,word,word)
> print, strlen(together)
      162
              27
>
              ==>
                     TOGETHER
                                  STRING
 help,togehter
                                           = Array
 What's happen and how can I stop it?
>
     Karsten
>
Hallo Karsten,
 another possible solution is the format option for the string
function, see example below.
Cheers,
Martin
; generate two example strings of 300 byte length each
b=bytarr(300)+65B
c=bytarr(300)+69B
bs=string(b)
help.bs
: BS
          STRING
print, strlen(bs)
    300
cs=string(c)
; if you use only the string function, IDL will generate a string array
ds=string(bs,cs)
help,ds & print,strlen(ds)
; DS
          STRING
                  = Array[2]
    300
           300
```

```
; however, if you add the format option, you can concetanate the strings
ds=string(bs,cs,format='(A,A)')
help,ds & print,strlen(ds)
: DS
        STRING
600
[[ Dr. Martin Schultz Max-Planck-Institut fuer Meteorologie
          Bundesstr. 55, 20146 Hamburg
          phone: +49 40 41173-308
[[
                                   [[
          fax: +49 40 41173-298
[[
                                 [[
[[ martin.schultz@dkrz.de
                                 [[
```

Subject: Re: string to array conversion

Posted by R.Bauer on Fri, 11 Aug 2000 07:00:00 GMT

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David Fanning wrote:

>

> Karsten Schmidt (k.schmidt@vermes.fh-oldenburg.de) writes:

>

- >> Hi Alex, thanks for your answer,
- >> I want to change the stringlength or produce new strings (delete and add
- >> some words), example:

Dear Karsten,

this is our solution of a replace string routine.

For further routines copyright and licence.

http://www.fz-juelich.de/icg/icg1/idl_icglib/idl_lib_intro.h tml

The routine itselfs.

http://www.fz-juelich.de/icg/icg1/idl_icglib/idl_source/idl_

html/dbase/download/replace_string.tar.gz

The routine as loadable module.

http://www.fz-juelich.de/icg/icg1/idl_icglib/idl_source/idl_ html/dbase/download/replace_string.sav

: EXAMPLE:

```
help,replace_string('Dies ist ein Test',' ','_')
  <Expression> STRING = 'Dies ist ein Test'
  help,replace_string('Dies ist ein Test','','_',pos=5)
  <Expression> STRING = 'Dies ist_ein_Test'
 help,replace_string('Dies ist ein Test', '', '_', pos=5, no=1)
  <Expression> STRING = 'Dies ist_ein Test'
  help, replace string('Dies ist ein Test', 'ist', 'ist')
  <Expression> STRING = 'Dies ist ein Test'
  help,replace string('Dies ist ein Test, ist ein', 'ist', 'ist nicht')
  <Expression> STRING = 'Dies ist nicht ein Test, ist nicht ein'
  help,replace_string('\\\\\\','\','/')
  <Expression> STRING = '///////
help,replace_string('["..\idl_html\idl_work_cat.htm"]','cat','cat_org')
  <Expression> STRING = '["..\idl_html\idl_work_cat_org.htm"]'
  print,replace_string(['12:33:00','12:33:00','12:33:00'],':', ")
  123300 123300 123300
print,replace string(['12:33:00','12:33:00','12:33:00'],':', ",pos=5)
  12:3300 12:3300 12:3300
  print,replace_string( 'asdf___ertz_j','__', ")
  asdf ertz j
print,replace_string(['12:33:00','12:33:00','12:33:00'],':', ",pos=5,count=c),c
  12:3300 12:3300 12:3300
  3
print,replace_string(['12:33:00','12:33:00','12:33:00'],':', ",count=c),c
  123300 123300 123300
  6
>>
>>
>> print,strlen(a)
        272
>>
>> help,a
>> A
             STRING =
>> '|||||||||||||||
>> that's allright,
>> but if I write:
>> word=string('long strings are my problem')
>> together=string(word,word,word,word,word,word)
>> print, strlen(together)
        162
                 27
>>
                         TOGETHER
                                         STRING
                                                   = Array[2]
>> help,togehter
                  ==>
```

```
>>
>> What's happen and how can I stop it?
> If you want to string words together, you should
> use the + sign:
   IDL> word1 = 'Hello '
>
   IDL> word2 = 'Karsten'
   IDL> word3 = ': How are you?"
   IDL> sentence = word1 + word2 + word3
   IDL> Print, sentence
>
>
     Hello Karsten: How are you?
>
>
> Cheers,
>
> David
> David Fanning, Ph.D.
> Fanning Software Consulting
> Phone: 970-221-0438 E-Mail: davidf@dfanning.com
> Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming: http://www.dfanning.com/
> Toll-Free IDL Book Orders: 1-888-461-0155
```