Subject: histogram & reverse_indices Posted by Ken Mankoff on Tue, 09 Apr 2002 19:15:20 GMT

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Hi,

As you may have guessed from the subject, I have a question about histogram and reverse indices...

I have a 2D array made up of n quadruplets. Ex: array =[[1,1,1,2], \$
[1,1,1,1], \$
[3,4,3,2], \$
[3,3,0,0], \$
[5,5,0,5]]

I want my algorithm to do the following: Return the index of all the quadruplets that have at least 3 out of 4 numbers equal to each other (i.e. for the above array, it should return [0,1,4].

I can do it in a for-loop as follows:

```
for i=0,n_elements(array[0,*])-1 do begin
  quad = array[*,i]
  hist = histogram( quad )
  hist = hist[ where( hist ne 0 ) ]
  if ( max( hist ) gt 3 then print, 'good' else print, 'bad'
endfor
```

But I think there is a way to do this without a for loop. Either using reverse_indices, or where(), I just cannot see it. Can you?

-k.

--

Kenneth Mankoff LASP://303.492.3264 http://lasp.colorado.edu/~mankoff/ http://lasp.colorado.edu/snoe/

http://lasp.colorado.edu/mars/

http://lasp.colorado.edu/marsrobot/

Subject: Re: histogram & reverse_indices
Posted by Wayne Landsman on Tue, 09 Apr 2002 20:47:45 GMT
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Ken Mankoff wrote:

```
> I have a 2D array made up of n quadruplets. Ex: 
> array =[[1,1,1,2], $ 
> [1,1,1,1], $ 
> [3,4,3,2], $ 
> [3,3,0,0], $ 
> [5,5,0,5]] 
>
```

- > I want my algorithm to do the following: Return the index of all the
- > quadruplets that have at least 3 out of 4 numbers equal to each other
- > (i.e. for the above array, it should return [0,1,4]

Here's a non-loop solution for the specific case, although it is a solution that is difficult to generalize, and which may be less understandable and slower than simply using a loop.

The idea is that if 3 out of 4 numbers are equal to each other, then that number is either the minimum or the maximum of the quadruplet. So we first get the min and max of each quadruplet.

```
amin = min(array,dimen=1,max=amax) ;V5.5 needed
```

Now reform/rebin the min and max vectors into a 2d arrays

```
amax = rebin(reform(amax,1,5),4,5)
amin = rebin(reform(amin,1,5),4,5)
```

Now find which values in the array are equal to either the minimum or the maximum. Total along rows

to determine if 3 or more values in a quadruplet meet this condition:

to determine if 3 or more values in a quadruplet meet this condition:

```
print,where( (total((array EQ amin),1) GE 3) or $ (total((array EQ amax),1) GE 3))
```

```
---> [0,1,4]
```

--Wayne landsman@mpb.gsfc.nasa.gov

Subject: Re: histogram & reverse_indices
Posted by Craig Markwardt on Wed, 10 Apr 2002 02:35:23 GMT
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Wayne Landsman landsman@mpb.gsfc.nasa.gov writes:

> Ken Mankoff wrote:

>

>> I want my algorithm to do the following: Return the index of all the

- >> quadruplets that have at least 3 out of 4 numbers equal to each other
- >> (i.e. for the above array, it should return [0,1,4]

- > Here's a non-loop solution for the specific case, although it is a
- > solution that is difficult to generalize, and which may be less
- > understandable and slower than simply using a loop.

Ooof, Wayne beat me to the punch. It looks like a good technique.

Craig

EMAIL: craigmnet@cow.physics.wisc.edu Craig B. Markwardt, Ph.D. Astrophysics, IDL, Finance, Derivatives | Remove "net" for better response

Subject: Re: histogram & reverse_indices

Posted by the_cacc on Wed, 10 Apr 2002 10:02:37 GMT

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Only in IDL could we have such FOR paranoia... May the FORs not be with you.

Subject: Re: histogram & reverse_indices

Posted by Ken Mankoff on Wed, 10 Apr 2002 14:26:06 GMT

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On 9 Apr 2002, Craig Markwardt wrote:

> Wayne Landsman < landsman@mpb.gsfc.nasa.gov> writes:

>

>> Ken Mankoff wrote:

>>

> ...

- >>> I want my algorithm to do the following: Return the index of all the
- >>> quadruplets that have at least 3 out of 4 numbers equal to each other
- >>> (i.e. for the above array, it should return [0,1,4]

>>

- >> Here's a non-loop solution for the specific case, although it is a
- >> solution that is difficult to generalize, and which may be less
- >> understandable and slower than simply using a loop.

```
> Ooof, Wayne beat me to the punch. It looks like a good technique.
Yep, that works. Thanks!
 -k.
```