Subject: Re: Using NO_COPY with pointers Posted by Liam E. Gumley on Mon, 14 Apr 2003 17:27:35 GMT

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"David Fanning" <david@dfanning.com> wrote in message
news:MPG.19048026a9265639989b4f@news.frii.com...
> Folks.
>
> This may be common knowledge, but I wasn't aware of it, and
> it is one of those things that makes you feel all warm and
  goose-pimply about IDL.
> I was adding a "user value" to all of my objects
> today, via a UVALUE field in the "atom" object that
> is inherited by all objects in my library. This field
> is, of course, a pointer.
> Naturally enough, I want to be able to get and set
> the "value" of this field sometimes without making
> a copy of the data. This is no problem when I am
> adding the information to the pointer, I simply use
> the NO COPY keyword on PTR NEW:
>
    self.uvalue = Ptr_New(uvalue, /No_Copy)
>
>
> But it is a bit of a problem when I want to "get"
  the value back:
>
    uvalue = *self.uvalue
>
>
> I was of the impression that pointer de-referencing
  *always* made a copy of the data. But on a whim, I
  tried this:
    IF Keyword_Set(no_copy) THEN uvalue = Temporary(*self.uvalue)
>
>
  Lo and behold, this did *exactly* what I wanted it to do!!
>
>
    Help, *self.uvalue
>
      <PtrHeapVar2093>
>
      UNDEFINED = <Undefined>
>
 Moreover,
>
>
     Print, Ptr_Valid(self.uvalue)
>
>
  Perfect! A valid pointer that points to an undefined variable.
```

> Hooray! You gotta love IDL! :-)

Hi David,

I made use of the same behavior in the "get and set state" service procedures (kinda like methods) for the IMGUI sample program I wrote for my book. The complete code for IMGUI is part of the sample program archive available at

http://www.gumley.com/PIP/About Book.html

Here's the relevant code:

PRO IMGUI_GET_STATE, EVENT, INFO, \$ NO_COPY=NO_COPY

:- Get pointer widget_control, event.top, get_uvalue=infoptr if (ptr valid(infoptr) eq 0) then \$ message, 'State information pointer is invalid'

:- Get state information structure if (n_elements(*infoptr) eq 0) then \$ message, 'State information structure is undefined' if keyword_set(no_copy) then begin info = temporary(*infoptr) endif else begin info = *infoptr endelse

END

PRO IMGUI_SET_STATE, EVENT, INFO, \$ NO_COPY=NO_COPY

:- Get pointer widget_control, event.top, get_uvalue=infoptr if (ptr valid(infoptr) eq 0) then \$ message, 'State information pointer is invalid'

:- Set state information structure if (n_elements(info) eq 0) then \$ message, 'State information structure is undefined' if keyword_set(no_copy) then begin *infoptr = temporary(info) endif else begin *infoptr = info endelse

END

Cheers, Liam. Practical IDL Programming http://www.gumley.com/

Subject: Re: Using NO_COPY with pointers
Posted by JD Smith on Mon, 14 Apr 2003 22:12:02 GMT
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On Mon, 14 Apr 2003 08:22:40 -0700, David Fanning wrote:

```
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  of the data. But on a whim, I tried this:
>
>
    IF Keyword_Set(no_copy) THEN uvalue = Temporary(*self.uvalue)
>
>
I think the assignment is what's making a copy there. Pointer
dereferencing by itself just hands you the relevant heap variable. In
other words, "*ptr var", and "var" are interchangeable in terms of all
memory referencing issues. So if you had some direct use for uvalue, ala:
print,total(4+(*self.uvalue))
```

then you needn't suffer the copy. Compare to:

uvalue=*self.uvalue
ptrint,total(4+uvalue)

where a copy *is* made, and you'll see the same issues hold for both regular and heap variables.

JD