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Subject: Re: Reading from process pipes in IDL?  
Posted by [Craig Markwardt](#) on Thu, 21 Sep 2000 07:00:00 GMT  
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landsman@mpb.gsfc.nasa.gov writes:

- > In V5.3, the /COMPRESS keyword was introduced to OPENR, which allows you
- > to directly access gzip'ed files in an OS-independent way. I've been
- > quite happy with this feature -- you can read compressed files almost
- > completely transparently. One thing to watch out for, is that
- > although POINT\_LUN works on compressed files, it is much slower than on
- > regular files, since IDL always has to reset to the beginning on each
- > POINT\_LUN call for compressed files.

I agree that this IDL v5.3 feature sounds pretty cool. I wonder when we'll get it here... The seek slowdown you mentioned does not occur in my seekable pipes library. The seek is lazy, which means that no data is uncompressed until it actually needs to be read. You pay the price however, by needing a temporary storage area to hold the uncompressed data.

Craig

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Craig B. Markwardt, Ph.D.      EMAIL: [craigmnet@cow.physics.wisc.edu](mailto:craigmnet@cow.physics.wisc.edu)  
Astrophysics, IDL, Finance, Derivatives | Remove "net" for better response  
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Subject: Re: Reading from process pipes in IDL?  
Posted by [landsman](#) on Thu, 21 Sep 2000 07:00:00 GMT  
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In article <39C9CBD4.D6CC859A@mpipsykl.mpg.de>,

Benno Puetz <puetz@mpipsykl.mpg.de> wrote:

- > I have been trying to read image data from compressed (\*.gz) files.
- >
- > While this is possible with
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- > SPAWN, "gunzip "+file+".gz"
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- > READU, ....
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- > FREE\_LUN, I
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- > I would prefer a way similar to PERL's

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> since it would not have to decompress/compress to disk.  
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> Is this at all possible with IDL?

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Wayne Landsman                      landsman@mpb.gsfc.nasa.gov

Sent via Deja.com <http://www.deja.com/>  
Before you buy.

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If you are running on a Unix-type operating system, then you can give my seekable pipes library a try. You can open a gzip'ed or compress'ed file and they will automatically be unzipped on the fly as you access them. You can also open any piped stream, not just gzipped files.

In addition you can seek to anywhere in the (uncompressed) file or pipe. The only restriction is that you must have enough temporary disk space to hold the unzipped file.

Here it is, listed under Input/Output:

<http://cow.physics.wisc.edu/~craigm/idl/idl.html>

Craig

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Craig B. Markwardt, Ph.D.      EMAIL: [craigmnet@cow.physics.wisc.edu](mailto:craigmnet@cow.physics.wisc.edu)  
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Subject: Re: Reading from process pipes in IDL?  
Posted by [gfirem1](#) on Thu, 21 Sep 2000 07:00:00 GMT  
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Benno -

If you know the array size in advance, you can use the -c flag to gunzip to stdout and capture the output in a unit pipe:

```
IDL> imagedata=intarr(1325,800)
IDL> spawn, 'gunzip -c testdata.dat.Z', unit=dataunit
IDL> readu,dataunit,imagedata
IDL> free_lun,dataunit
IDL> help,imagedata
IMAGEDATA    INT       = Array[1325, 800]
```

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Gwyn Fireman  
gfirem1@alumni.umbc.edu

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Subject: Re: Reading from process pipes in IDL?  
Posted by [George N. White III](#) on Thu, 21 Sep 2000 07:00:00 GMT  
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> --  
> Benno Puetz  
> Kernspintomographie  
> Max-Planck-Institut f. Psychiatrie           Tel.: +49-89-30622-413  
> Kraepelinstr. 10                           Fax : +49-89-30622-520  
> 80804 Muenchen, Germany

If your system (OS/2, unix, ??) supports named pipes, you can use them for this sort of problem, although I have never tried them with IDL. Use "mknod pipename p" to create a named pipe, then start a background process to stuff data into the pipe, (e.g., "gzcat file.gz > pipename & "). In your program, "pipename" is read as if it was an ordinary file, except

that you can't do things like Fortran backspace or rewind, or memory mapped I/O.

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George N. White III <gnw3@acm.org> Bedford Institute of Oceanography

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