
Subject: Re: use of 'obj_new' within another object definition
Posted by [David Fanning](#) on Mon, 18 Nov 2002 22:18:25 GMT
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paul (wisehart@runbox.com) writes:

I think this key is this:

```
;-----  
;my_object__define.pro  
  
pro my_object__define  
  
    foo: obj_new('other_object')  
  
end ; my_object
```

You can't really instantiate an object member in the definition module. The proper way to write this module is like this:

```
;-----  
;my_object__define.pro  
  
pro my_object__define  
  
    foo: obj_new()  
  
end ; my_object
```

IDL probably knows this (sometimes IDL is smarter than you would think on other occasions), and just stores the definition of the object member (i.e. this member is of type OBJECT) without actually calling the INIT method. This is exactly what I would hope would happen.

If you want to populate the object member with an instance of the other object, the proper place to do that is in the INIT method of the first object:

```
;-----  
  
function my_object::INIT  
  
    foo: obj_new('other_object')
```

```
    return, 1
end ; my_object
```

Cheers,

David

```
> Hi,
> I am experiencing a problem in IDL 5.4.
>
> I create an object called 'my_object', and define it in a file called
> 'my_object__define.pro'
>
> I do the same thing with 'other_object' , and
> 'other_object__define.pro'.
>
> Both of these objects compile and i can create variables with them.
> They both have 'init' functions that do basic initialization stuff.
>
> I know that the 'init' functions are getting called because I can
> put...
>
>   print,'i am here ...'
>
> ...statements in the init functions, and I will see the output when
> i initialize an object of that type.
>
> ...
>
>
> Now, my problem is that if I want 'my_object' to have an instance of
> 'other_object' as a member object, the init function( of
> 'other_object')
> doesn't get called.
>
> To eleborate...(snipping irrelevant stuff)
>
> ;-----
> ;my_object__define.pro
>
> pro my_object__define
>
>   foo: obj_new('other_object')
>
> end ; my_object
>
>
> ;-----
```

```
> ;other_object__define.pro
>
> function other_object::init
>   print, ' i am here!'
>   return, 1
> end ; init
>
> pro other_object__define
>
>   ;object definition stuff here
>
> end ; other_object
> ;-----
>
>
> When type ' x = obj_new('other_object') ' on the
> command line, I see the ' i am here!'.
>
> When type ' y = obj_new('my_object') ' on the
> command line, I DON'T see the ' i am here!'.
>
> Why is this?
>
> I don't get any errors otherwise, and
> according to the documentation on 'obj_new'
> it seems it should call the 'init' function
> in BOTH circumstances.
>
> Any ideas greatly appreciated,
>
> Paul Wisehart
> wisehart@runbox.com
>
```

--

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Toll-Free IDL Book Orders: 1-888-461-0155

Subject: Re: use of 'obj_new' within another object definition
Posted by [Randall Skelton](#) on Mon, 18 Nov 2002 23:03:41 GMT
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Hi Paul,

I think you might have cut a little too much 'object definition stuff' from your example... in any case, if I understand what you are trying to do, then try the code examples below.

```
IDL> a = obj_new('other_object')
% Compiled module: OTHER_OBJECT__DEFINE.
i am here!
IDL> b = obj_new('my_object')
% Compiled module: MY_OBJECT__DEFINE.
i am here!
IDL> help, /heap
Heap Variables:
  # Pointer: 0
  # Object : 3
<ObjHeapVar1>  STRUCT  = -> OTHER_OBJECT Array[1]
<ObjHeapVar2>  STRUCT  = -> MY_OBJECT Array[1]
<ObjHeapVar3>  STRUCT  = -> OTHER_OBJECT Array[1]
IDL> obj_destroy, a
IDL> obj_destroy, b
IDL> help, /heap
Heap Variables:
  # Pointer: 0
  # Object : 0
```

```
;-----
pro my_object::cleanup
  if obj_valid(self.foo) then obj_destroy, self.foo
  ; NB: don't try and shortcut the life-cycle by calling
  ; self.foo->cleanup directly...
end
```

```
function my_object::init
  self.foo = obj_new('other_object')
  return, 1
end
```

```
pro my_object__define
  s = { my_object, foo: obj_new() }
end
;-----
```

EXAMPLE ONE: Use obj_new()
^^^^^^^^^^^^^^

```
;-----
pro other_object::cleanup
  ; nothing to do here yet
end
```

```

function other_object::init
  print, ' i am here!'
  return, 1
end

pro other_object__define
  s = { other_object, a: 0 }
end
;-----

EXAMPLE TWO: Use ptr_new()
^^^^^^^^^^^^
;-----
;my_object__define.pro

pro my_object::cleanup
  if ptr_valid(self.foo) then begin
    obj_destroy, *self.foo
    ptr_free, self.foo
  endif
end

function my_object::init
  self.foo =
ptr_new(obj_new('other_object'))
  return, 1
end

pro my_object__define
  s = { my_object, foo: ptr_new() }
end
;-----

```

On 18 Nov 2002, paul wrote:

```

> Hi,
> I am experiencing a problem in IDL 5.4.
>
> I create an object called 'my_object', and define it in a file called
> 'my_object__define.pro'
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> 'other_object__define.pro'.
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> i initialize an object of that type.
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>
> Now, my problem is that if I want 'my_object' to have an instance of
> 'other_object' as a member object, the init function( of
> 'other_object')
> doesn't get called.
>
> To elaborate...(snipping irrelevant stuff)
>
> ;-----
> ;my_object__define.pro
>
> pro my_object__define
>
>   foo: obj_new('other_object')
>
> end ; my_object
>
>
> ;-----
> ;other_object__define.pro
>
> function other_object::init
>   print, ' i am here!'
>   return, 1
> end ; init
>
> pro other_object__define
>
>   ;object definition stuff here
>
> end ; other_object
> ;-----
>
>
> When type ' x = obj_new('other_object') ' on the
> command line, I see the ' i am here!'.
>

```

> When type 'y = obj_new('my_object')' on the
> command line, I DON'T see the 'i am here!'.
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> according to the documentation on 'obj_new'
> it seems it should call the 'init' function
> in BOTH circumstances.
>
> Any ideas greatly appreciated,
>
> Paul Wisehart
> wisehart@runbox.com

Subject: Re: use of 'obj_new' within another object definition
Posted by [wisehart](#) on Tue, 19 Nov 2002 14:25:20 GMT
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THANK YOU!!! BOTH,

That makes perfect sense now, but I didn't see it that way
yesterday.

I am just learning this object stuff, and my C++ background
slants everything I learn in IDL.

I am very happy to be able to write IDL code in an
object/class style now.

thanks again,
paul wisehart
wisehart@runbox.com
