
Subject: map_grid limitations

Posted by [Ken Mankoff](#) on Wed, 10 Apr 2002 21:18:58 GMT

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Hi,

I am interested in using IDLs mapping procedures on Mars, which has a fair number of datasets on the 0 to 360 *west* longitude system as opposed to the -180 to 180 *east* system.

I posted this question a week or two ago, but got no responses. I don't think I stated the problem terribly clearly in the original post, so I am trying again. Also, IDL wrote me and said that:

> Some national labs have changed these routines (which are *.pro
> code) to work with the Moon, so check the newsgroup.

After an extensive web-search, I found a "mapl_set" procedure mentioned here:

<http://www.ias.fr/cdp/Futur/perso/biblio2.html>

But there is no link and no code, only a description!

Here is a demonstration of the problem:

A simple map in IDL is created like this:

```
IDL> map_set, 0, 0, /cylindrical
```

```
IDL> map_grid, /label
```

You will notice that the longitudes increase to the east, and are on a -180 to 180 degree grid. I can get the appearance of longitudes increasing to the west and on a 0 to 360 grid by these commands:

```
IDL> map_set, 0, 0, /cylindrical
```

```
IDL> map_grid, lons=[0,45,90,135,180,-135,-90,-45], $
```

```
lonnames=[0,315,270,225,180,135,90,45], /label
```

Everything appears fine. But the problem is that it is only the labels (that I hard-coded above) that *appear* to be westward, and 0 to 360. The entire map is still doing its math thing on a -180 to 180 east grid.

This becomes apparent when you draw a box (in my case, the viewing area of the satellite instrument. If, for example the instrument is viewing the box from lat,lon coordinates [-30,45] (bottom left corner) to [0,0] to right corner:

```
loadct, 39 & !p.color = 254 ; red box
```

```
plots, 45, -30, /data
```

```
plots, 45, 0, /data, /cont
```

```
plots, 0, 0, /data, /cont  
plots, 0, -30, /data, /cont  
plots, 45, -30, /data, /cont
```

If you do this after issuing the first set of mapping commands above, it appears as expected. But if you do it after the second `map_set` command, it appears in the wrong place (the same place as before).

Finally, if the above make sense, I will give you an exact description of my problem. The above problem with drawing the box can be solved easily, because a very simple function will translate between the four possible grids (0-360 vs 180-180 vs 'east' vs 'west'). It would be nice to specify this via a keyword **once** when I call `map_set`, and not worry about it, but I can do the translations. But here is the real problem:

If you hardwire the longitude labels, you have to hardwire their location (i.e. every degree or every 45 degrees, as above). My software is used to view the surface of mars, and allows the user to view it on a global scale, or down to a 1x1 degree grid.

`map_set`, if allowed to 'do its own thing', will always generate nice grids for you. If you are looking at the globe, it will use 45 degree grids as shown above. If you are looking at a 1x1 degree grid, it will use .1 degrees.

But if I hardcode in the longitude names so they are westward, I also have to code their locations. If I do every degree, you cannot see the globe, all you see is the grid covering it. If I do every 45 degrees, then you see no grids when you view a small area...

Hence, my desire do use `map_grid` in a 'dumb' way (let it do the math to determine the grid spacing), and have it output westward 0-360 grids.

Finally, polar /ortho projections make this even more complicated than equator-based /cylindrical projections.

Sorry for the length of this post...

-k.

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