Subject: more bugs in envi !!!
Posted by gauravjn123 on Fri, 11 Jul 2003 12:41:33 GMT
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Hi folks!

Sorry to trouble u again....but envi seems to be just going above my head...there is another problem that i am facing: Please go through the 2 functions:

1.function example,b1 help,b1 end 2.function example,b1,b2 help,b1 end

Now could anyone tell me why these 2 codes are producing different final answers??? I just cant find any reason for it.

One more problem:

'b1' is a positive array and 'avgb1' is a positive number but when i use the formula : result=b1*100/avgb1 print, result , the answer that i get is a negative array.

Whereas if i use the formula : result=b1/avgb1 print, result * 100 , then i get a positive array

I hope to hear the answers to these questions soon. Thnxx Byee Gaurav

Subject: Re: more bugs in envi !!!

Posted by marc schellens[1] on Sun, 13 Jul 2003 13:29:56 GMT

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- > Hi folks!
- > Sorry to trouble u again....but envi seems to be just going above my
- > head...there is another problem that i am facing:
- > Please go through the 2 functions:

>

- > 1.function example,b1
- > help,b1
- > end

```
> 2.function example,b1,b2
   help,b1
   end
>
   Now could anyone tell me why these 2 codes are producing different
>
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>
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>
>
  'b1' is a positive array and 'avgb1' is a positive number but when i
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  , the answer that i get is a negative array.
>
>
     Whereas if i use the formula: result=b1/avgb1
                         print, result * 100
>
  , then i get a positive array
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Even without knowing ENVI, the second problem isn't a bug in ENVI.

A integer occupies (in IDL) 16-bit, and therfore covers a range form -32768 to 32767

anything larger (or smaller) cannot be represented and therefore you observe an 'overflow', resulting in a negative number. IDL evalutates your expressinon from left to right, the overflow occurs after the multiplication with 100. In the second case the division is done first and thus the value seems to be small enough not to overflow in the later multiplication.

The solution is to convert your b1 array to LONG. But did you notice that you do an integer division? 1/2 equals 0.

Maybe you want to use FLOAT or DOUBLE.

hdh, marc

Subject: Re: more bugs in envi!!!

Posted by marc schellens[1] on Mon, 14 Jul 2003 16:30:47 GMT

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Would be helpful if you post WHAT they output also.

And then of course the context from which you call them...

(Two functions with the same name cannot live in one (IDL-) program)

Gauray wrote: > Hi all! Thanx for the help...well u both were right...i was under the wrong > impression that i had defined it as a long integer...but i hadn't. But > i still cant find out why these 2 functions are producing different > outputs: > Please go through the 2 functions: >>> 1.function example,b1 >>> help,b1 >>> end >>> 2.function example,b1,b2 >>> help,b1 >>> end >>> >>> Now could anyone tell me why these 2 codes are producing different >>> final answers??? I just cant find any reason for it. >> > Gaurav Jain > ENST-Bretagne > > Marc Schellens <m_schellens@hotmail.com> wrote in message news:<3F115ED4.6040200@hotmail.com>... >>> Hi folks! >>> Sorry to trouble u again....but envi seems to be just going above my >>> head...there is another problem that i am facing: >>> Please go through the 2 functions: >>> >>> 1.function example,b1 >>> help,b1 >>> end >>> 2.function example,b1,b2 >>> help,b1 >>> end >>> Now could anyone tell me why these 2 codes are producing different >>> final answers??? I just cant find any reason for it. >>> One more problem : >>> >>> 'b1' is a positive array and 'avgb1' is a positive number but when i >>> use the formula : result=b1*100/avgb1 print, result >>> >>> , the answer that i get is a negative array.

```
>>>
      Whereas if i use the formula: result=b1/avgb1
>>>
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>> IDL evalutates your expressinon from left to right, the
>> overflow occurs after the multiplication with 100.
>> In the second case the division is done first and thus the value seems
>> to be small enough not to overflow in the later multiplication.
>>
>> The solution is to convert your b1 array to LONG.
>> But did you notice that you do an integer division?
>> 1/2 equals 0.
>> Maybe you want to use FLOAT or DOUBLE.
>>
>> hdh,
>> marc
```

Subject: Re: more bugs in envi !!!

Posted by gauravjn123 on Mon, 14 Jul 2003 20:07:29 GMT

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Hi all!

Thanx for the help...well u both were right...i was under the wrong impression that i had defined it as a long integer...but i hadn't. But i still cant find out why these 2 functions are producing different outputs:

Please go through the 2 functions:

>>

>> 1.function example,b1

>> help,b1

>> end

>> 2.function example,b1,b2

>> help,b1

>> end

>>

>> Now could anyone tell me why these 2 codes are producing different

>> final answers??? I just cant find any reason for it.

Gaurav Jain ENST-Bretagne

```
Marc Schellens <m_schellens@hotmail.com> wrote in message
news:<3F115ED4.6040200@hotmail.com>...
>> Hi folks!
    Sorry to trouble u again....but envi seems to be just going above my
>> head...there is another problem that i am facing:
>> Please go through the 2 functions:
>>
>> 1.function example,b1
    help,b1
>>
    end
>> 2.function example,b1,b2
    help,b1
    end
>>
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          print, result
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- > The solution is to convert your b1 array to LONG.
- > But did you notice that you do an integer division?
- > 1/2 equals 0.
- > Maybe you want to use FLOAT or DOUBLE.

>

- > hdh,
- > marc

Subject: Re: more bugs in envi!!!

Posted by marc schellens[1] on Wed, 16 Jul 2003 00:17:16 GMT

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Could you post the COMPLETE stuff?
I mean the calling procedure or function?
Try to delete everything which is irrelevant.
I hardly assume, that the mistake lies somewhere there.
Maybe another subroutine changes some of its arguments?
Regards,
marc

Gaurav wrote:

- > Hi!
- > Okay...i shall give u the outputs also. Here are the functions:

>

- > 1.;Stored in file trash.pro
- > function ex.b1
- > print,' This is the function ex,b1'
- > print, size(b1)
- > help,b1
- > end
- > 2.;Stored in file trash2.pro
- > function ex2,b1,b2
- > print, 'This is the function ex2,b1,b2'
- > print, size(b1)
- > help,b1
- > end
- > The outputs of these functions are:

>

- > ENVI>
- > % Compiled module: TRASH.

>

- > ENVI>
- > % Compiled module: TRASH2.

>

- > ENVI>
- > This is the function ex,b1
- > 2 5 5 4

```
25
             FLOAT
                       = Array[5, 5]
   This is the function ex,b1
         2
                 5
                         5
                                 4
    25
  B1
             FLOAT
                       = Array[5, 5]
   This is the function ex,b1
         2
                                2
                 5
                         5
    25
  B1
             INT
                     = Array[5, 5]
>
  This is the function ex,b1
         2
               568
                                   2
                         653
> 370904
  B1
             INT
                     = Array[568, 653]
>
> ENVI>
> This is the function ex2,b1,b2
         2
                 5
                         5
                                4
>
    25
>
             FLOAT
  B1
                       = Array[5, 5]
  This is the function ex2,b1,b2
         2
                                4
                 5
                         5
    25
  B1
             FLOAT
                       = Array[5, 5]
> This is the function ex2,b1,b2
                         5
                                2
         2
                 5
>
    25
  B1
             INT
                     = Array[5, 5]
> This is the function ex2,b1,b2
         2
                568
                         326
                                   2
  185168
> B1
             INT
                     = Array[568, 326]
  This is the function ex2,b1,b2
         2
               568
                         327
                                   2
  185736
                     = Array[568, 327]
  B1
             INT
  ENVI>
>
>
    Hope this helps you in finding out the answer to my question.
>
>
  Gaurav Jain
>
>
> Marc Schellens <m_schellens@hotmail.com> wrote in message
news:<3F12DAB7.607@hotmail.com>...
>
```

```
>> Would be helpful if you post WHAT they output also.
>> And then of course the context from which you call them...
>> (Two functions with the same name cannot live in one (IDL-) program)
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>> Gauray wrote:
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>>> outputs:
>>> Please go through the 2 functions:
>>>
>>>
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>>>> end
>>> >2.function example,b1,b2
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>>>> Now could anyone tell me why these 2 codes are producing different
>>>> >final answers??? I just cant find any reason for it.
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>>> ENST-Bretagne
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>>>> >
```

```
>>>> >One more problem :
>>>> >
>>> > b1' is a positive array and 'avgb1' is a positive number but when i
>>>> >use the formula : result=b1*100/avqb1
            print, result
>>>> >
>>>>, the answer that i get is a negative array.
>>>> Whereas if i use the formula : result=b1/avgb1
                            print, result * 100
>>>>>
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>>>> Even without knowing ENVI, the second problem isn't a bug in ENVI.
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>>>> 32767
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>>> anything larger (or smaller) cannot be represented and therefore you
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>>>> IDL evalutates your expressinon from left to right, the
>>> overflow occurs after the multiplication with 100.
>>>> In the second case the division is done first and thus the value seems
>>>> to be small enough not to overflow in the later multiplication.
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>>>> The solution is to convert your b1 array to LONG.
>>>> But did you notice that you do an integer division?
>>>> 1/2 equals 0.
>>>> Maybe you want to use FLOAT or DOUBLE.
>>>>
>>>> hdh.
>>>> marc
>>>
```

Subject: Re: more bugs in envi !!!

Posted by gauravjn123 on Wed, 16 Jul 2003 07:33:17 GMT

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Hi!

Okay...i shall give u the outputs also. Here are the functions:

1.;Stored in file trash.pro function ex,b1 print,' This is the function ex,b1' print,size(b1) help,b1 end 2.;Stored in file trash2.pro function ex2,b1,b2 print, 'This is the function ex2,b1,b2' print, size(b1) help,b1 end The outputs of these functions are: ENVI> % Compiled module: TRASH. ENVI> % Compiled module: TRASH2. ENVI> This is the function ex,b1 5 5 4 2 25 **B1** FLOAT = Array[5, 5]This is the function ex,b1 2 5 4 5 25 B1 FLOAT = Array[5, 5]This is the function ex,b1 2 5 2 5 25 B1 INT = Array[5, 5]This is the function ex,b1 568 653 2 2 370904 B1 INT = Array[568, 653]ENVI> This is the function ex2,b1,b2 2 5 5 4 25 **B**1 FLOAT = Array[5, 5]This is the function ex2,b1,b2 2 5 5 4 25 B1 FLOAT = Array[5, 5]This is the function ex2,b1,b2 2 2 5 5 25 INT = Array[5, 5]This is the function ex2,b1,b2 2 326 2 568

185168

```
B1
           INT
                  = Array[568, 326]
This is the function ex2,b1,b2
             568
                      327
                                2
      2
185736
B1
           INT
                  = Array[568, 327]
ENVI>
 Hope this helps you in finding out the answer to my question.
Gauray Jain
Marc Schellens <m_schellens@hotmail.com> wrote in message
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>>>> Hi folks!

```
>>> head...there is another problem that i am facing:
>>>> Please go through the 2 functions:
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>>>> 1.function example,b1
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>>>> help,b1
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>>> Now could anyone tell me why these 2 codes are producing different
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>>>>
>>>> 'b1' is a positive array and 'avgb1' is a positive number but when i
>>> use the formula : result=b1*100/avgb1
            print, result
>>>> , the answer that i get is a negative array.
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        Whereas if i use the formula: result=b1/avgb1
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>>> , then i get a positive array
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>>> The solution is to convert your b1 array to LONG.
>>> But did you notice that you do an integer division?
>>> 1/2 equals 0.
>>> Maybe you want to use FLOAT or DOUBLE.
>>>
>>> hdh,
>>> marc
>>
```

Subject: Re: more bugs in envi !!!

Posted by David Lopez Pons on Fri, 25 Jul 2003 09:45:20 GMT

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Answer to your second problem:

I thik that yours is an overflow problem. The resultof the operation b1*100 it's to big for an interger (integer, I supose) and returns the negative value.

Maybe the operation 'b1/avgb1*100' (all together, in the same line) works fine.

Another solution is to force the float operation with a dot: 'b1*100./avgb1'

DLo.

Gaurav wrote:

```
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> Please go through the 2 functions:
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> 1.function example,b1
> help,b1
> end
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> help,b1
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> Byee
> Gaurav
```