

lyubo (lzagorch@cs.wright.edu) writes:

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- > isn't which one gets updated first - the alias or the object?

I don't have too many specific suggestions, except that in my experience about 99% of the odd things that happen when you are programming in object graphics are caused by programming mistakes rather than than the software. I would always look there first.

Having said that, this whole notion of aliases is interesting to me. It occurred to me that Dave Burrige and I have developed something very much like it in the object widget system we have developed. In fact, it is so much like it that I wonder if we didn't independently come up with the same solution RSI uses.

(This is not the first coincidence that has caused me to think this. Just watching the system perform sometimes brings the object graphics system to mind. At the very least, I like to think building this system has brought a little deeper insight into how an object system is suppose to work in general.)

In any case, in our system we have the notion of an object hierarchy, based on container objects. There is a container at the top, it has children, they have children, etc. When you create an object you tell it who its "parent" is. All this

is very much like widget programming.

But, of course, you might create an object, say an image object, that you would like to belong to two different draw widget objects, to give a simple example. You wouldn't want to duplicate or copy the object, because then you would have to duplicate the data and this would be poor memory management. (Let's say, for sake of argument, that the image was 3.4 GBytes in size.)

In our system, only one object can be the "parent" object, but you can add a reference to that object to another container. In the IDL vernacular, this would be the "alias" object. But now we have the problem of who controls this object, and more specifically, who destroys it? Clearly you don't want the image object destroyed until everyone else is finished using it.

We have solved the problem by reference counting. Every time the object is "added" to a container, be it the parent object or some other object, its reference count is increased by one. When the object is "destroyed" (say by having one of the containers that holds it destroyed), we intercept this and decrement the object's reference count. An object is only really destroyed when its reference count goes to zero.

So, if the IDL system works anything like ours, what happens when you add an alias object to a model is that you simply add the object reference to the model container. I suspect that both models are then working with the same object. If you change it one place, you change it somewhere else.

Why this fails to do what you want it to do in your program is a mystery to me. But then a LOT of object programming is a mystery to me, even when I've just spent the whole day writing the damn things. :-)

Cheers,

David

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David W. Fanning, Ph.D.

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Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming: <http://www.dfanning.com/>

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Subject: Re: /ALIAS and drawing in different draw_widgets

Posted by [lyubo](#) on Mon, 05 Aug 2002 12:32:34 GMT

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"David Fanning" <david@dfanning.com> wrote in message
news:MPG.17b5e9dbc44fa19a989950@news.frii.com...

> lyubo (lzagorch@cs.wright.edu) writes:

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> David
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David, first I'd like to thank you for your reply.

Even though I am not an expert I know what I've been doing, and I still don't have any idea exactly what was causing the problem. I found a workaround though, I just draw the objects and the aliases in the same window in different viewports, and now I don't have memory leaks or any other problems drawing them. I am sorry because it is a big program and I can't uncouple that part so easily, otherwise I would have posted an example here. But I definitely keep a copy, just in case I have the chance to meet you again in the future :-)

Cheers,

Lyubo

Subject: Re: /ALIAS and drawing in different draw_widgets
Posted by [Pavel A. Romashkin](#) on Mon, 05 Aug 2002 20:29:48 GMT
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David Fanning wrote:

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- > you add an alias object to a model is that you simply add the
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- > models are then working with the same object. If you change it
- > one place, you change it somewhere else.

Most obviously so, I think. Isn't that the whole idea of the og system? In fact, I find it so convenient to not have to drag data and other information around these days that I have given up on State structures in the ad-hoc widget programs. The entire /NO_COPY business becomes unnecessary once you make your State an object, since it is persistent in the heap memory and fairly static.

I definitely agree that object widgets is the way to go but I write little new code these days, and some small improvements like State objects do simplify the classic widget development.

We are inevitably coming back to the same old question of objects' self-awareness, in other words, being able to pass information on an object to other objects, preferably without having to explicitly specify their IDs as parameters in routine calls.

Cheers,
Pavel

"lyubo" <lzagorch@cs.wright.edu> wrote

- > What exactly happens when you add an alias of an object to a
- > model? Isn't it just a copy of the same object?

It isn't a copy, but as the keyword would suggest an alias. The aliased object's reference is added to the model container but its parent property is unchanged. Aliasing an object allows you to branch your object tree so that it can be rooted in multiple views (IDL does let you branch using /alias and then join the parent model and alias model together in a third model but the result doesn't compute with me right now.)

Since the parent property of your atom is unchanged, the aliased object isn't a child of the model in which it is contained. Because of this, aliased objects are not destroyed when the model object is destroyed. In your example, destroying M2-M4 will **not** destroy your objects A,B, and C. Only destroying M1, the parent of the objects A,B, and C, will A,B, and C be destroyed (unless you destroy them explicitly). David was rambling on about his reference counting, blah blah blah, tennis and who knows what else but the point is that IDL isn't as smart as his aliasing system. There are no foster parents.

- > If it isn't which one gets updated first - the alias or the object?

Since the alias is the object, the object (and only the object) is updated.

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- > that it has something to do with the aliases, but I have no idea what
- > could be causing that.

Your design seems sound, but I am a little suspicious of your implementation (which I understand is a little much to post here). I just re-created the same hierarchy as described above using orb objects and xobjview and everything worked as expected. No memory leaks. No problems changing properties and viewing the objects regardless of the order in which they were drawn.

I see that you found a work around. My guess is that you fixed the bug when you reworked your code.

-Rick
