Subject: Re: LOCALE\_GET()
Posted by James Kuyper on Thu, 10 Apr 2003 19:56:57 GMT
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## Wayne Landsman wrote:

>

- > Anyone know anything about the documented (since V5.3) LOCALE\_GET()
- > function? It has no parameters or keywords, and the documentation just
- > says that it "returns the current locale (string) of the operating
- > platform". Well, on my Solaris and Linux machines, it just returns
- > the single letter "C" -- not very useful, I should think. On Windows

"C" is the standard initial locale. In our copy of IDL 5.4, there's no hint in the online help that there's any IDL equivalent of the setlocale() function in C. Therefore, I imagine that LOCALE\_GET() is going to continue giving you "C" unless you link to some C code that calls setlocale(). I'm going talk about locales from a C perspective, because that's the one I know best.

There's a seperate locale for each of the following categories:

LC\_COLLATE
LC\_CTYPE
LC\_MONETARY
LC\_NUMERIC
LC\_TIME
LC\_MESSAGES
LC\_ALL

For instance, Americans will write floating point numbers as "7,396.45", while Europeans would write that same number as "7.396,45". That's controlled by the LC\_NUMERIC category. I'd assume that since LOCALE\_GET() doesn't seem to take a category argument, it does the equivalent of setlocale(LC\_ALL,NULL) (a null pointer returns a pointer to the current value of the category, without actually changing it).

If you execute setlocale(category, "") from within a C program, it selects the default locale for that category. How the default locale is determine varies from one type of system to another. On the unix-like systems that I use most, the default locale is controlled by environment variables with names corresponding to the category names. The environment variable LANG is used if the category-specific environment variable is not defined.

The list of valid locales is determined in a system specific way. On my IRIX system, the set of supported locales is stored in /usr/lib/locale:

.C/ en AU.ISO8859-15/ fr BE.ISO8859-15/

```
nl NL.ISO8859-15/
POSIX/
              en CA/
                            fr CA/
                                         no/
TZ/
            en_CA.ISO8859-15/ fr_CA.ISO8859-15/
no NO.ISO8859-15/
charmap/
              en GB.ISO8859-15/ fr CH/
                                               pl/
cs/
           en US/
                         fr_CH.ISO8859-15/ pt/
da/
           en_US.ISO8859-15/ fr_FR.ISO8859-15/ pt_BR/
da DK.ISO8859-15/ es/
                               hu/
pt BR.ISO8859-15/
de/
           es AR/
                          is/
pt PT.ISO8859-15/
             es AR.ISO8859-15/ is IS.ISO8859-15/ ru/
de AT/
de AT.ISO8859-15/ es ES.ISO8859-15/ it/
                                                 sk/
de CH/
                            it CH/
              es MX/
                                         sv/
de_CH.ISO8859-15/ es_MX.ISO8859-15/ it_CH.ISO8859-15/
sv SE.ISO8859-15/
de DE.ISO8859-15/ fi/
                              it IT.ISO8859-15/ tr/
el/
           fi FI.ISO8859-15/ nl/
en/
           fr/
                      nl BE/
en AU/
              fr BE/
                           nl BE.ISO8859-15/
```

- > it returns "English United States:442" and so I suppose it could be used
- > to determine the language and nationality of the current user.

It's not the current user, but the current operating environment. The computer has no way to know whether or not the current user is a frenchman, but it does know whether it's currently set up to print things in french-style formats.

- > ... Has
- > anyone actually used LOCALE GET() for anything useful?

Without having the equivalent of C's setlocale(), I can't see much point to it. In C code, setlocale() incidentally returns the current locale. The typical use is to save the current locale at the same time you change it:

```
old_locale = setlocale(category, "fr");
```

Then you do a bunch of output which requires that you print things out in a French style. When you're done, restore the old locale:

```
setlocale(category, old locale);
```

It's generally not very useful to actually examine old\_locale.

Subject: Re: LOCALE\_GET()

Posted by Wayne Landsman on Fri, 11 Apr 2003 13:57:49 GMT

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## James Kuyper wrote:

>

- > I'm going talk about locales from a C perspective,
- > because that's the one I know best.

Thanks for the detailed explanation. I wonder if LOCALE\_GET() was added because RSI needed it for one of their demos, rather than because it was thought to be useful to the IDL programmer.

Cheers, --Wayne Landsman

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