
Subject: Re: Probs w/ keyword_set
Posted by [sjt](#) on Wed, 03 Aug 1994 09:03:32 GMT
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Alan Tai (tai@rockola.larc.nasa.gov) wrote:
: This is probably old news, but in IDL 3.6 (and I think in 3.51), I
: realized early on that you run into problems by setting a keyword
: parameter to 0 and running it through keyword_set. I.e. keyword_set
: believes the parameter is unset:

```
: pro test, Key = Key  
:   if (keyword_set(Key)) then print, 'Set' $  
:   else print, 'Unset'  
: end  
: test, Key = 0
```

: Solution: use n_elements instead of keyword_set. I found this out
: from reading through some procedures from the JHUAPL library.

This has always been the case. The main purpose of keyword_set as I've
always seen it is coupled with /<key> constructs.

: Alan

--
James Tappin, School of Physics & Space Research
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sjt@xun8.sr.bham.ac.uk
"If all else fails--read the instructions!"

P.S. Did you know that keyword_set's argument needn't be a keyword! it
actually just returns 0 if arg is 0, " or undefined and 1 otherwise.

Subject: Re: Probs w/ keyword_set
Posted by [thompson](#) on Wed, 03 Aug 1994 14:09:52 GMT
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tai@rockola.larc.nasa.gov (Alan Tai) writes:

```
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> end  
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> Solution: use `n_elements` instead of `keyword_set`. I found this out
> from reading through some procedures from the JHUAPL library.

This is the way it's supposed to work. Why do you think it's a problem? It's standard for 0 to represent false and 1 to represent true. The beauty of the `KEYWORD_SET` function is that if the variable is undefined, then it assumes false by default.

It's possible you're trying to use `KEYWORD_SET` for keywords that aren't true/false switches. If a keyword can take other values than true/false, and you're trying to decide whether or not that keyword has been passed, then `N_ELEMENTS` is the correct way to test for this, as you point out.

For example, in the `AXIS` routine, the keyword `XAXIS` can take the values 1 or 0. However, in this case the values do not represent true or false. Instead, setting `XAXIS=0` means draw an axis under the plot window, and `XAXIS=1` means draw it over the plot window. Leaving it undefined means to not draw either. In a situation like this, using `KEYWORD_SET` to decide whether or not `XAXIS` was passed would be a mistake.

However, in the same routine, it would be correct to use `KEYWORD_SET` to determine the state of the `/SAVE` keyword.

I've noticed that sometimes people will use the `/KEYWORD` form to set a keyword that can take a variety of values to 1. This is bad programming practice. It confuses the distinction between keywords that make true/false distinctions, and keywords that take more traditional values.

Hope this clears up the confusion,

Bill Thompson
