Subject: Re: Question on watershed segmentation Posted by Karsten Rodenacker on Fri, 14 Jan 2005 18:49:04 GMT View Forum Message <> Reply to Message

wrote:

> has anybody used watershed from the idl lib?

- > When we use watershed, the returned array consists of integers that
- > number the regions that belong together.
- > 0's indicate the boundary of these regions.
- > so, if from a watershed-segmented image, i want to extract data for a
- > particular segment only, how do i do it?
- > the fact that a logical segment in an image can contain a number of
- > segment obtained from watershed should be taken into consideration.

That is just the drawback and the advantage of the watershed transformation. It is upon you to merge the parts which are distinct under watershed following your logics and necessity.

- > if the image can be divided into 6 logical segments, how do i get the
- > data(say, no. of pixels) for segment number 3 that consists of say, 500
- > small segments (watersheds!) obtained from watershed function.

One way to reduce the so called oversegmentation can be the preprocessing of the data e.g. by smoothing (gaussian, nlg, opening, closing etc) another is to try to merge the segments by certain criteria.

Surprising is that I just yesterday asked David Fanning for possible graph implementations to design merging operations of watershed results. And today somebody else asked for graph algorithms too. Nice how things come together.

Regards Karsten

Karsten Rodenacker

GSF - Forschungszentrum Institute of Biomathematics and Biometry

D-85758 Oberschleissheim Postfach 11 29 Karsten.Rodenacker@gsf.de | http://ibb.gsf.de/ | DEL \_ for reply

http://ibb.gsf.de/homepage/karsten.rodenacker/

Tel: +49 89 31873401 | FAX: ..3369

## Subject: Re: Question on watershed segmentation Posted by btt on Fri, 14 Jan 2005 20:07:48 GMT

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## Karsten Rodenacker wrote:

- > wrote:
- >
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- >>
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>>

- > One way to reduce the so called oversegmentation can be the
- > preprocessing of the data e.g. by smoothing (gaussian, nlg, opening,
- > closing etc) another is to try to merge the segments by certain criteria.

>

Hi,

Even after preprocessing the image, you'll want an effificant means of getting at the pixels that belong to a region. To get at the pixels that are labeled with a particular number, try using the HISTOGRAM function with the REVERSE\_INDICES keyword.

segImage = WATERSHED(image)

h = HISTOGRAM(segImage, reverse = rev)

See the HISTOGRAM online help for how to use the rev vector.

Ben

Subject: Re: Question on watershed segmentation Posted by David Fanning on Fri, 14 Jan 2005 20:50:54 GMT

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Ben Tupper writes:

> See the HISTOGRAM online help for how to use the rev vector.

Or, read the Histogram Tutorial after you throw up your hands with the on-line help:

http://www.dfanning.com/tips/histogram\_tutorial.html

Cheers,

David

P.S. Let's just say it is a good idea to read that tutorial a couple of times a year anyway, whether you need to or not!

--

David Fanning, Ph.D.
Fanning Software Consulting, Inc.
Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming: http://www.dfanning.com/