Subject: Re: Map_Image()

Posted by David Fanning on Fri, 20 Jan 2006 12:41:37 GMT

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Sheldon writes:

- > As my IDI edification continues, let me express my gratitude to those
- > of you who have shared your knowledge, and sometimes wit, with me :<).
- > After going through plot(), I have arrived at MAP_IMAGE(). Some stuff
- > is straight forward and I know that many of you know this stuff like
- > the back of your hands; so, can someone please explain a little more in
- > detail what these two arguments to map image() are?

An image, when it is warped into a map projection space, does not take up the entire window, but only a portion of it.

warp = Map_Image(image, xx, yy, xs, ys)

The four positional parameters to the right of the original image tell you how to put the smaller warped image into the larger window. The first two of the parameters (xx,yy) locate the lower-left edge of the warped image in pixel units. The second two of the parameters (xs,ys) tell you the size of the image in pixel units. You want to use all four of the parameters to place or locate the image on the map projection in the window:

TV, warp, xx, yy, XSIZE=xs, YSIZE=ys

The XSIZE and YSIZE parameters are not used when you issue the TV command on your display device (a pixel is a defined size there), but is critical if you want the warped image to show up in the correct location in PostScript, where pixel sizes are flexible. It does no harm to write the TV command as above, so it is always done this way for warped images.

The notion of "upon return" is IDL shorthand for saying that these variables are *output* variables, not input variables. That is to say, then the procedure or function *returns*, these variables have valid information, but not when they are called. You need to provide a variable to capture the output, otherwise IDL has nothing to return the information in.

You can see how to use Map_Image in this article:

http://www.dfanning.com/graphics_tips/toms_tutorial.html

Cheers,

David

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David Fanning, Ph.D. Fanning Software Consulting, Inc.

Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming: http://www.dfanning.com/

Subject: Re: Map_Image()

Posted by Liberum on Sat, 21 Jan 2006 13:17:22 GMT

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Much obliged David,

A friend, Peter Albert, whose work I am continuing, informed me that the images I am trying to warp with map_image will not work. This is due to the fact that they are simple arrays and not georegistered data. Nevertheless, you have again added to my knowledge in this area. I am now working on creating lat and lon files for my arrays. There is a another program - a hybrid of Liam's and some other expert's - that will take these lat and lon vector files and do the warping. The beat goes on....

Cheers, Sheldon

Subject: Re: Map_Image()

Posted by David Fanning on Sat, 21 Jan 2006 14:06:24 GMT

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Sheldon writes:

- > A friend, Peter Albert, whose work I am continuing, informed me that
- > the images I am trying to warp with map_image will not work. This is
- > due to the fact that they are simple arrays and not georegistered data.
- > Nevertheless, you have again added to my knowledge in this area. I am
- > now working on creating lat and lon files for my arrays. There is a
- > another program a hybrid of Liam's and some other expert's that
- > will take these lat and lon vector files and do the warping. The beat
- > goes on....

You can see how I create lat/lon vectors for 2D arrays I wish to display on a map projection here:

http://www.dfanning.com/graphics_tips/toms_tutorial.html

Cheers,

David

--

David Fanning, Ph.D.
Fanning Software Consulting, Inc.
Coyote's Guide to IDL Programming: http://www.dfanning.com/

Subject: Re: Map_Image()

Posted by peter.albert@gmx.de on Mon, 23 Jan 2006 08:26:30 GMT

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If I may add in: the arrays in question here are not in regular lat / lon grid but rather in sinusoidal projection. Thus, you can't create the latitude / longitude arrays straightforward. And you can't use MAP_IMAGE but rather Liam Gumley's IMAGE_MAP or derivatives.

Cheers,

Peter