
Subject: Re: Concatenating arrays across chosen dimension
Posted by [Paul Van Delst\[1\]](#) on Tue, 25 Jun 2002 22:08:22 GMT
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Dick Jackson wrote:

```
>
> "Randall Skelton" <rshkelto@atm.ox.ac.uk> wrote in message
> news:Pine.LNX.4.33.0206251749570.28170-100000@mulligan.atm.ox.ac.uk...
>
>> Ok... I have to ask. Is there actually a nice, clean way to concatenate
>> multidimensional arrays in IDL?
>>
>> a = make_array(2,2,2,2)
>> b = make_array(2,2,2,5)
>>
>> data1 = [ [[[a]]], [[[b]]] ]
>>
>> Obviously the above fails, but what is the solution? Surely some
>> combination of rebin/reform...
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> Well, I have to say I don't know *why* that one fails, since this works
> fine:
>
> IDL> a = make_array(2,2,2)
> IDL> b = make_array(2,2,5)
> IDL> help, [ [[a]], [[b]] ]
> <Expression>  FLOAT    = Array[2, 2, 7]
>
> ... and we're a long way from the 8-dimension limit on arrays.
```

I thought the limit on this was three-dimensions (for whatever reason)? I believe (but could be wrong) that Craig Markwardt pointed this out a ways back.

paulv

--
Paul van Delst
CIMSS @ NOAA/NCEP/EMC Beer is good.
Ph: (301)763-8000 x7274 My wife.
Fax:(301)763-8545

Subject: Re: Concatenating arrays across chosen dimension
Posted by [Craig Markwardt](#) on Tue, 25 Jun 2002 23:05:14 GMT
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Paul van Delst <paul.vandelst@noaa.gov> writes:
> I thought the limit on this was three-dimensions (for whatever

> reason)? I believe (but could be wrong) that Craig Markwardt pointed
> this out a ways back.

(blush) Thanks for the plug, but I think it was Stein Vidar which
called the ball on that silly limitation to the IDL parser in 1999:

```
[ Stein Vidar: ]
> IDL> help,[[[1]],[[2]]]
> <Expression>   INT      = Array[1, 1, 2]
> IDL> help,[[[[1]]],[[2]]]
>
> help,[[[[1]]],[[2]]]
>               ^
> % Only eight levels of variable concatenation are allowed.
```

By the way, this still does not work in IDL 5.5.

Craig

--

Craig B. Markwardt, Ph.D. EMAIL: craigmnet@cow.physics.wisc.edu
Astrophysics, IDL, Finance, Derivatives | Remove "net" for better response

Subject: Re: Concatenating arrays across chosen dimension
Posted by [R.Bauer](#) on Wed, 26 Jun 2002 07:18:04 GMT
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Dick Jackson wrote:

```
>
> "Randall Skelton" <rhskelto@atm.ox.ac.uk> wrote in message
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>> data1 = [ [[[a]]] , [[[b]]] ]
>>
>> Obviously the above fails, but what is the solution? Surely some
>> combination of rebin/reform...
```

Dear Dick,

we have written a general routine to concatenate on each dimension you want.

http://www.fz-juelich.de/icg/icg-i/idl_icglib/idl_source/idl_html/dbase/download/concatenate_arrays.tar.gz
http://www.fz-juelich.de/icg/icg-i/idl_icglib/idl_source/idl_html/dbase/download/concatenate_arrays.sav

```
; NAME:
;   concatenate_arrays
;
; PURPOSE:
;   This function concatenates two arrays with arbitrary but similar
dimensions.
;
; CATEGORY:
;   PROG_TOOLS
;
; CALLING SEQUENCE:
;   result=CONCATENATE_ARRAYS(a,b,dim)
;
; INPUTS:
;   a,b : arrays of similar structure
;   dim : dimension number for concatenation; first dimension has number
0
;
; OUTPUTS:
;   concatenated array
;
; RESTRICTIONS:
;   !No error tests are performed at the current stage!
;
; EXAMPLE:
;   a=indgen(1,2,3,4,5)
;   b=indgen(1,4,3,4,5)
;   help,a,b,concatenate_arrays(a,b,1)
;
;   A      INT    = Array[1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
;   B      INT    = Array[1, 4, 3, 4, 5]
;   <Expression> INT    = Array[1, 6, 3, 4, 5]
```

For further routines and licensing please have a look at

http://www.fz-juelich.de/icg/icg1/idl_icglib/idl_lib_intro.html

regards

Reimar

```
> Well, I have to say I don't know *why* that one fails, since this works
> fine:
>
> IDL> a = make_array(2,2,2)
> IDL> b = make_array(2,2,5)
> IDL> help, [ [[a]], [[b]] ]
> <Expression>   FLOAT    = Array[2, 2, 7]
>
> ... and we're a long way from the 8-dimension limit on arrays.
>
> In any case, to concatenate on the *last* dimension in this case:
>
> c = Reform([ a[*], b[*] ], [2,2,2,7])
>
> To do this in general takes a little more hacking, dimension juggling in
> particular. I couldn't resist the challenge, so I whipped up the attached
> Concat.pro.
>
> Examples:
> IDL> Help, Concat(LIndGen(2,3,4), -LIndGen(5,3,4), Dim=0)
> <Expression>   LONG     = Array[7, 3, 4]
> IDL> Help, Concat(LIndGen(2,3,4), -LIndGen(2,5,4), Dim=1)
> <Expression>   LONG     = Array[2, 8, 4]
> IDL> Help, Concat(LIndGen(2,3,4), -LIndGen(2,3,5)) ; assumes last dimension
> <Expression>   LONG     = Array[2, 3, 9]
>
> Code is copied here for convenience. Any comments or corrections are
> welcome!
>
> =====
>
> FUNCTION Concat, $                ; Return concatenation of two arrays
>   a, $                            ; First array
>   b, $                            ; Second array
>   Dimension=dim                   ; Dimension along which to
> concatenate
>                                   ; (counting from 0, defaults to
> *last*
>                                   ; dimension of arrays)
>
> ;; Examples:
> ;; IDL> Help, Concat(LIndGen(2,3,4), -LIndGen(5,3,4), Dim=0)
> ;; <Expression>   LONG     = Array[7, 3, 4]
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```

> ;; IDL> Help, Concat(LIndGen(2,3,4), -LIndGen(2,5,4), Dim=1)
> ;; <Expression> LONG = Array[2, 8, 4]
> ;; IDL> Help, Concat(LIndGen(2,3,4), -LIndGen(2,3,5))
> ;; <Expression> LONG = Array[2, 3, 9]
> ;; (use Print with these to see actual results)
>
> ;; Assuming here that a and b are of same dimensions except perhaps for
> ;; dimension 'dim', which is assumed to be within range.
> ;; Testing and error handling for this is left as an exercise for the
> ;; reader. :-)
>
> nDims = Size(a, /N_Dimensions)
> IF N_Elements(dim) EQ 0 THEN dim = nDims-1
>
> aDims = Size(a, /Dimensions)
> bDims = Size(b, /Dimensions)
>
> ;; Figure out desired dimensions of result
>
> resultDims = aDims
> resultDims[dim] = aDims[dim]+bDims[dim]
>
> ;; Make a vector of dimension indices with concatenation dimension *last*
>
> transposeDimOrder = [Where(IndGen(nDims) NE dim), dim]
>
> ;; Juggle dimensions by transposing a and b to put desired concatenation
> ;; dimension last, then take all elements together into one vector
>
> joinedVector = [(Transpose(a, transposeDimOrder))[*], $
>                 (Transpose(b, transposeDimOrder))[*]]
>
> ;; Reform the vector to an array of the right size with juggled
> dimensions
>
> juggledResult = Reform(Temporary(joinedVector),
> resultDims[transposeDimOrder])
>
> ;; Un-juggle the dimensions to give final result
>
> Return, Transpose(Temporary(juggledResult), Sort(transposeDimOrder))
>
> END
>
> =====
>
> Cheers,
> --

```

> -Dick
>
> Dick Jackson / dick@d-jackson.com
> D-Jackson Software Consulting / http://www.d-jackson.com
> Calgary, Alberta, Canada / +1-403-242-7398 / Fax: 241-7392

--
Reimar Bauer

Institut fuer Stratosphaerische Chemie (ICG-I)
Forschungszentrum Juelich
email: R.Bauer@fz-juelich.de

a IDL library at ForschungsZentrum Juelich
http://www.fz-juelich.de/icg/icg1/idl_icglib/idl_lib_intro.h tml
=====

Subject: Re: Concatenating arrays across chosen dimension
Posted by [Randall Skelton](#) on Wed, 26 Jun 2002 13:33:08 GMT
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Going back to my request for operator overloading a few months back...
imagine trying to overload the quirky behavior of '[' or ']' operators ;)

Perhaps the good folks at RSI are busily rewriting the lexical parser to
full support OOP in IDL 6...

Randall

On 25 Jun 2002, Craig Markwardt wrote:

>
> Paul van Delst <paul.vandelst@noaa.gov> writes:
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>> reason)? I believe (but could be wrong) that Craig Markwardt pointed
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> By the way, this still does not work in IDL 5.5.
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> Craig

Subject: Re: Concatenating arrays across chosen dimension
Posted by [Dick Jackson](#) on Wed, 26 Jun 2002 20:53:07 GMT
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Hi Reimar,

Nice to see how similar our routines are!

If large arrays are involved, it looks like mine might be a bit quicker, since I happened to do the concatenation as the vector of 'a' elements with the vector of 'b' elements. There is no shuffling of data elements to be done, all of 'b' is just put after all of 'a'. You used concatenation on the first dimension (dimension 0) with 'c=[at,bt]', which requires IDL to do more work in composing the result. Every row of the result takes elements from 'a' then 'b'.

The most efficient way would be to do the concatenation on the last dimension, but the fact that we can't do this in general is the problem that got us here in the first place!

"Reimar Bauer" <R.Bauer@fz-juelich.de> wrote...

> Dick Jackson wrote:

>>

>> "Randall Skelton" <rskelto@atm.ox.ac.uk> wrote...

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Cheers,

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-Dick

Dick Jackson / dick@d-jackson.com
D-Jackson Software Consulting / <http://www.d-jackson.com>
Calgary, Alberta, Canada / +1-403-242-7398 / Fax: 241-7392

Subject: Re: Concatenating arrays across chosen dimension

Posted by [R.Bauer](#) on Thu, 27 Jun 2002 07:30:04 GMT

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> The most efficient way would be to do the concatenation on the last dimension,
> but the fact that we can't do this in general is the problem that got us here in
> the first place!

Dear Dick,

both solutions showed how quite good our practice is and how easy it is to solve small or big problems in idl.

February last year I and Craig found out we have written nearly the same code for a `replace_string` routine.

With sharing of routines we always learn from each other. That's the benefit of this newsgroup!

best regards

Reimar

```
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> "Reimar Bauer" <R.Bauer@fz-juelich.de> wrote...
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> -Dick
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> Dick Jackson / dick@d-jackson.com
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> Calgary, Alberta, Canada / +1-403-242-7398 / Fax: 241-7392

--
Reimar Bauer
```

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email: R.Bauer@fz-juelich.de

a IDL library at ForschungsZentrum Juelich
[http://www.fz-juelich.de/icg/icg1/idl_icglib/idl_lib_intro.h tml](http://www.fz-juelich.de/icg/icg1/idl_icglib/idl_lib_intro.html)
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