Subject: Interpolation problem Posted by sdj on Mon, 03 Nov 2003 11:21:30 GMT

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Dear All,

I have a problem with interpolating data, neither of the IDL functions INTERPOLATE/INTERPOL/BILINEAR seem to work.

I have a 2-d array on a regular grid with valid values which are all +ve. Non valid values are set to -9999 and some 'intermediate' values I

would like to interpolate are set to -1.

How can I interpolate over the x, y grid the 'intermediate' values set to -1 without taking into account the non-valid values?

I've tried the following, but it does not work (my output values are exactly the same as my input values).

;a is a fltarr(x, y) -> 'a' being meteorological values at 'x' lon ;and 'y' lat $nx = n_elements(a(^*, 0))$; no. elements x $ny = n_elements(a(0, ^*))$; no. elements y d = where(a EQ -1, count1); find 1-d index of values to be interpolated $xd = d \mod nx$; x index of values to be interpolated yd = d / nx; y index of values to be interpolated

;I "try" to have the a(xd, yd) values interpolated, but my output ;values are exactly the same as my input values int_val = INTERPOLATE(a, xd, yd, missing = -9999)

INTERPOL and BILINEAR don't work either, have you got any idea of how to do this sort of operation?

Thanks in advance for the help.

Best Regards, Pepe

Subject: Re: Interpolation problem
Posted by the_cacc on Mon, 03 Nov 2003 20:06:54 GMT
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sdj@tiscali.it (Pepe) wrote in message news:<56bc95a7.0311030321.42de483d@posting.google.com>...

- > I have a 2-d array on a regular grid with valid values which are all
- > +ve. Non valid values are set to -9999 and some 'intermediate' values
- > I would like to interpolate are set to -1.

It sounds like you may be mis-understanding the MISSING keyword in interpolate. In fact, you may want to be using different functions altogther: TRIANGULATE & TRIGRID.

Try the program below and see if it's what you're looking for.

Clao.
;PRO test
; Make a data set n = 100 data = SIN(FINDGEN(n,n)/n^2)
; Missing data mx = RANDOMU(1,n,/LONG) MOD n^2 data[mx] = -1 valid = WHERE(data NE -1) ix = valid MOD n iy = valid / n
; Fill in missing data TRIANGULATE,ix,iy,tr new = TRIGRID(ix,iy,data[valid],tr,NX=n,NY=n)
; Display. tvscl,data >0 tvscl,new
END ;
,

Subject: Re: Interpolation problem
Posted by sdj on Tue, 04 Nov 2003 11:26:31 GMT
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Thank you for the help, yes your program indeed does the trick.

The only minor thing I had to change was to set the valid data NE to -1 AND NE to -9999 (see my original message), and then overwrite the interpolated values of the -9999 indices with the original data.

Thus, I end up interpolating the missing values without taking into account the non-valid ones.

```
PRO test2
: Make a data set
n = 100
data = SIN( FINDGEN(n,n)/n^2 )
; Missing data
mx = RANDOMU(1, n, /LONG) MOD n^2
data[mx] = -1
: Non-valid data
nv = RANDOMU(2, n, /LONG) MOD n^2
data[nv] = -9999
valid = WHERE(data NE -1 AND data NE -9999)
ix = valid MOD n
iy = valid / n
; Fill in missing data
TRIANGULATE, ix, iy, tr
new = TRIGRID(ix, iy, data[valid], tr, NX = n, NY = n)
;Reset non-valid values equal to -9999
new[nv] = data[nv]
Again, thanks for your help.
Hasta Iluego,
Pepe
the_cacc@hotmail.com (trouble) wrote in message
news:<5f9f0a23.0311031206.167c106a@posting.google.com>...
> sdi@tiscali.it (Pepe) wrote in message
news:<56bc95a7.0311030321.42de483d@posting.google.com>...
>>
>> I have a 2-d array on a regular grid with valid values which are all
>> +ve. Non valid values are set to -9999 and some 'intermediate' values
>> I would like to interpolate are set to -1.
> It sounds like you may be mis-understanding the MISSING keyword in
> interpolate. In fact, you may want to be using different functions
  altogther: TRIANGULATE & TRIGRID.
>
> Try the program below and see if it's what you're looking for.
>
```

```
> Ciao.
> ;-----
> PRO test
> ; Make a data set
> n = 100
> data = SIN( FINDGEN(n,n)/n^2 )
> ; Missing data
> mx = RANDOMU(1,n,/LONG) MOD n^2
> data[mx] = -1
> valid = WHERE(data NE -1)
> ix = valid MOD n
> iy = valid / n
>
> ; Fill in missing data
> TRIANGULATE,ix,iy,tr
> new = TRIGRID(ix,iy,data[valid],tr,NX=n,NY=n)
> ; Display.
> tvscl,data >0
> tvscl,new
> END
```