Subject: Re: New IDL User Questions Posted by John-David T. Smith on Tue, 08 May 2001 20:01:09 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

John Piccirillo wrote:

```
> Hello.
> I'm new to IDL, but not new to programming. I have
> the IDL manuals and Dr. Fanning's excellent book, nevertheless,
> I have a few basic questions:
```

This is a perfectly natural phenomenon. I'd write to David asking him to expand his book to cover the answers to every possible question. And also add his favorite recipes. And secrets of an effective backswing.

```
1. Editor Screen
      a. Is there a way to make the Editor full screen or extend
>
         over some of the other windows? Using resize doesn't do it.
>
         Does everyone confine themselves to this small window on their
> code?
      b. My scrolling mouse will scroll in the Output Log and Variable
> Watch
          windows, but not in the Editor Window. Que pasa?
```

One word. IDLWAVE.

http://www.strw.leidenuniv.nl/~dominik/Tools/idlwave/

```
> 2. Array Operations - Not being used to IDL type of array operations,
       is there a simpler way to do the following?
>
        a.
>
          For I = 0, 199 Do Begin
             For J = 0, 84 Do Begin
>
                If (ImageMask[I,J] EQ 1) Then ImageROI[I,J,*] =
  ImageS[I,J,*]
>
                Else ImageROI[I,J,^*] = 0
>
             EndFor
>
         EndFor
>
    I thought of using the WHERE function as in,
>
       ROI = Where(ImageMask EQ 1)
>
     but ImageROI[ROI] = ImageS{ROI} leaves out the third dimension.
```

Yes, there are many. Here is one:

IDL> imageroi=rebin(imagemask eq 0,200,84,nz)

assuming the full dimensions are 200x84xnz. Once IDL 5.5 comes out, you should also be able to use a single vector of dimensions:

rebin(imagemask eq 0, [size(imagemask,/DIMENSIONS),nz])

and so on. (Craig, they have committed to adding this overlooked feature).

;blow-up image X 9 For Screen Display I don't use the EXPAND function because I don't want to interpolate > the data.

Almost everyone (except RSI, apparently) has a nice image viewer routine which does this for you, based on your window size. I wrote my own myself long ago, but you'd be better off starting with one of theirs. Hint: they often start with "im" or "tv", or and in "disp". Hint2: rebin() is again your friend, with SAMPLE=1 set.

```
> 3. PLOT
        I have a couple of plots I want on the same Y Scale, the larger of
> the two
> data sets. Presently, I use plot to generate the scale to !y.range, and
> then test
> the two ranges and re-plot, as in.
>
  Window, 0, Title = ' P Target; NPix = ' + string(Fix(NumOnes)), $
   XSize = 350, YSize = 350, XPos = 0, YPos = 0
>
> Plot, WavL, MeanPT, PSYM = 2, TickLen = 1, XGrid = 1, YGrid = 1
> PTYRange = !y.crange
> Window, 1, Title = ' P BkGnd; NPix = ' + string(Fix(17000 - NumOnes)), $
      XSize = 350, YSize = 350, XPos = 0, YPos = 375
>
> Plot, WavL, MeanPB, PSYM = 2, TickLen = 1, XGrid = 1, YGrid = 1
> PBYRange = !y.crange
> SPRange = Max([PTYRange[1], PBYRange[1]])
> MaxY = [0,SPRange]
>
> ; replot all with new, uniform Y scale
 Window, 0, Title = 'P Target; NPix = ' + string(Fix(NumOnes)), $
    XSize = 350, YSize = 375, XPos = 0, YPos = 0
> Plot, WavL, MeanPT, PSYM = 2, TickLen = 1, XGrid = 1, YGrid = 1, YRange =
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> Plot, WavL, MeanPB, PSYM = 2, TickLen = 1, XGrid = 1, YGrid = 1, YRange =
> MaxY
>
```

Examine that data itself, find the min/max you'd like, and then set them for plotting directly with YRANGE, not forgetting YSTYLE=1 if you want to force the *exact* range (note the use of the < and > operators... very handy):

```
yr=[min(b1)<min(b2),max(b1)>max(b2)]
plot,a1,b1,YRANGE=yr,/YSTYLE
plot,a2,b2,YRANGE=yr,/YSTYLE
```

Good luck,

JD

Subject: Re: New IDL User Questions
Posted by Liam E. Gumley on Wed, 09 May 2001 00:31:03 GMT
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```
"John Piccirillo" <ipicciri@radiancetech.com> wrote in message
news:<f6WJ6.8403$2B6.790502@e420r-chi2.usenetserver.com>...
           ;blow-up image X 9 For Screen Display
  For i = 0.84 Do Begin
      For i = 0,199 Do Begin
>
   JImage[3*i,3*i] = ImageS[i,i,[4]]
   JImage[3*i,3*j+1] = ImageS[i,j,[4]]
>
   JImage[3*i,3*j+2] = ImageS[i,j,[4]]
>
   JImage[3*i+1,3*j] = ImageS[i,j,[4]]
   JImage[3*i+1,3*j+1] = ImageS[i,j,[4]]
>
   JImage[3*i+1,3*j+2] = ImageS[i,j,[4]]
>
   JImage[3*i+2,3*j] = ImageS[i,j,[4]]
>
   JImage[3*i+2,3*j+1] = ImageS[i,j,[4]]
   JImage[3*i+2,3*j+2] = ImageS[i,j,[4]]
      EndFor
>
> EndFor
      I don't use the EXPAND function because I don't want to interpolate
> the data.
```

Let IMDISP do the work:

http://cimss.ssec.wisc.edu/~gumley/imdisp.html

Cheers, Liam.

http://cimss.ssec.wisc.edu/~gumley/

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```
"John Piccirillo" < jpicciri@radiancetech.com > writes:
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    but ImageROI[ROI] = ImageS{ROI} leaves out the third dimension.
```

JD may have been thinking of a different question here. I believe you want only a slight modification to your code:

```
ROI = Where(ImageMask EQ 1)
ImageROI[ROI,*] = ImageS[ROI,*]
```

This will include the third dimension.

```
    b. ;blow-up image X 9 For Screen Display
    For j = 0,84 Do Begin
    For i = 0,199 Do Begin
    JImage[3*i,3*j] = ImageS[i,j,[4]]
    EndFor
```

Liam plugged IMDISP so I will plug PLOTIMAGE on my web page. If you really just want to expand an image then it is very straightforward to use the REBIN function. Otherwise either Liam or my image display program will be quite easy.

```
JImage = rebin(ImageS[*,*,4], 200*3, 85*3, 1)
```

The extra "1" is because ImageS[*,*,4] is really a 200x85x1 array.
Craig
http://cow.physics.wisc.edu/~craigm/idl/idl.html (PLOTIMAGE is under Graphics)
Craig B. Markwardt, Ph.D. EMAIL: craigmnet@cow.physics.wisc.edu Astrophysics, IDL, Finance, Derivatives Remove "net" for better response
Subject: Re: New IDL User Questions Posted by Craig Markwardt on Wed, 09 May 2001 03:31:45 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message
JD Smith <jdsmith@astro.cornell.edu> writes: > assuming the full dimensions are 200x84xnz. Once IDL 5.5 comes out, you > should also be able to use a single vector of dimensions:</jdsmith@astro.cornell.edu>
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> and so on. (Craig, they have committed to adding this overlooked > feature).
Cool!
Craig
Craig B. Markwardt, Ph.D. EMAIL: craigmnet@cow.physics.wisc.edu Astrophysics, IDL, Finance, Derivatives Remove "net" for better response
Subject: Re: New IDL User Questions Posted by John Piccirillo on Wed, 09 May 2001 17:05:29 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message
Thanks to all for the concise and helpful answers to my questions. I appreciate the help.

John Piccirillo, Ph.D.

Radiance Technologies Inc. Huntsville, AL 35816 ipicciri@radiancetech.com

```
John Piccirillo <ipicciri@radiancetech.com> wrote in message
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```
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      XSize = 350, YSize = 350, XPos = 0, YPos = 375
  Plot, WavL, MeanPB, PSYM = 2, TickLen = 1, XGrid = 1, YGrid = 1, YRange =
> MaxY
 this seems inefficient, what is a better way?
>
>
 Thanks,
> John Piccirillo
>
>
```

Subject: Re: New IDL User Questions
Posted by Jaco van Gorkom on Thu, 10 May 2001 15:05:50 GMT
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JD Smith wrote in message <3AF85085.7E5696AD@astro.cornell.edu>... > John Piccirillo wrote:

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> > One word. IDLWAVE.

>

>>

> http://www.strw.leidenuniv.nl/~dominik/Tools/idlwave/

. . .

For those who know, or are prepared to learn, emacs. In the IDLDE it helps to use the 'multiple window' setting, or 'separate editor window' under

Preferences. This works on Unix, but somehow I cannot find how to do this in the Windows version...

Jaco