## Subject: reading files with date- and time - columns Posted by Zeschke on Mon, 26 Feb 2001 11:09:24 GMT

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Hallo,

I have files for example in such a format:

```
File: s.log;
DATE TIME n x VALUES
23.01.2001 08:39:41 21 21.4 0
23.01.2001 08:40:16 21 21.3 0
23.01.2001 08:40:51 21 21.3 0
23.01.2001 08:41:26 21 21.4 0
```

## or such a format:

```
;DATE TIME n x VALUES 2/23/2001 08:39:41.643 34.660 2/23/2001 08:49:41.456 34.960
```

I cannot find a solution for reading the date- and timeformat. My best result was this:

```
IDL> openr,1,'s.log'
IDL> readf,1,format='(C(CDI3,".",CMOI3,".",CYI4,"
",CHI2,":",CMI2,":",CSI2))',x
IDL> print,x
 2.45193e+06
IDL> CALDAT, x, Month, Day, Year, Hour, Minute, Second
% Compiled module: CALDAT.
IDL>
IDL> print, Month, Day, Year, Hour, Minute, Second
              23
                     2001
                                0
                                        0
                                             0.00000000
IDL> print,!version
{ alpha vms vms 5.4 Sep 25 2000
                                    32
                                          32}
IDL> close,1
```

But where are the hours, minutes and seconds.

Thanks in advance Thomas Zeschke

Subject: Re: Reading files

```
On Nov 29, 10:30 am, Wolfi <sfsdf.df...@yahoo.com> wrote:
> I'm trying to read a file, which is formed by words and numbers are
> follow
> name
              0.2 4.1
                          6.0
> othename 1.6 3.2 5.2
> etc etc ...
> Usually I have been using the routine readcol, which works just fine,
> though it's limited at max 25 column (and it's not so fast for very
> large array od data).
>
> I was thinking to use
> matrix=fltarr(size)
> openr,1,'myfile'
> readf,1,matrix
> close,1
> but of course it get stuck because the first row is actually a string.
> Any idea how to do?
You could always use sed or awk or something to get rid of the first
column before reading it into idl... something like:
matrix = fltarr(ncols,nrows)
spawn, 'sed -e "s/^[^]* //" < filename', strippedfile
reads, strippedfile, matrix
(of course, that assumes that you're using an OS that has sed)
> Question number two. I want to read different files, named
> file1,file2,file3 etc ...
> Is there any way I can use a counter something like
>
> for i=1,3 do begin
> readcol, 'file"$i"'
> thanks in advance!
> M.
string(i, format='(%"file%d")')
-Jeremy.
```