

---

Subject: about label\_region

Posted by [julia65201](#) on Sun, 01 Jul 2001 22:02:14 GMT

[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

---

hi, there,

Yesterday, I post a message. Since it has the same subject of the previous one. It got confused. So I bother to post it again. Wish I can get good results.

The ones who used label\_region in IDL must be suprised at the efficieny of this function. But how can I find out what algorithm is used in LABEL\_REGION? Since I do not see this function in the library, I assume it is written in C somewhere.

Julia

---

---

Subject: Re: about label\_region

Posted by [Amar Nayegandhi](#) on Thu, 05 Jul 2001 16:22:59 GMT

[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

---

> The ones who used label\_region in IDL must be suprised at the  
> efficieny of this function. But how can I find out what algorithm is  
> used in LABEL\_REGION? Since I do not see this function in the library,  
> I assume it is written in C somewhere.

[  
label\_region uses a 'connected components' algorithm that is described  
in any good Image Processing text book. It has the option of using 4  
neighbors or 8 neighbors. I have used labe\_region often, and I have a  
strong feeling i get the same results using the 4 or 8-neighbor  
approach. I dont think the 8-neighbor approach gives any better results  
than the 4-neighbor approach.

- amar

]

--

\*\*\*\*\*

Murphy's Law of Research:

Enough research will tend to support your theory.

\*\*\*\*\*

Amar Nayegandhi

Graduate Student

Department of Computer Science,

University of South Florida, Tampa.

---

Subject: Re: about label\_region

Posted by [julia65201](#) on Tue, 10 Jul 2001 14:54:57 GMT

[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

---

> Amar Nayegandhi said,  
> [  
> label\_region uses a 'connected components' algorithm that is described  
> in any good Image Processing text book. It has the option of using 4  
> neighbors or 8 neighbors. I have used labe\_region often, and I have a  
> strong feeling i get the same results using the 4 or 8-neighbor  
> approach. I dont think the 8-neighbor approach gives any better results  
> than the 4-neighbor approach.  
> - amar  
> ]

Thanks for your information!

I just wonder where IDL put all these functions in. Is it written in IDL or C? I tried to realized it in IDL. As you know, since connectivity algorithm is not a parallel algorithm, it should be done on pixels one by one. And to keep the equivalent region information, I assign a very big matrix even it is very sparse. So the algorithm is very slow. Can you give me some hint to improve it, such as how to keep the equivalent region information efficiently?

Julia

---

Subject: Re: about label\_region

Posted by [Martin Downing](#) on Wed, 11 Jul 2001 11:25:25 GMT

[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

---

Julia,

The algorithm will be written in C as it requires a raster search through the image for connected blobs. I cant find a reference right now but it goes something like this psuedo code (considering the raster order to be left to right working through rows down to up):

```
-----  
label_image, IMAGE  
  
create a long image LAB_IM for output  
for each pixel:  
    ;check IMAGE to see if background pixel  
    if background then continue  
    ; else check LAB_IMAGE for connectivity and labelling  
    if connected to labelled pixel BELOW or LEFT (also BELOW-LEFT,
```

```
BELOW-RIGHT if 8 connected) then begin
    if connected to more than one label add label pairs to an equivalent
list, ie [1,5] means LABEL 1 = = LABEL 5
    assign (first) label to pixel in lab_image
    else assign new label to pixel in lab_image
endfor
```

use equivalent list to create a lookup table reducing all used labels to a unique set starting from 1

now run through label image replacing each label with its reduced value

-----

hope this make some sense

Martin

--

-----

Mr. Martin Downing,  
Clinical Research Physicist,  
Orthopaedic RSA Research Centre,  
Woodend Hospital,  
Aberdeen, AB15 6LS.

"Julia" <julia65201@usa.net> wrote in message  
news:f5bebc4d.0107100654.5c89f298@posting.google.com...

>> Amar Nayegandhi said,

>> [

>> label\_region uses a 'connected components' algorithm that is described  
>> in any good Image Processing text book. It has the option of using 4  
>> neighbors or 8 neighbors. I have used labe\_region often, and I have a  
>> strong feeling i get the same results using the 4 or 8-neighbor  
>> approach. I dont think the 8-neighbor approach gives any better results  
>> than the 4-neighbor approach.

>> - amar

>> ]

>

> Thanks for your information!

>

> I just wonder where IDL put all these functions in. Is it written in  
> IDL or C? I tried to realized it in IDL. As you know, since  
> connectivity algorithm is not a parallel algorithm, it should be done  
> on pixels one by one. And to keep the equivalent region information, I  
> assign a very big matrix even it is very sparse. So the algorithm is  
> very slow. Can you give me some hint to improve it, such as how to  
> keep the equivalent region information efficiently?

>

> Julia

---