Subject: Re: READ_ASCII - accessing data from structures Posted by David Fanning on Wed, 12 May 2004 17:44:09 GMT

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Martin Doyle writes:
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> I wonder if anyone might be able to help me with this?
> I'm using the IDL READ ASCII function to read in a semicolon seperated
> file, after which I'd like to access individual elements of that data
> file. From the RSI website, I see that I can access the data fields
> (i.e. each column of data) by using, for example;
>
> print, mydata.(4)
> using the Variable_Name.(Tag_Index) method.
Could someone tell me how to get to the individual elements of
> mydata.(4)?? Using the above I can only get a large stream of numbers,
> I need to use them one by one.
Well, this should work:
 Print, (mydata.(4))[5]
But usually, you would just pull the column off and treat
it as an array, unless you had some speciific memory
considerations:
 col4 = Reform(mydata.(4))
 print, col4[5]
Cheers.
David
David Fanning, Ph.D.
Fanning Software Consulting
Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming: http://www.dfanning.com/
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Subject: Re: READ_ASCII - accessing data from structures Posted by JD Smith on Wed, 12 May 2004 20:25:44 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

On Wed, 12 May 2004 11:44:09 -0600, David Fanning wrote:

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> Martin Doyle writes:
>
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>> mydata.(4)?? Using the above I can only get a large stream of numbers,
>> I need to use them one by one.
  Well, this should work:
    Print, (mydata.(4))[5]
```

Just wanted to point out that mydata[5].(4) will typically be quicker if the mydata vector is quite long, and also requires fewer parentheses. Your method first creates a (potentially long) vector, and then subscripts it.

JD