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Subject: AAARGH-2 !!! CALL\_EXTERNAL and IDL5.2 (the solution)

Posted by [StefanoM](#) on Wed, 02 May 2001 08:42:03 GMT

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Some days ago a I posted a request of help because my IDL5.2 crashed every time I made a CALL\_EXTERNAL to a DLL (based on Fortran subroutines). I want to thanks Frank Randall for having advised me that the IDL\_TOOLS work only with IDL5.3 or higher (in fact I tried a workaround to my problem by using the IDL\_TOOLS ...).

Well, I would like to share my experience. I use IDL 5.2 and the Microsoft Develop. Studio (ver. 4.0) to compile some Fortran subroutines into a DLL. I compiled the example given with the IDL distribution (in the call\_external subdirectory) but it doesn't work. After many tries I found the modifications needed; in the following there is a subroutine ILAT that calls and passes the variables to the ILAT1 subroutine which do the calculations:

```
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-----  
      SUBROUTINE ILAT(argc, argv)          !Called by IDL  
      !MS$ ATTRIBUTES C, DLLEXPORT :: ILAT  
  
      INTEGER*4 argc, argv(*)           !Argc and  
      Argv are integers  
  
      j = LOC(argv)  
      !Obtains the number of arguments (argc)  
  
      !Because argc is passed by VALUE.  
  
      c Call subroutine ILAT1, converting the IDL parameters  
      c to standard FORTRAN, passed by reference arguments:  
  
      CALL ILAT1(%VAL(argv(1)), %VAL(argv(2)))  
      RETURN  
      END
```

```
c  
      SUBROUTINE ILAT1(glat,i_lat)  
  
      !MS$ ATTRIBUTES C, DLLEXPORT :: ILAT1  
      !MS$ ATTRIBUTES REFERENCE :: glat,i_lat  
  
      DOUBLE PRECISION galt,glat,glong,xtm,xerr,BF,LS,i_lat  
      ....  
      ....  
      ....
```

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The fundamental command (meta-command) is:

```
!MS$ ATTRIBUTES REFERENCE :: glat,i_lat
```

which says to the linker that the two variables, `glat` and `i_lat`, have to be passed by reference. Without this line IDL crashes when performing the `CALL_EXTERNAL` command. The other fundamental one is:

```
!MS$ ATTRIBUTES C, DLLEXPORT :: ILAT1
```

without this the linker gives a "undefined symbol `_ILAT1`". The other similar command in the first subroutine `ILAT` (together with the "C" option) is also useful since it allow to call the subroutine directly with his name without the need to add extra sybmols like "`_ILAT@8`" or similar.

I'm sorry if these considerations are to "stupid" for many of you, but maybe useful for someone ... "dummy" like me.

have a nice day

Stefano

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