

---

Subject: array subscripting problem

Posted by [m.doyle](#) on Mon, 11 Apr 2005 13:00:14 GMT

[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

---

Hi Guys,

I've got a gridded dataset and I'm searching the grid trying to find those points which have a certain value. Once I've found this point, I want to check all points around it to see if they have the same value plus a little bit. This is what I've come up with:

```
If (data(i,j,k) GE p) THEN begin
```

```
  cd = data(i,j,k)
```

```
  If (ABS(cd-data[i-1,j-1,k]) LE mg) then f = f+1
```

```
  If (ABS(cd-data[i, j-1,k]) LE mg) then f = f+1
```

```
  If (ABS(cd-data[i+1,j-1,k]) LE mg) then f = f+1
```

```
  If (ABS(cd-data[i-1,j, k]) LE mg) then f = f+1
```

```
  If (ABS(cd-data[i+1,j, k]) LE mg) then f = f+1
```

```
  If (ABS(cd-data[i-1,j+1,k]) LE mg) then f = f+1
```

```
  If (ABS(cd-data[i, j+1,k]) LE mg) then f = f+1
```

```
  If (ABS(cd-data[i+1,j+1,k]) LE mg) then f = f+1
```

```
endif
```

However, array subscripting with negative numbers isn't allowed by IDL.

Has anyone any ideas how I might get around this?

Many thanks!

All the best  
Martin

---

---

Subject: Re: array subscripting

Posted by [David Fanning](#) on Fri, 11 Dec 2009 14:41:44 GMT

[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

---

Dave Higgins writes:

```
> I'd like to multiply the 1st dimension of a multi-dimensional array by  
> a 1d vector (using * not #). I've been trying to avoid nested FOR  
> loops. So far, I've come up with  
>  
> phi = rebin(phi, dim1,dim2,dim3,dim4,dim5)
```

> multi\_dim\_arr = multi\_dim\_arr \* phi  
>  
> As you can see I'm creating a huge array from a simple "row" of data,  
> so that phi and multi\_dim\_arr match in size. I feel like I'm missing  
> something - is there an easier way to get this done?

"Easier" in what sense? To type? Make it a function. ;-)

Cheers,

David

--

David Fanning, Ph.D.

Fanning Software Consulting, Inc.

Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming: <http://www.dfanning.com/>

Sepore ma de ni thui. ("Perhaps thou speakest truth.")

---

---

Subject: Re: array subscripting

Posted by [David Higgins](#) on Fri, 11 Dec 2009 16:29:42 GMT

[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

---

On 11 Dec, 14:41, David Fanning <n...@dfanning.com> wrote:

> "Easier" in what sense? To type? Make it a function. ;-)

Thanks for your reply. Sorry I wasn't clear in my post. I was wondering if there's a better way, in terms of memory management. I.e. not creating a second huge array (phi after the rebin), when the useful information is a 1d vector.

Thanks.

Dave

---

---

Subject: Re: array subscripting

Posted by [David Fanning](#) on Fri, 11 Dec 2009 16:43:48 GMT

[View Forum Message](#) <> [Reply to Message](#)

---

Dave Higgins writes:

> Thanks for your reply. Sorry I wasn't clear in my post. I was  
> wondering if there's a better way, in terms of memory management. I.e.  
> not creating a second huge array (phi after the rebin), when the

> useful information is a 1d vector.

The IDL Way often involves trade-offs between speed and memory. A judicious use of a FOR loop might be called for here, if memory usage is getting ridiculous. But I would think about transposing your array so that if you do settle on a loop solution your multiplications occur on rows of data and not columns of data. Looping on columns is sure to be slow, slow, slow.

Cheers,

David

--

David Fanning, Ph.D.

Fanning Software Consulting, Inc.

Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming: <http://www.dfanning.com/>

Sepore ma de ni thui. ("Perhaps thou speakest truth.")

---