
Subject: Re: converting bytarr into strarr

Posted by [Benjamin Hornberger](#) on Tue, 21 Jun 2005 21:59:44 GMT

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It's weird that the string function doesn't offer a keyword for this.
But how about first converting to integer?

```
b=string(fix(a))
```

Benjamin

Paul Van Delst wrote:

```
> Hello there,  
>  
> This is probably a simple question, but I haven't found out how to do it.  
>  
> How does one convert a byte array into a equivalent sized string array?  
> E.g. consider the following:  
>  
> IDL> a=bindgen(20,40)  
> IDL> help, a  
> A          BYTE    = Array[20, 40]  
> IDL> b=string(a)  
> IDL> help, b  
> B          STRING   = Array[40]  
> IDL>  
>  
> or  
>  
> IDL> a=bindgen(2,4,5,6)  
> IDL> help, a  
> A          BYTE    = Array[2, 4, 5, 6]  
> IDL> b=string(a)  
> IDL> help, b  
> B          STRING   = Array[4, 5, 6]  
>  
>  
> What I want to do is convert "a" into a string array, "b", that has the  
> same dimensions as the original byte array, [20, 40], or [2, 4, 5, 6]  
> i.e. each element of "b" is a single character corresponding to the byte  
> value in "a".  
>  
> Everything I've read in the IDL help tells me that a byte array will  
> always "lose" the first dimension as the bytes are converted into  
> concatenated strings.  
>  
> Is there a simple way around this? (I could loop over the dimensions of
```

> "a" I guess).
>
> thanks,
>
> paulv
>

Subject: Re: converting bytarr into strarr
Posted by [Benjamin Hornberger](#) on Tue, 21 Jun 2005 22:01:54 GMT
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Or adding another dimension:

```
b=string(reform(a,1,20,40))
```

Benjamin Hornberger wrote:

```
> It's weird that the string function doesn't offer a keyword for this.  
> But how about first converting to integer?  
>  
> b=string(fix(a))  
>  
> Benjamin  
>  
>  
> Paul Van Delst wrote:  
>  
>> Hello there,  
>>  
>> This is probably a simple question, but I haven't found out how to do it.  
>>  
>> How does one convert a byte array into a equivalent sized string  
>> array? E.g. consider the following:  
>>  
>> IDL> a=bindgen(20,40)  
>> IDL> help, a  
>> A          BYTE    = Array[20, 40]  
>> IDL> b=string(a)  
>> IDL> help, b  
>> B          STRING   = Array[40]  
>> IDL>  
>>  
>> or  
>>  
>> IDL> a=bindgen(2,4,5,6)  
>> IDL> help, a  
>> A          BYTE     = Array[2, 4, 5, 6]
```

```
>> IDL> b=string(a)
>> IDL> help, b
>> B          STRING   = Array[4, 5, 6]
>>
>>
>> What I want to do is convert "a" into a string array, "b", that has
>> the same dimensions as the original byte array, [20, 40], or [2, 4, 5,
>> 6] i.e. each element of "b" is a single character corresponding to the
>> byte value in "a".
>>
>> Everything I've read in the IDL help tells me that a byte array will
>> always "lose" the first dimension as the bytes are converted into
>> concatenated strings.
>>
>> Is there a simple way around this? (I could loop over the dimensions
>> of "a" I guess).
>>
>> thanks,
>>
>> paulv
>>
```

Subject: Re: converting bytarr into strarr
Posted by [Michael Wallace](#) on Tue, 21 Jun 2005 22:03:55 GMT
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How about doing a two step conversion: byte -> integer -> string.

```
IDL> a = bindgen(20, 40)
IDL> b = string(a)
IDL> c = string(fix(a))
IDL> help, a, b, c
A          BYTE      = Array[20, 40]
B          STRING    = Array[40]
C          STRING    = Array[20, 40]
```

-Mike

Subject: Re: converting bytarr into strarr
Posted by [Paul Van Delst\[1\]](#) on Tue, 21 Jun 2005 23:11:40 GMT
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Michael Wallace wrote:
> How about doing a two step conversion: byte -> integer -> string.

```
>
> IDL> a = bindgen(20, 40)
> IDL> b = string(a)
> IDL> c = string(fix(a))
> IDL> help, a, b, c
> A          BYTE    = Array[20, 40]
> B          STRING  = Array[40]
> C          STRING  = Array[20, 40]
>
>
> -Mike
```

Hi,

Yeah, that was the first thing that occurred to me too, but when you use STRING on a non-byte input, all you get is the number as a string, rather than the ASCII byte code converted to a string:

```
IDL> a = bindgen(2, 4) + 65B
IDL> b = string(a)
IDL> c = string(fix(a))
IDL> help, a, b, c
A          BYTE    = Array[2, 4]
B          STRING  = Array[4]
C          STRING  = Array[2, 4]
IDL> print, b
AB CD EF GH
IDL> print, c
  65   66
  67   68
  69   70
  71   72
```

paulv

--

Paul van Delst
CIMSS @ NOAA/NCEP/EMC
